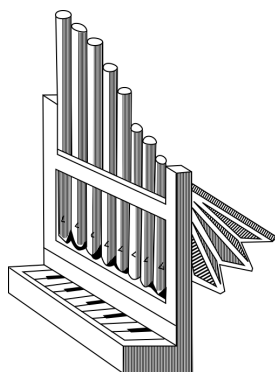

SCA Dance Fakebook

EDITED BY AARON ELKISS



ST. CECILIA PRESS

Note from the Editor

The goal of this book is to include as many tunes as possible for extant pre-1651 dances. It also includes music for dances choreographed by SCA members in a variety of styles as well as some tunes for later English Country dances and modern folk dances that are danced in the SCA.

We have provided this fakebook both as a printable PDF and as ABC files, obtainable from https://github.com/orgs/st-cecilia-press/rendance_abc. ABC is a simple format for music readable both by computers and by humans that is commonly used for folk music and dance tunes. There is also a lot of software to display, play, search, and transpose ABC files. We particularly recommend EasyABC on Mac, Linux and Windows: <http://www.nilsliberg.se/ksp/easyabc/>. There are many other software packages including for Android and iOS devices. A full list can be found at <http://abcnotation.com/software>.

We have aimed to match the key of the tune as well as the marked chords to a tune's most recent appearance in the Pennsic Pile. If it has not recently appeared in the Pennsic Pile, we have typically kept the original key in the source material and added an attempt at a reasonable harmonization.

Our belief is that all these tunes are freely usable within the SCA. Most are many hundreds of years old. However, please make your own determination before using any of this material in a non-SCA/non-educational setting. Sources of harmonizations are noted in the ABC files mentioned above.

Some of these tunes have many more chords marked than most chord players would reasonably want to play. These extra chord markings may still be useful for players improvising a bass line or for adding passing notes when playing a chordal accompaniment.

Thanks particularly to Emma Badowski for organizing this material in a previous edition of this fakebook and especially for harmonizing many of the tunes from Playford 1651 that have not previously appeared in the Pennsic Pile.

Please note that this book is *not* an official publication of the Society for Creative Anachronism.

Aaron Elkiss
27 July, 2018

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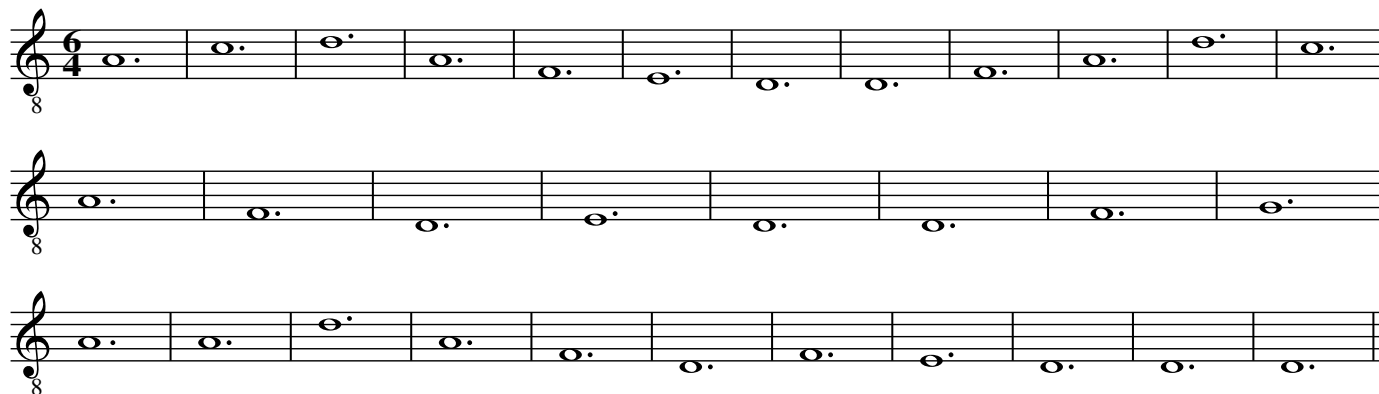
Chapter 1

Basse Danse

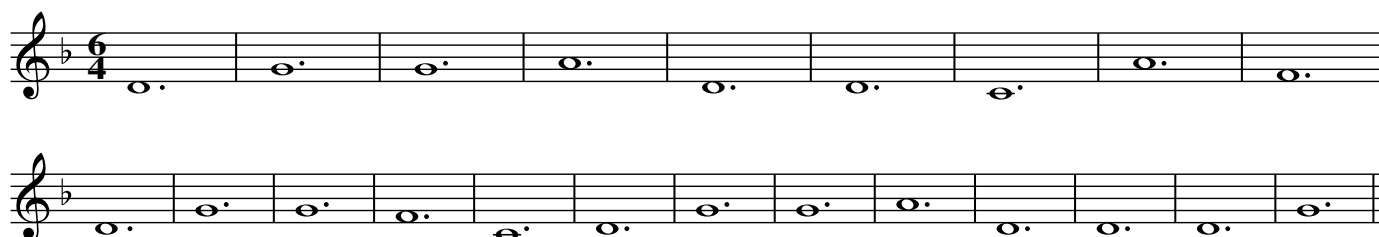
Basse danse (or bassadanza in Italian) was popular across Europe in the 15th and early 16th centuries. One of the most important sources for basse danse is Ms 9085 in the Bibliotheque Royale, Brussels (c. 1445) This manuscript gives only a slow-moving tenor, or cantus firmus, as the melody for most of the dances. Musicians normally would have improvised multipart polyphony above the tenor line. One simple way to improve a melody from the tenor line is to play it in the style of the basse dance section from “Rostiboli Gioioso”. Most of the basse dances are notated here in 6/4 time, and an appropriate tempo would be approximately dotted half note = 40-45.

These tenor lines have been derived from the MIDI files available from Russell Almond’s basse dance project:
<http://www.pbm.com/~lindahl/almond/basse/>

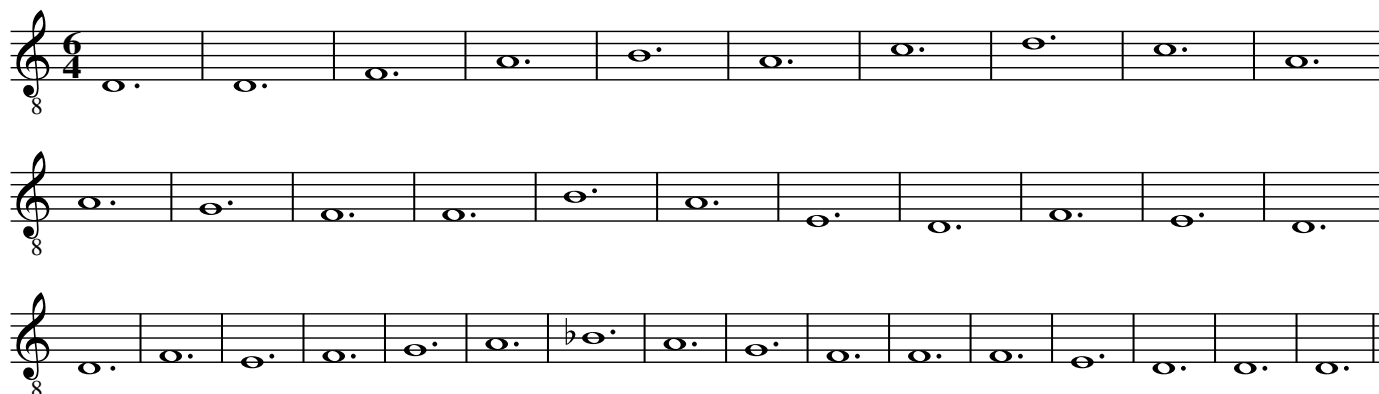
Alenchon



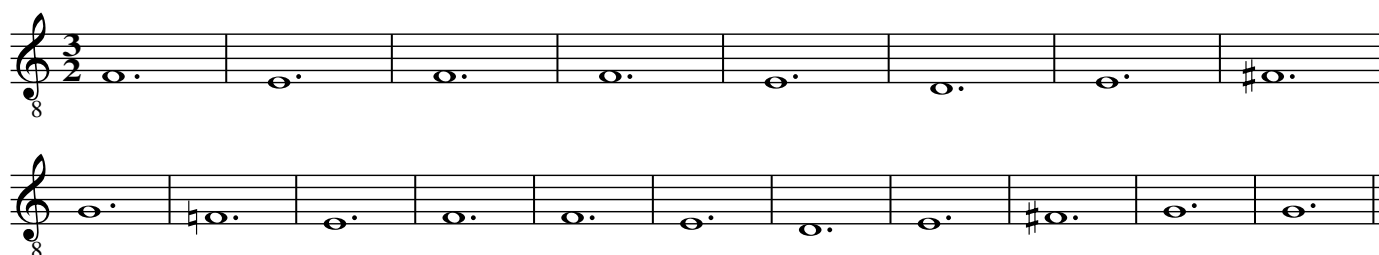
La Allemande

Paul Butler

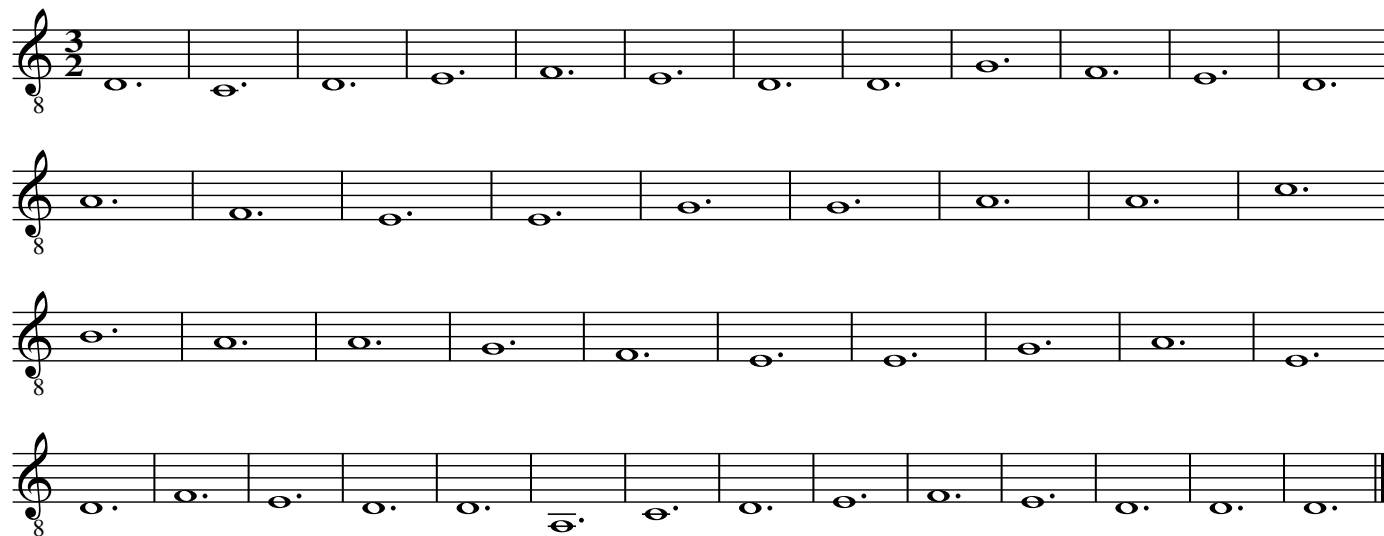
Aliot novella



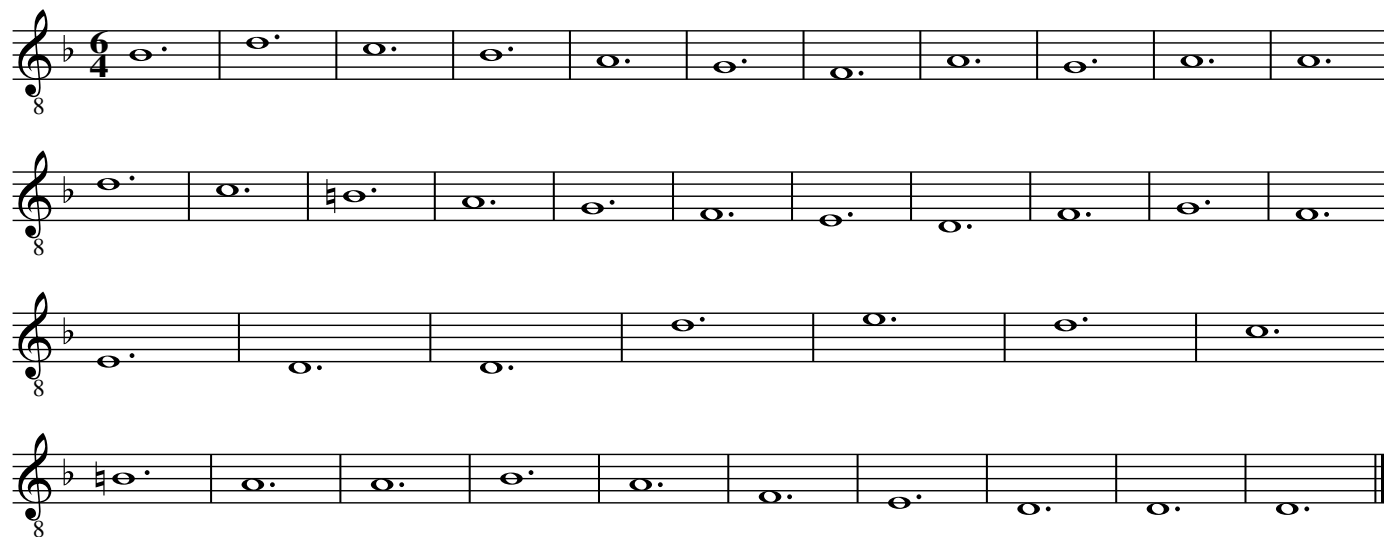
Amours



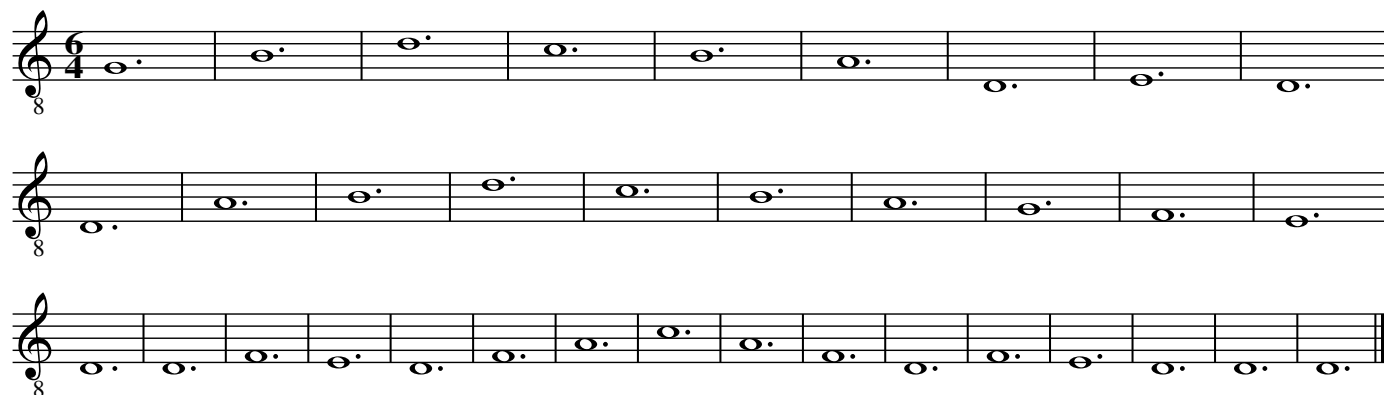
Avignon



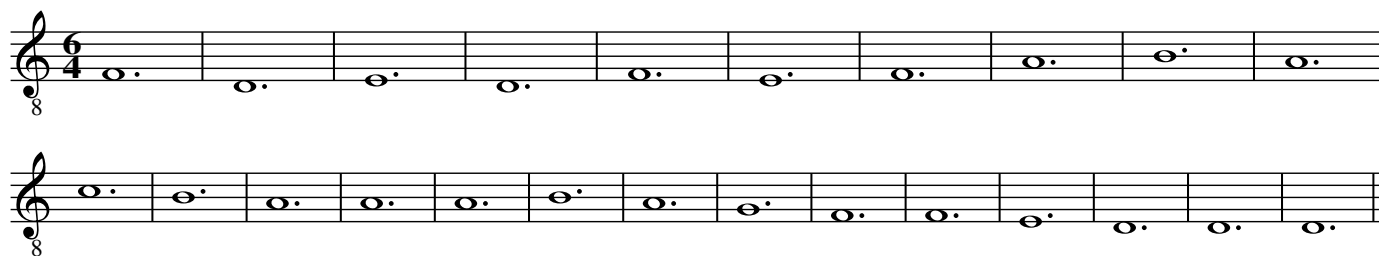
Barbesieux



Barcelonne



La basine



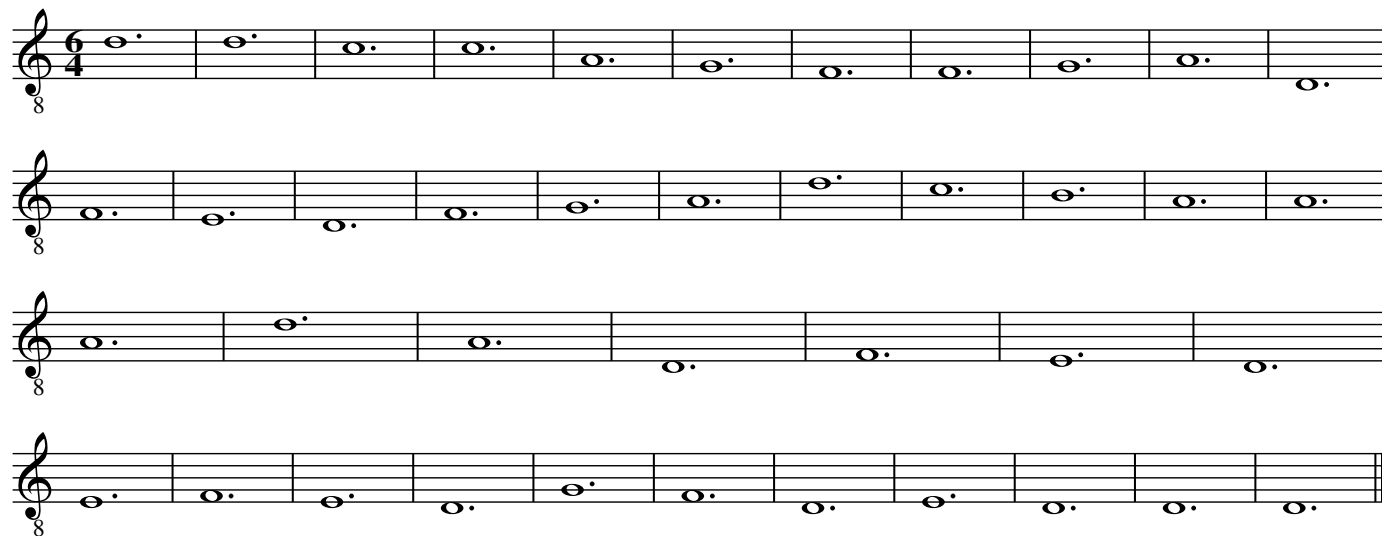
Bayonne

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Bayonne'. The first staff is in 6/8 time and contains ten measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The second staff is in 6/8 time and contains ten measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The third staff is in 6/8 time and contains ten measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation consists of half notes, quarter notes, and eighth notes. Below the notation are the following dance steps: B: R, b, ss, d, r, ss, d, d, d, ss, r, r, r, r, b, ss, d, r, b, ss, d, r, ss, d, d, r, r, r, b, ss, d, r, b, cw:.

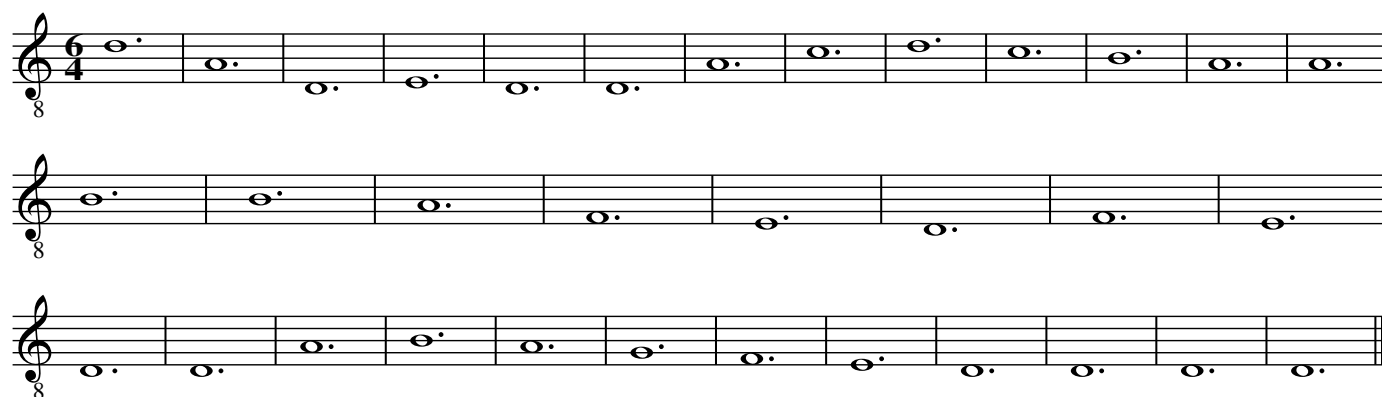
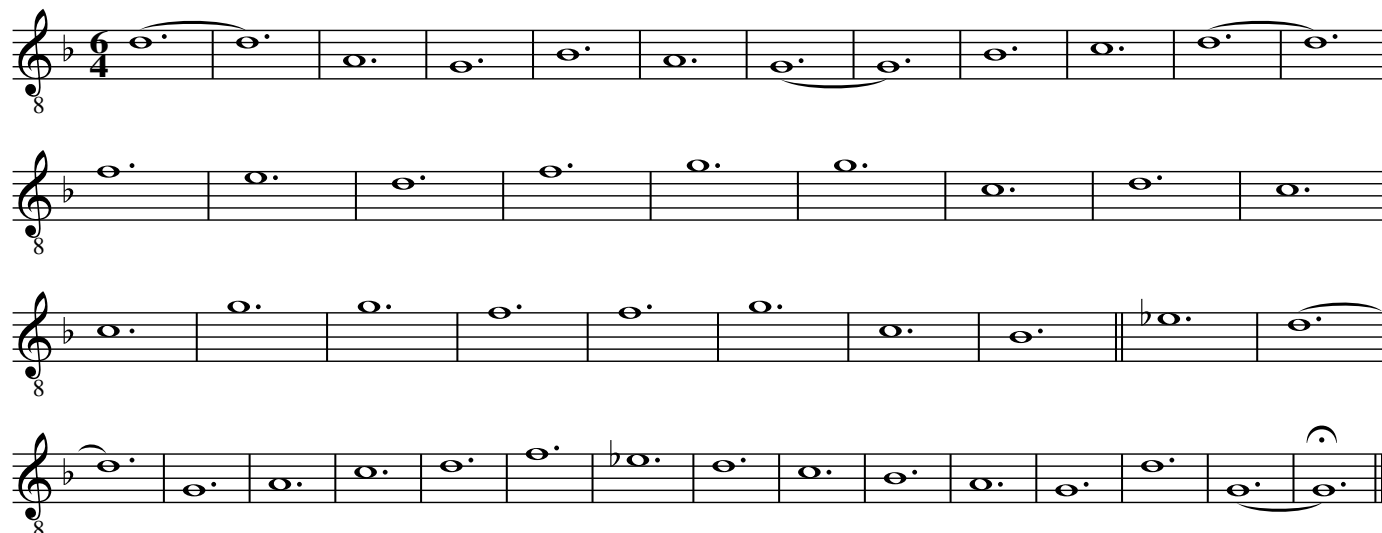
Beaulte de Castile



Beaulte



La Belle

Casuelle la Nouvelle
La Spagna

Cupido
Canzon di Pifari

Cornazano, c. 1465

The musical score consists of four staves, each beginning with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. The notation is as follows:

- Staff 1:** Contains 12 measures of music. The notes are: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), B4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F#4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), and B3 (quarter).
- Staff 2:** Contains 9 measures of music. The notes are: C5 (quarter), B4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F#4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), and B3 (quarter).
- Staff 3:** Contains 10 measures of music. The notes are: G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), B4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), B4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F#4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), and D4 (quarter).
- Staff 4:** Contains 13 measures of music. The notes are: C5 (quarter), B4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F#4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), B3 (quarter), A3 (quarter), G3 (quarter), F#3 (quarter), and E3 (quarter). The piece concludes with a double bar line.

Danse de Cleves

A



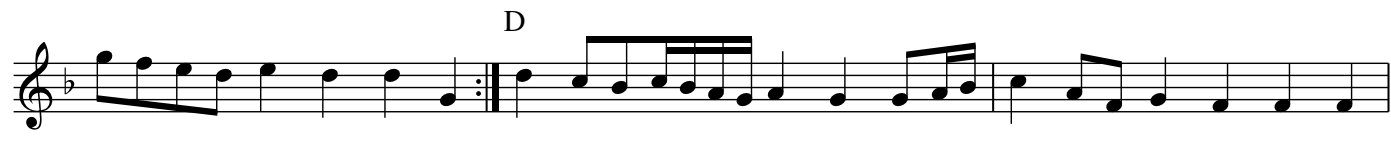
B



C



D



E

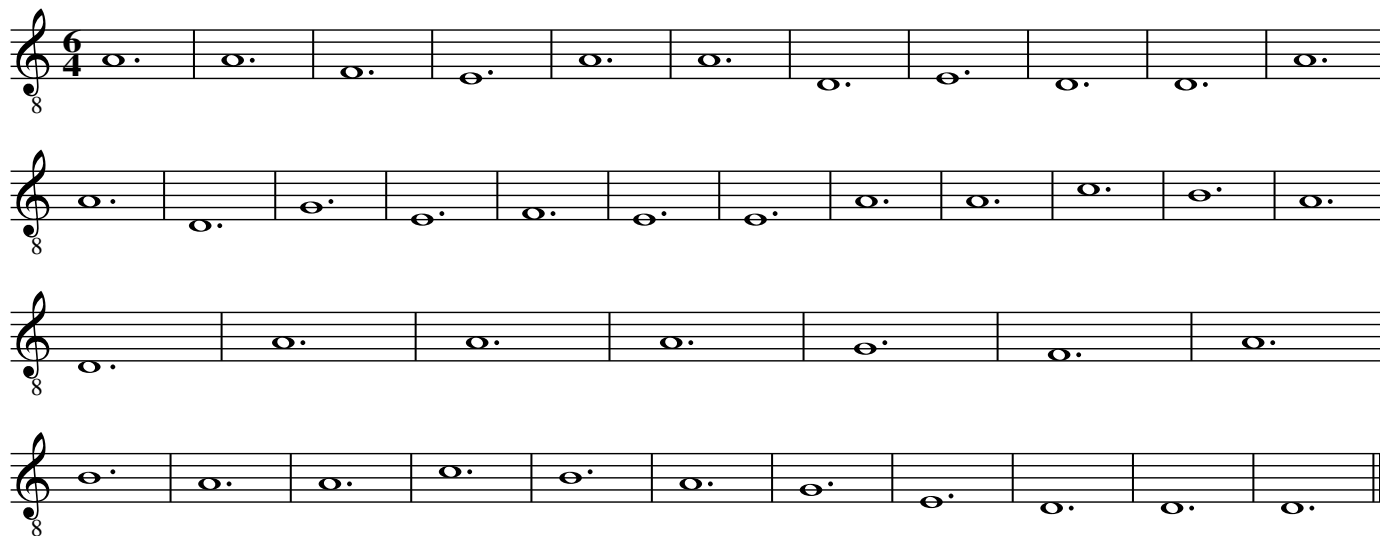


F

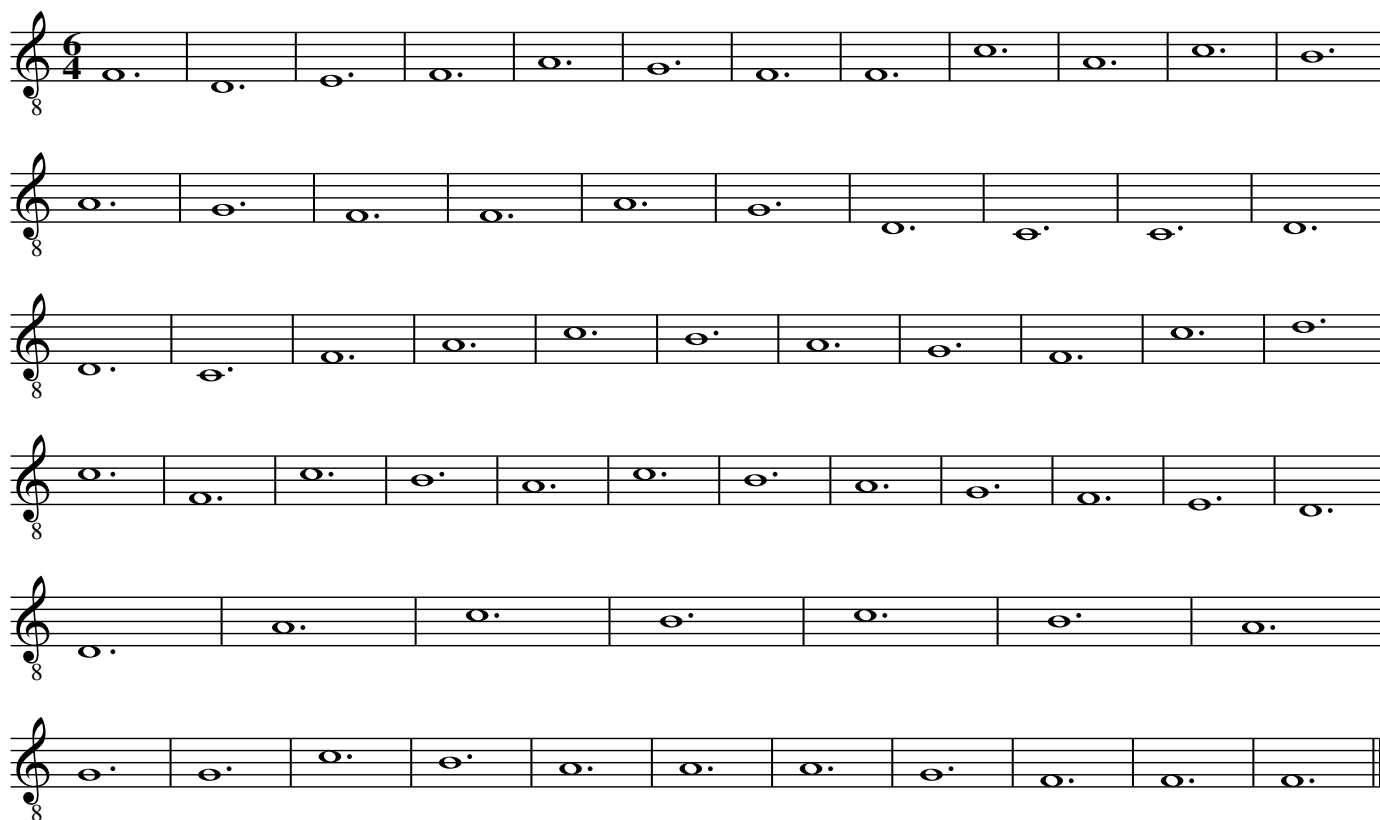


G

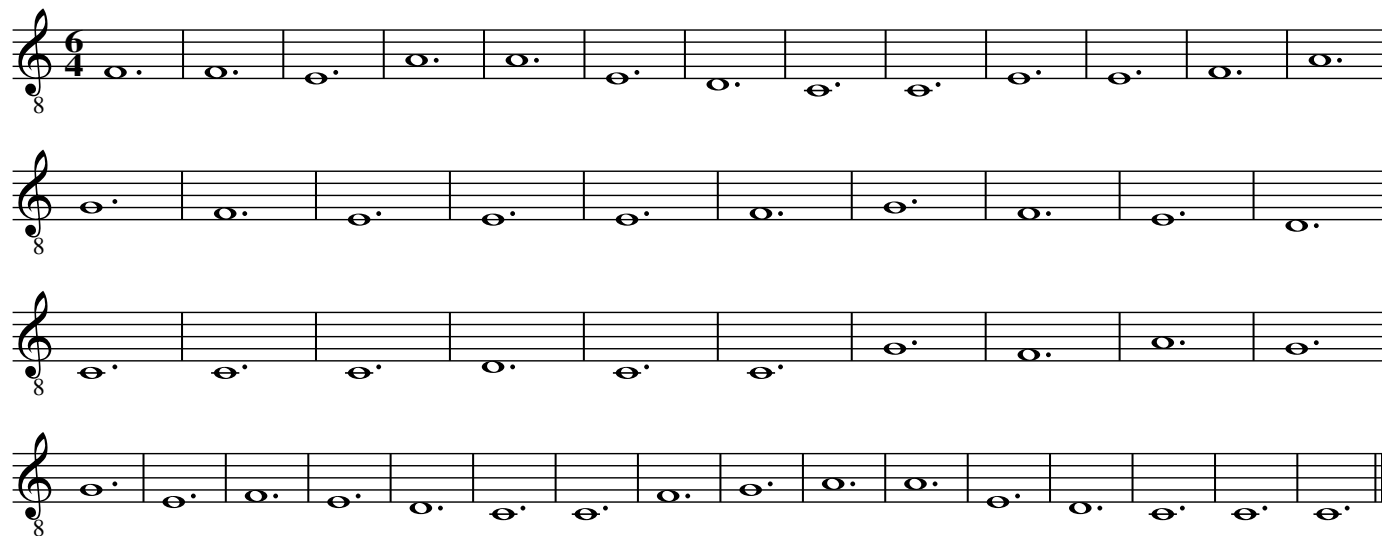
La douce amour



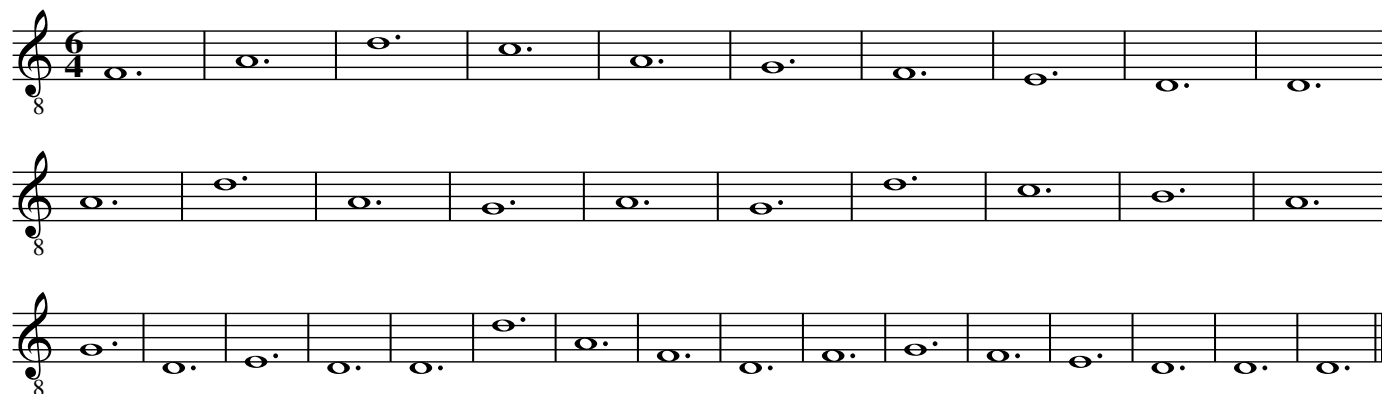
Le doulz espoir



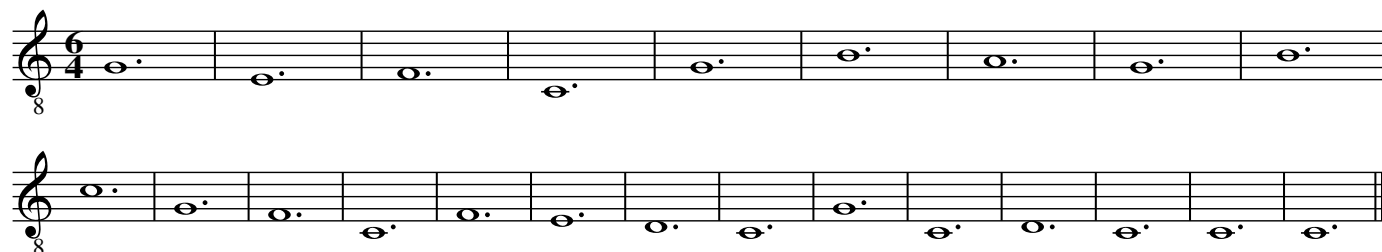
La basse danse du roy



Engoulesme



Le Joyeux espoir



Filles a marier

The musical notation for 'Filles a marier' is written in 4/4 time across three staves. Each staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature of 8 (representing 4/4). The melody consists of half notes. The first staff contains 12 measures, the second staff contains 8 measures, and the third staff contains 12 measures, ending with a double bar line.

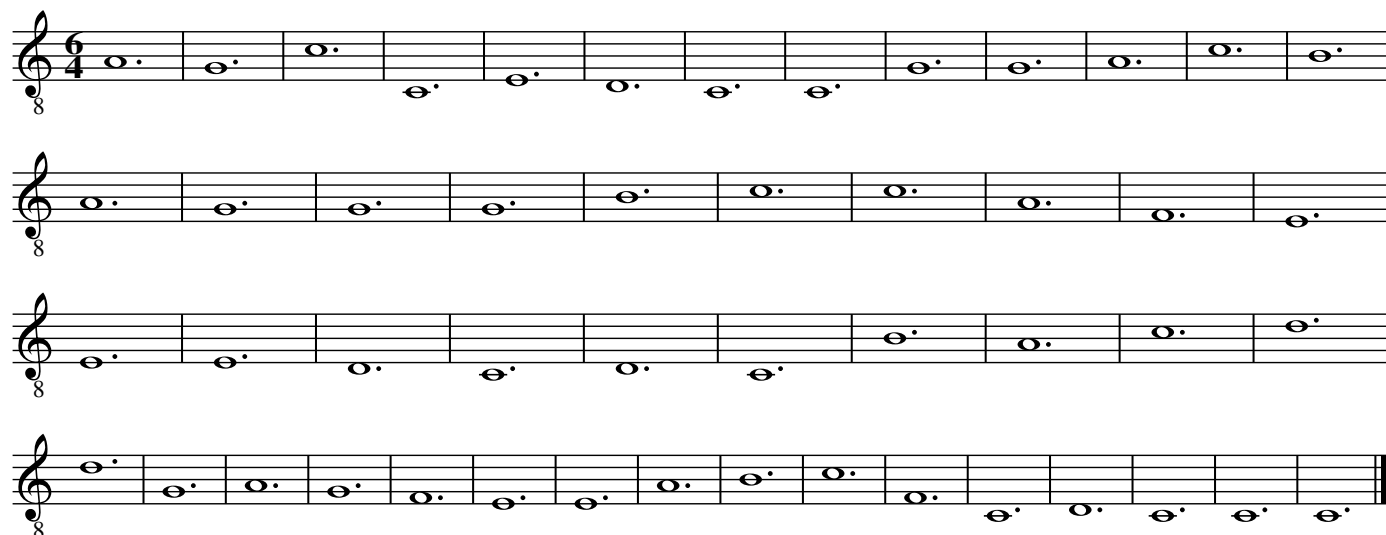
Florentine

The musical notation for 'Florentine' is written in 3/2 time across four staves. Each staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp), and a common time signature of 8 (representing 3/2). The melody consists of half notes. The first staff contains 12 measures, the second staff contains 8 measures, the third staff contains 8 measures, and the fourth staff contains 12 measures, ending with a double bar line.

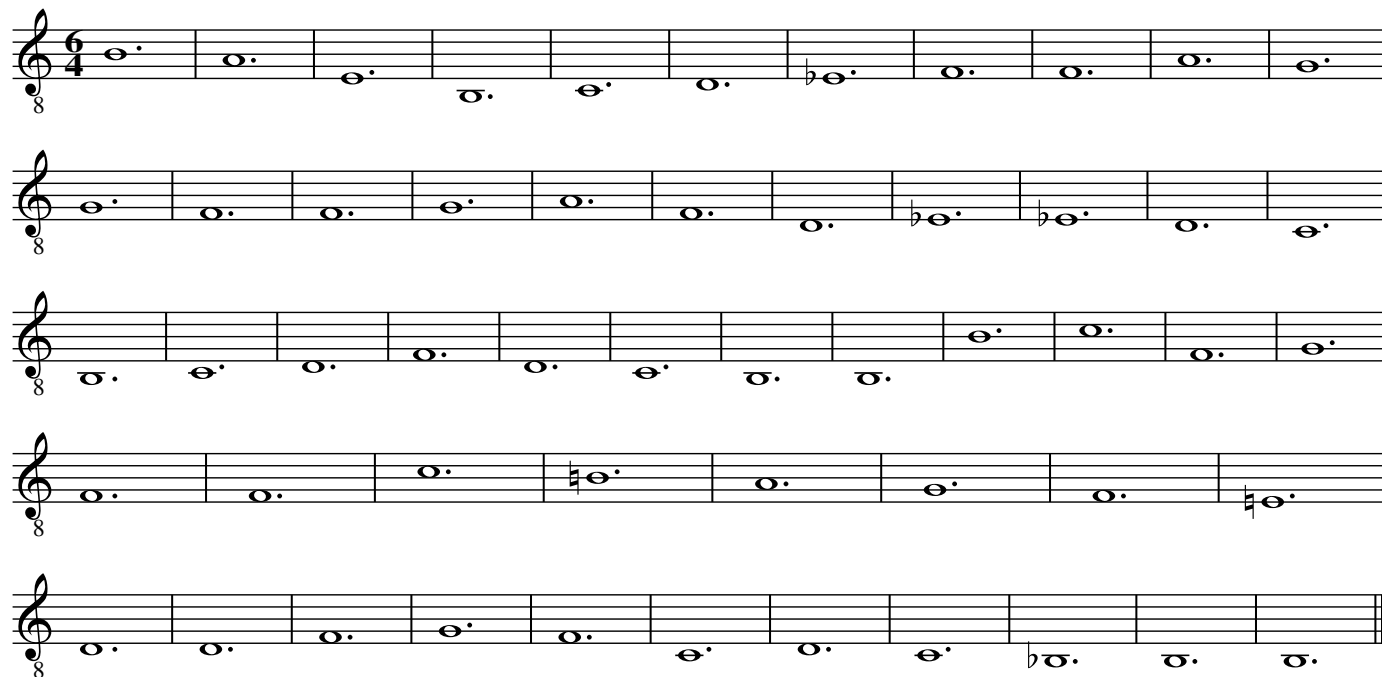
Franchoise nouvelle



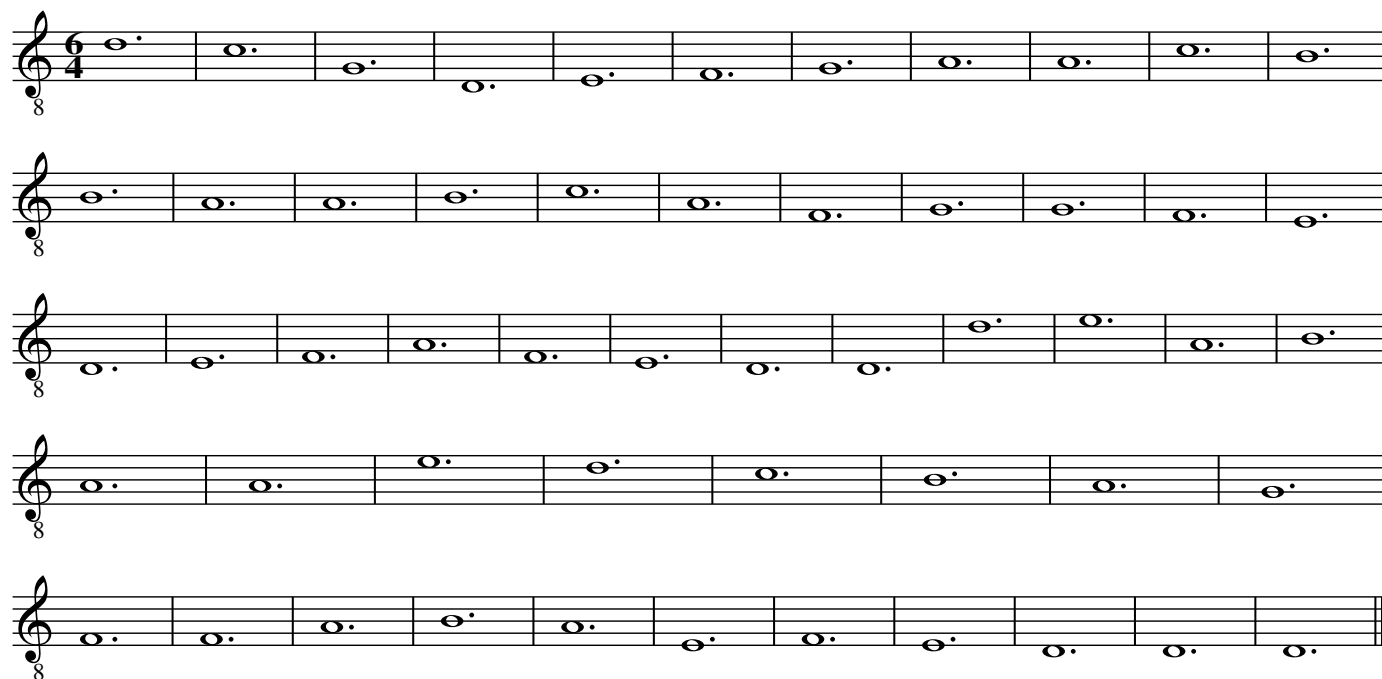
Le grant Rouen



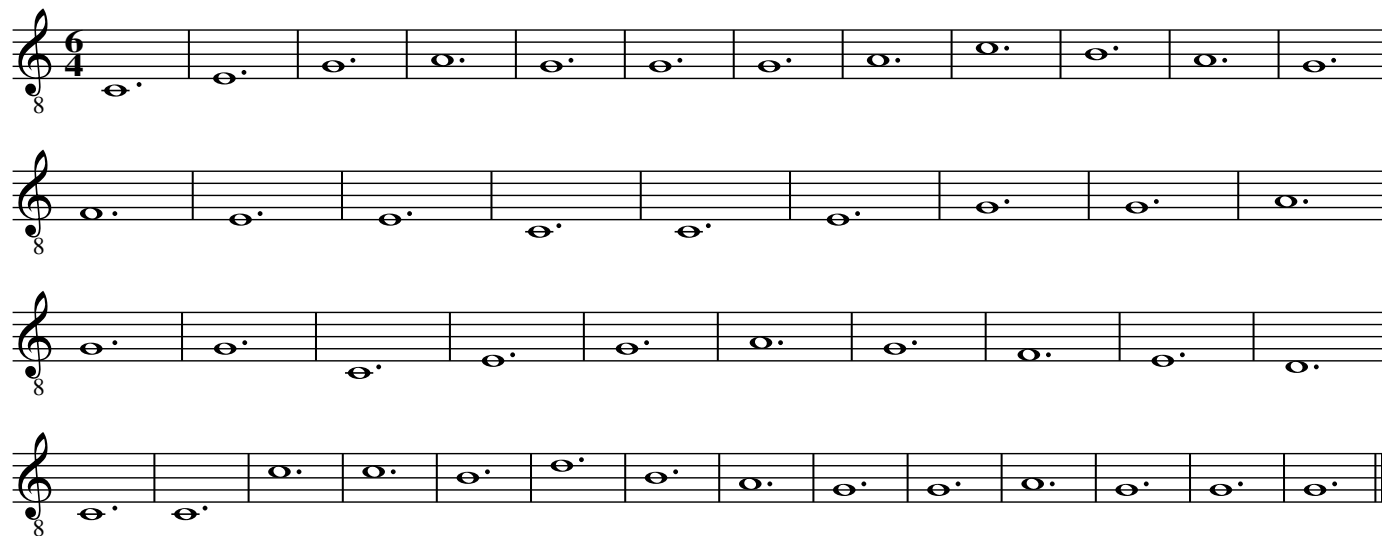
La haulte Borgogne (Lydian)



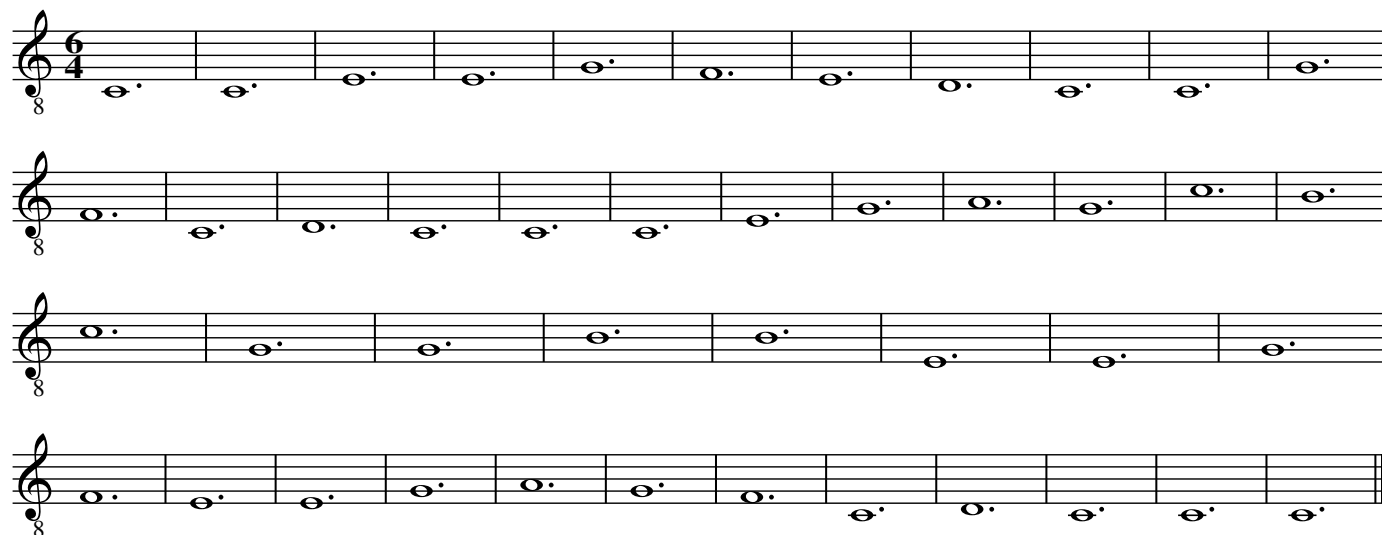
La haulte Borgogne (Dorian)



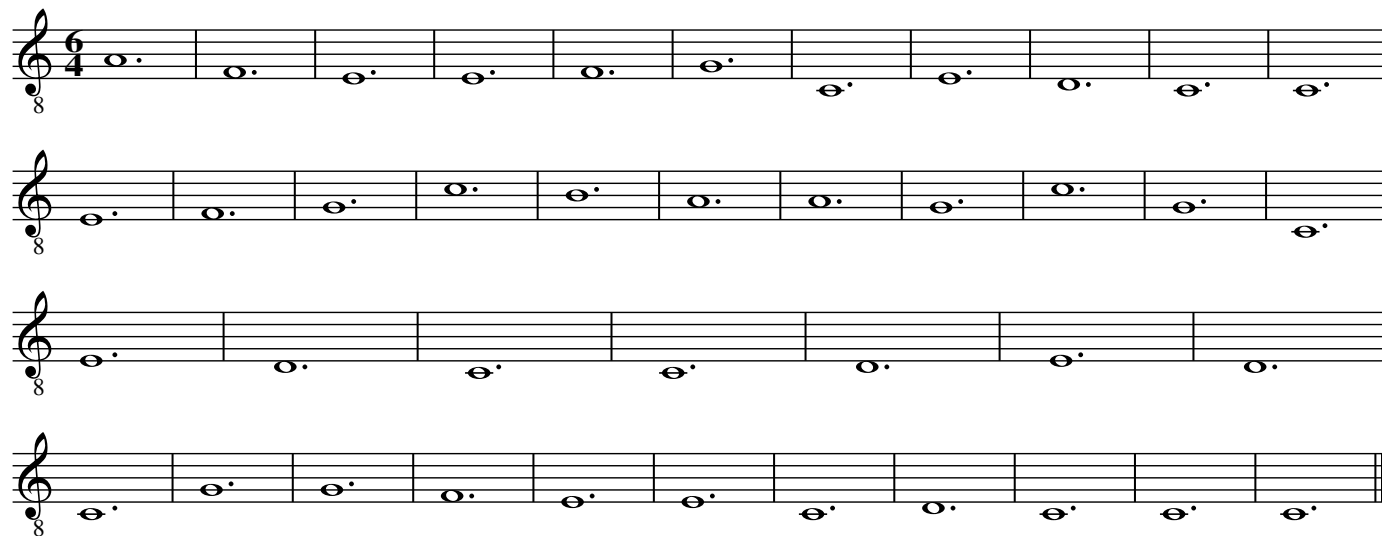
Je languis



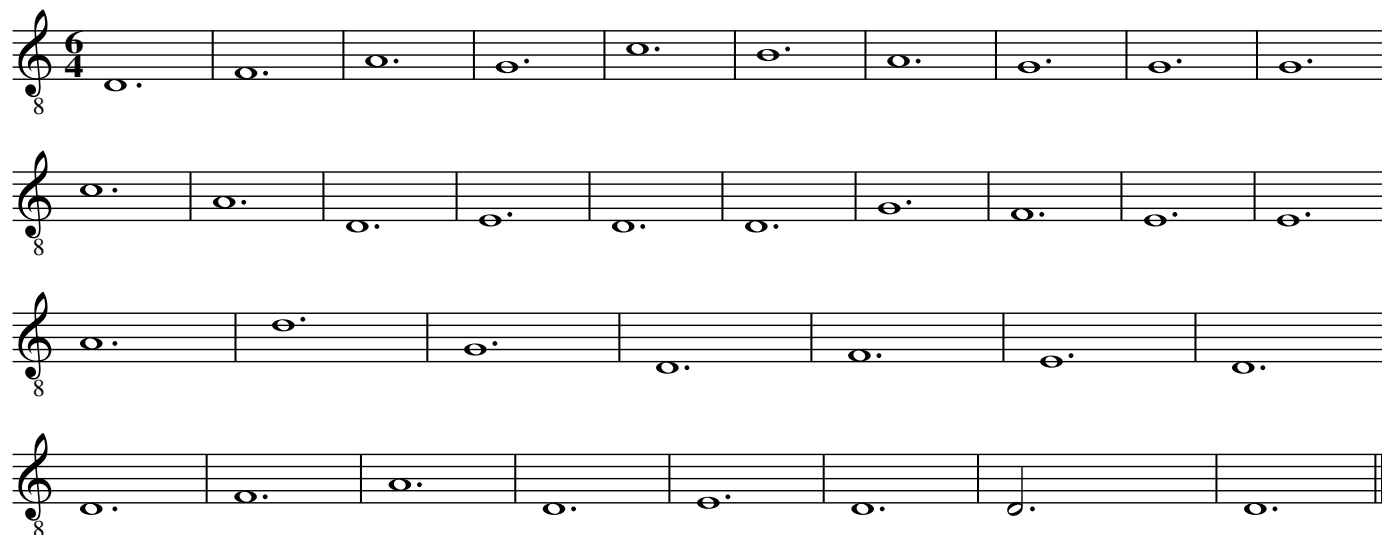
Je sui povere de leessee



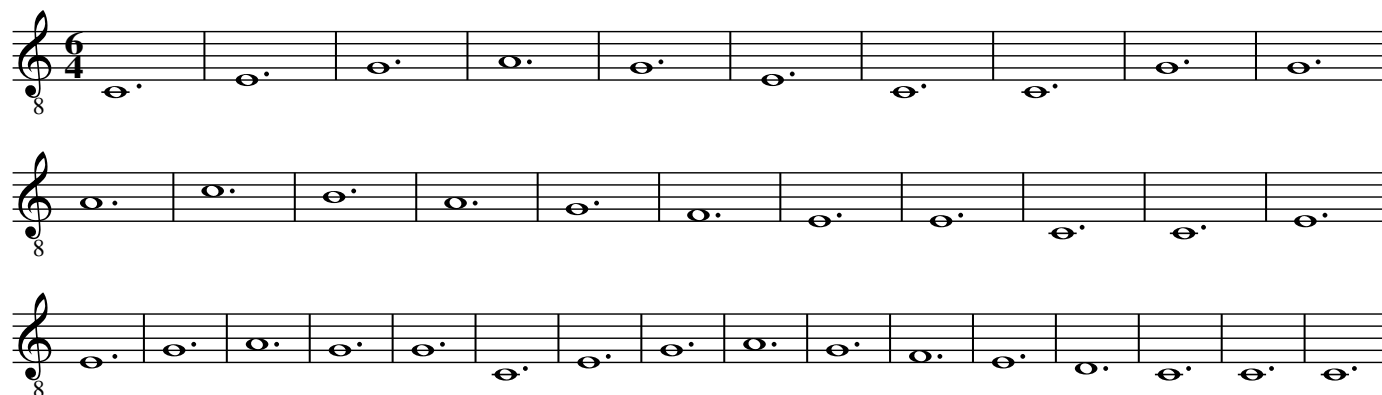
Joieusement



Le joieux de Brucelles



Languir en mille destresse

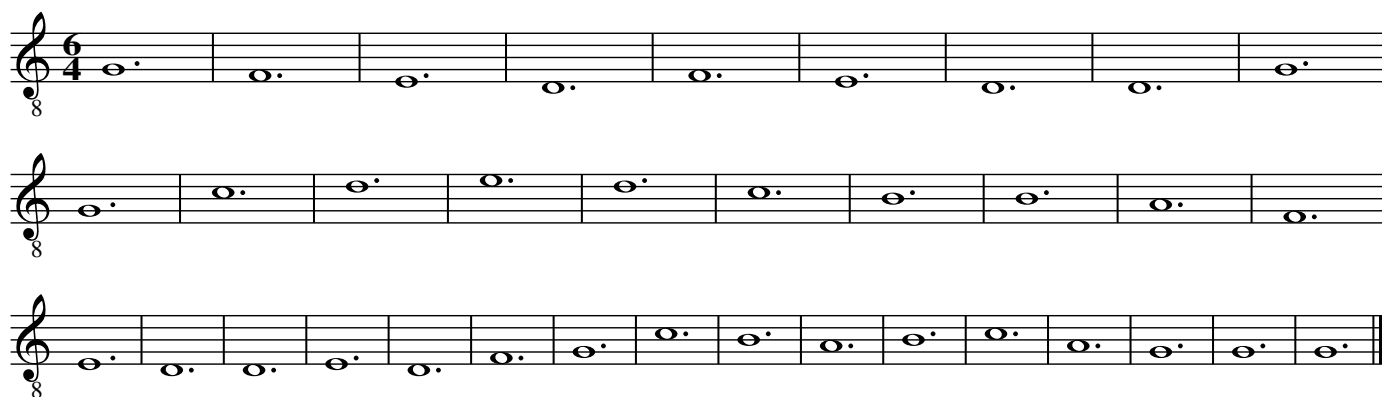


Lauro
Re di Spagna

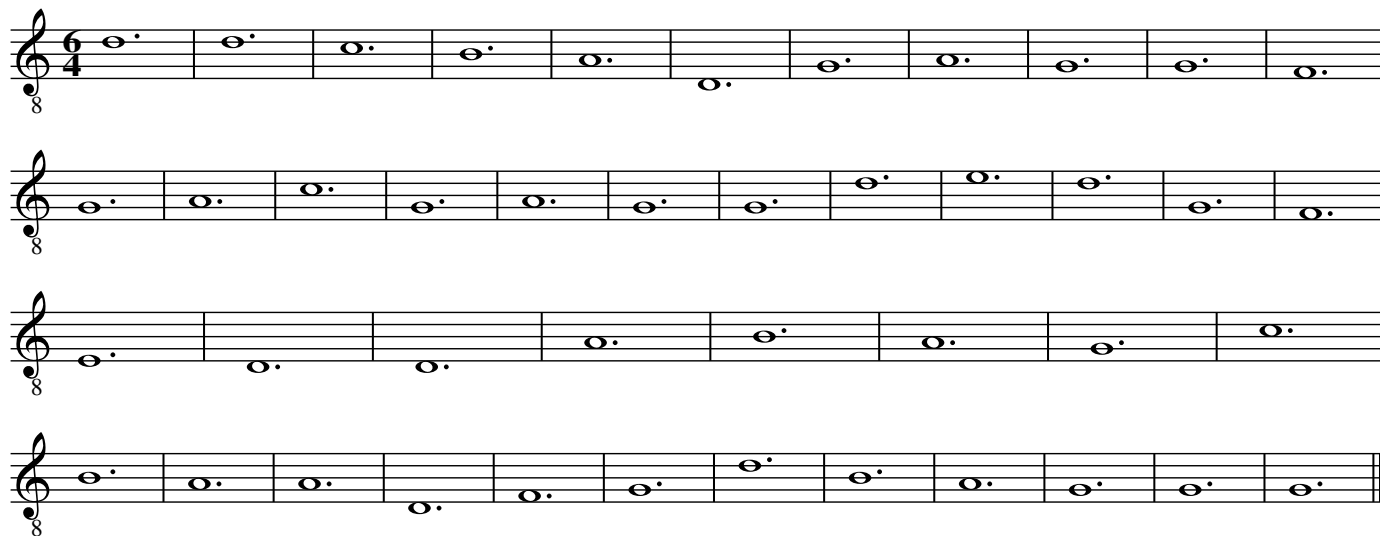
Vatican, Cap. 283



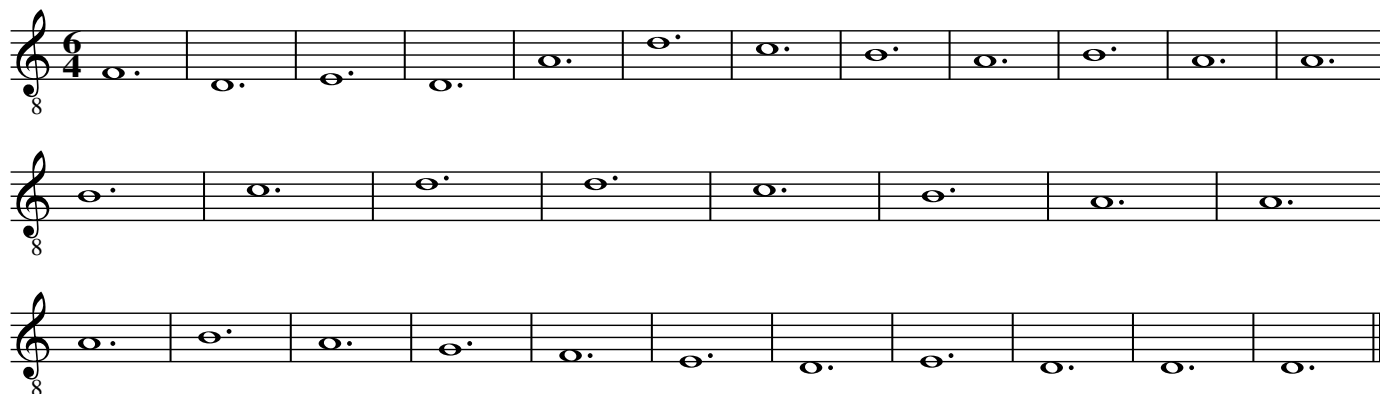
Lyron



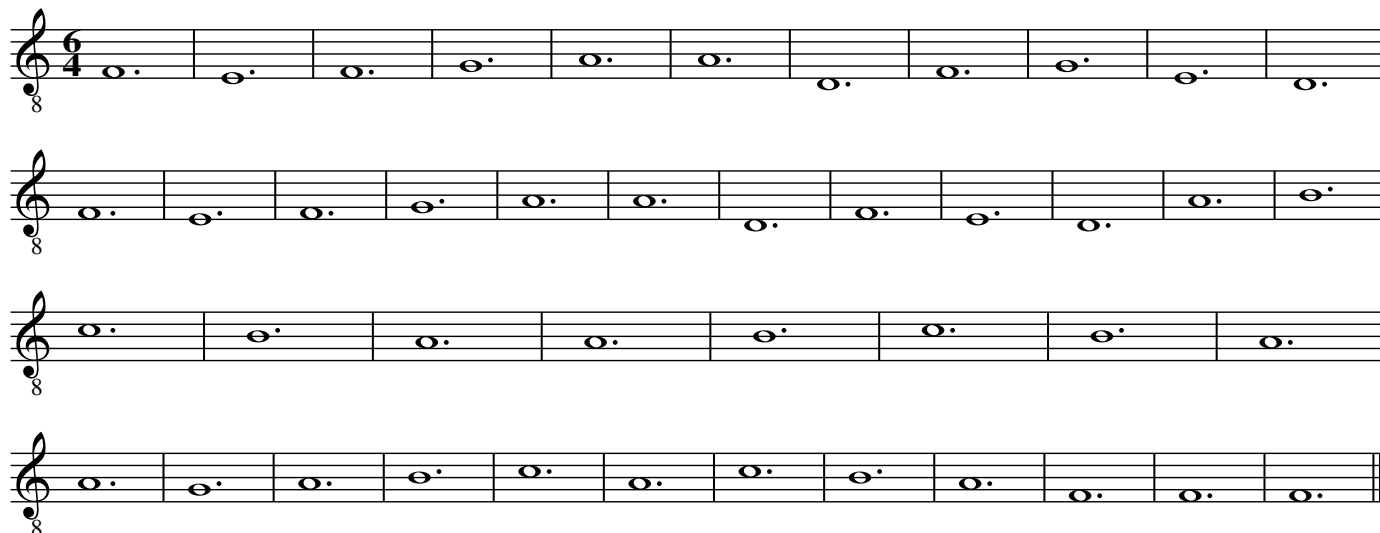
Maistresse



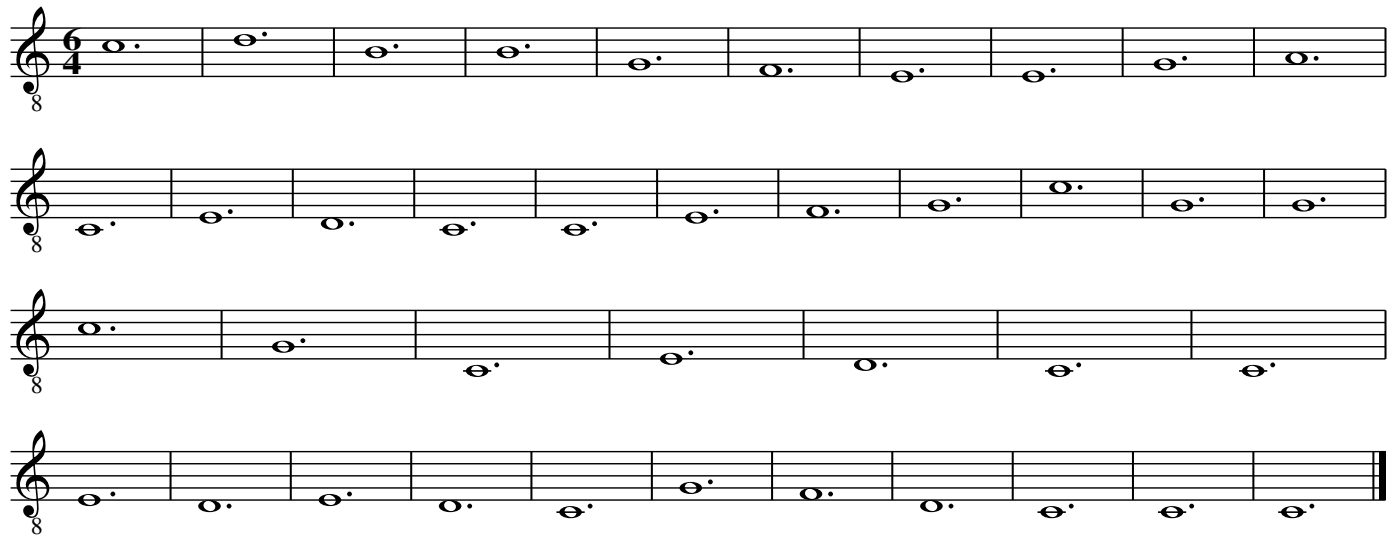
M'amour



Marchon la dureau

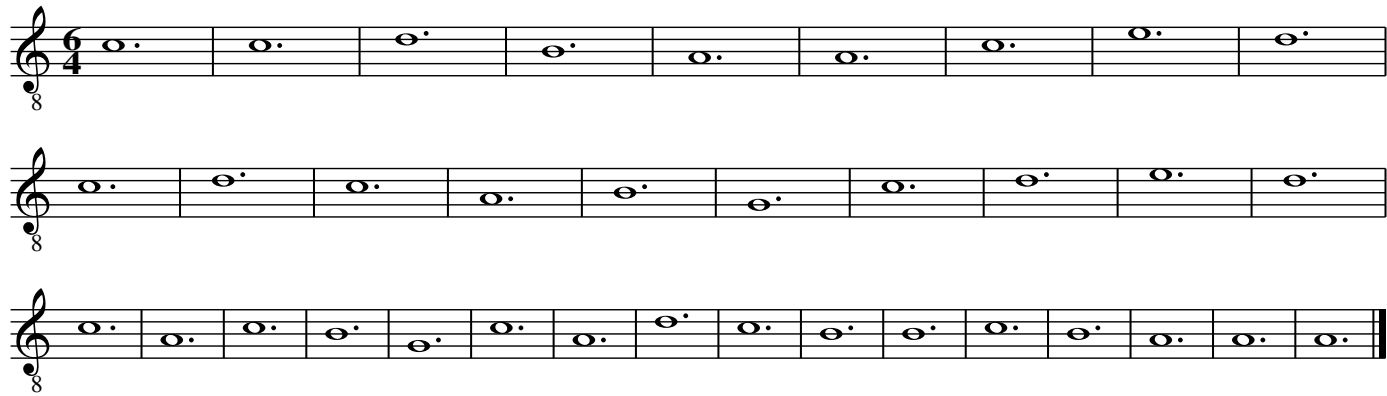


La Margaritte



Four staves of musical notation for the dance 'La Margaritte'. The first staff is in 4/4 time and contains ten measures of music, each with a single eighth note. The second staff contains ten measures, each with a single eighth note. The third staff contains seven measures, each with a single eighth note. The fourth staff contains ten measures, each with a single eighth note, and ends with a double bar line.

Le mois de may



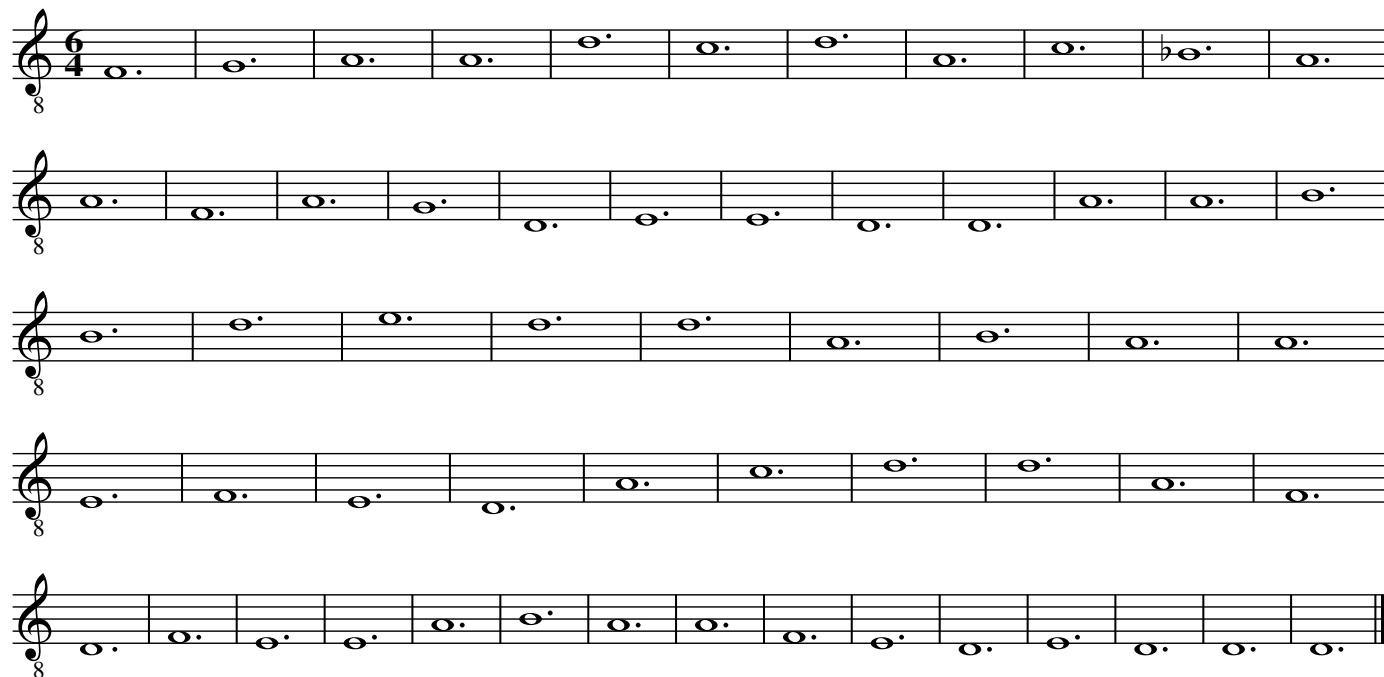
Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Le mois de may'. The first staff is in 4/4 time and contains ten measures of music, each with a single eighth note. The second staff contains ten measures, each with a single eighth note. The third staff contains fifteen measures, each with a single eighth note, and ends with a double bar line.

Mon Cousin, je me recommande

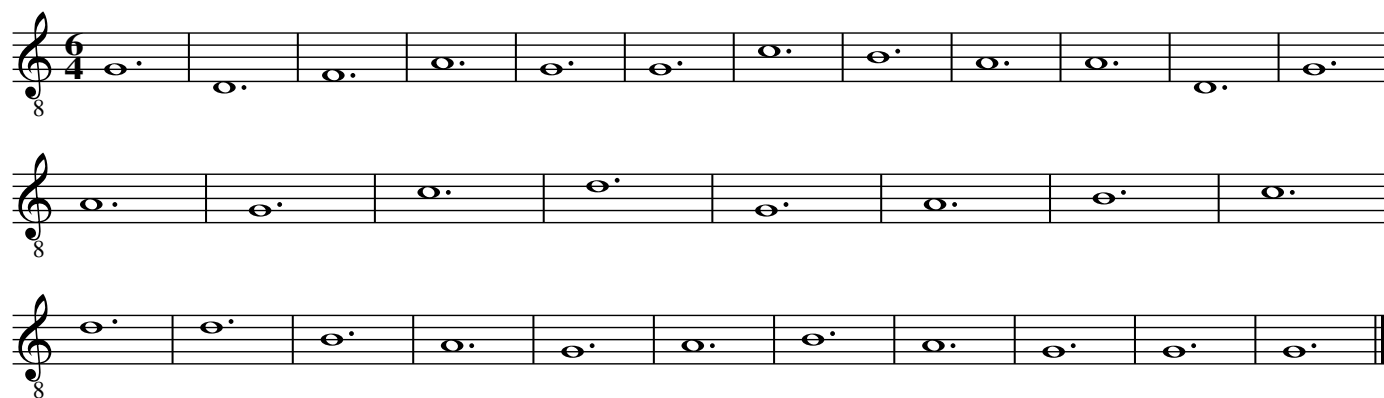


One staff of musical notation for the dance 'Mon Cousin, je me recommande'. The staff is in 3/2 time and contains ten measures of music, each with a single eighth note, and ends with a double bar line.

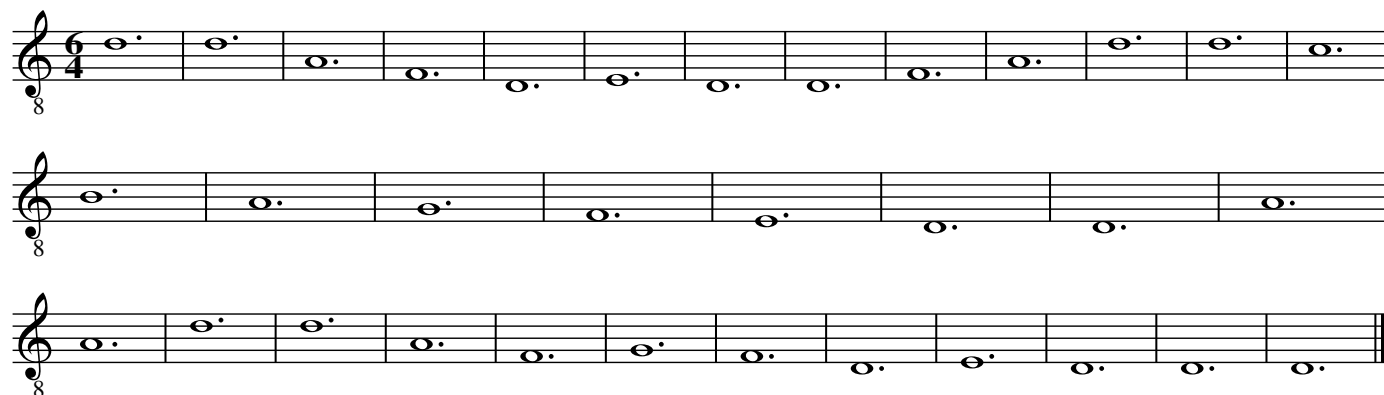
Mon leal desire



Ma meiulx ammee



La navaroise



La non pareille

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'La non pareille'. The first staff contains 12 measures of music, the second 8 measures, and the third 12 measures. The notation consists of eighth notes and rests on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat).

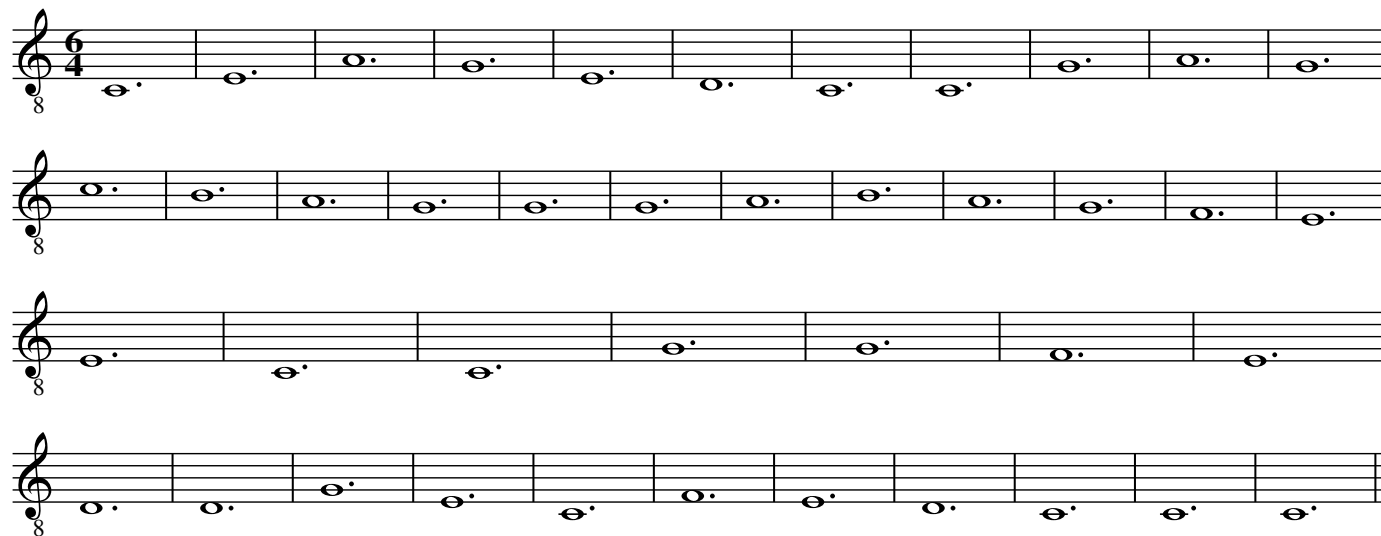
Orleans

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Orleans'. The first staff contains 10 measures of music, the second 10 measures, and the third 16 measures. The notation consists of eighth notes and rests on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). Below the notes are the following lyrics: B,T: R b ss d d d d d ss r, r r b ss d d d r r r b, ss d ss r r r b ss d d d r r r b c.

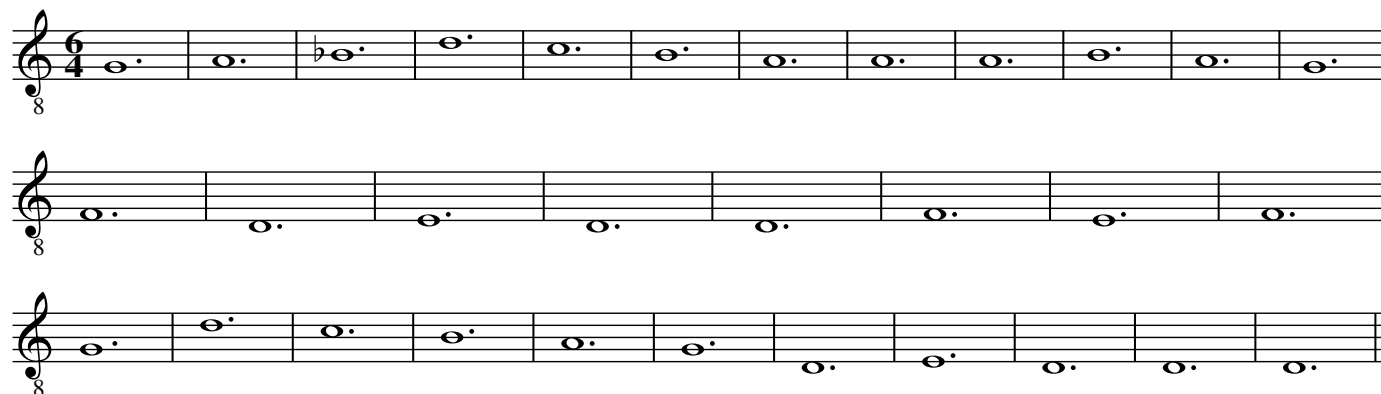
Passe rose

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Passe rose'. The first staff contains 10 measures of music, the second 7 measures, and the third 10 measures. The notation consists of eighth notes and rests on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat).

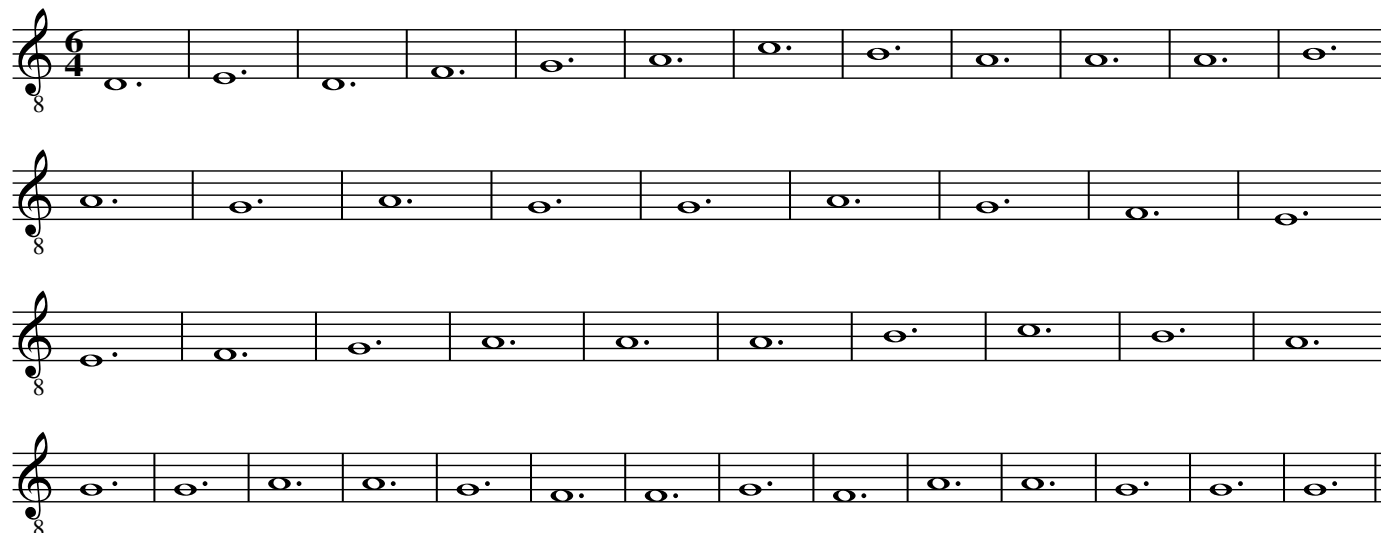
Le petit rouen



La portingaloise



La potevine



La Rochelle

8

B: R
T: R

b ss d d d ss r r

b ss d r r r b ss d

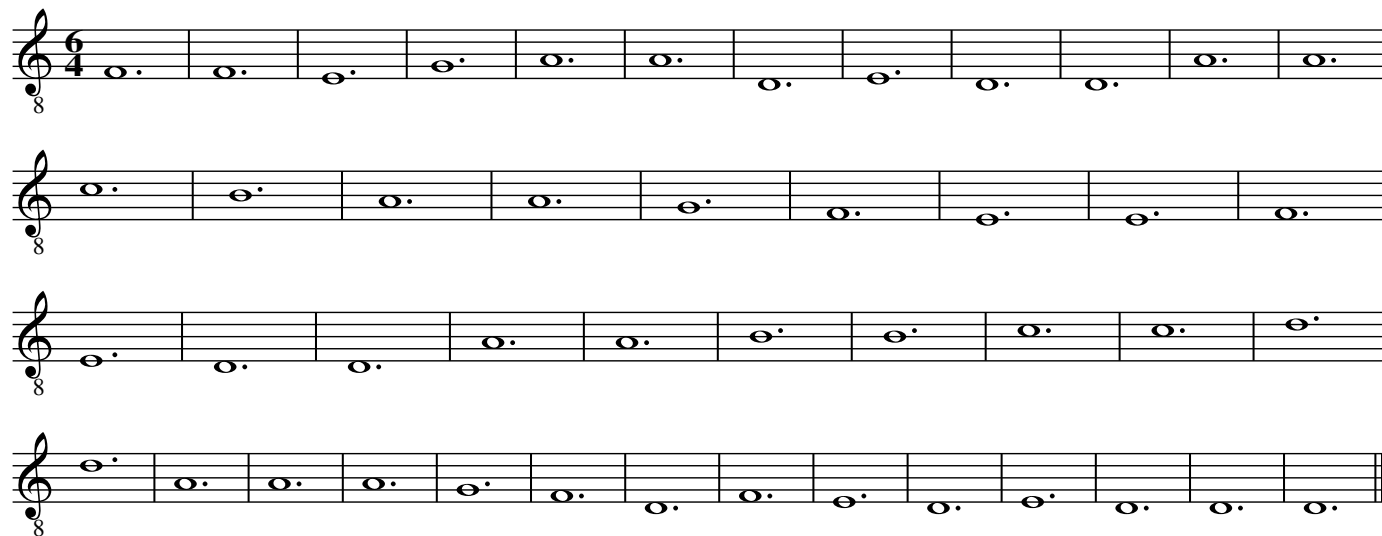
d d ss r r r b ss d ss r r r b c

b ss d ss r r r b c

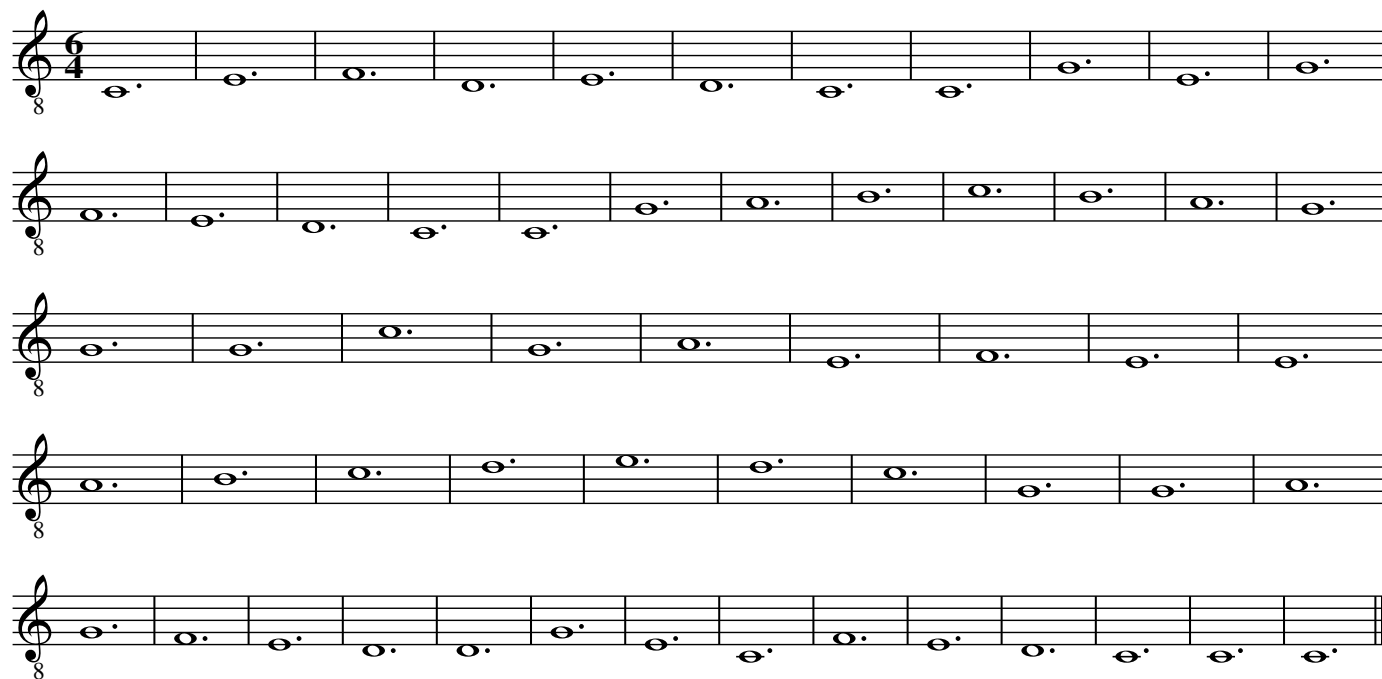
Le petit roysin

8

Le Basse Danse du roy d'Espaingne



Sans fair de vous departe



Ma souverayne

Ma souverayne

The first staff contains ten measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains ten measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The third staff contains seven measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4. The fourth staff contains ten measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.

La tantaine

La tantaine

The first staff contains ten measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The second staff contains ten measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4. The third staff contains ten measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4.

B,T: R b ss d d d d d ss r

r r b ss d d d r r r b

ss d ss r r r b ss d d d r r r b c

Theme A

Faugues, Missa la basse dance

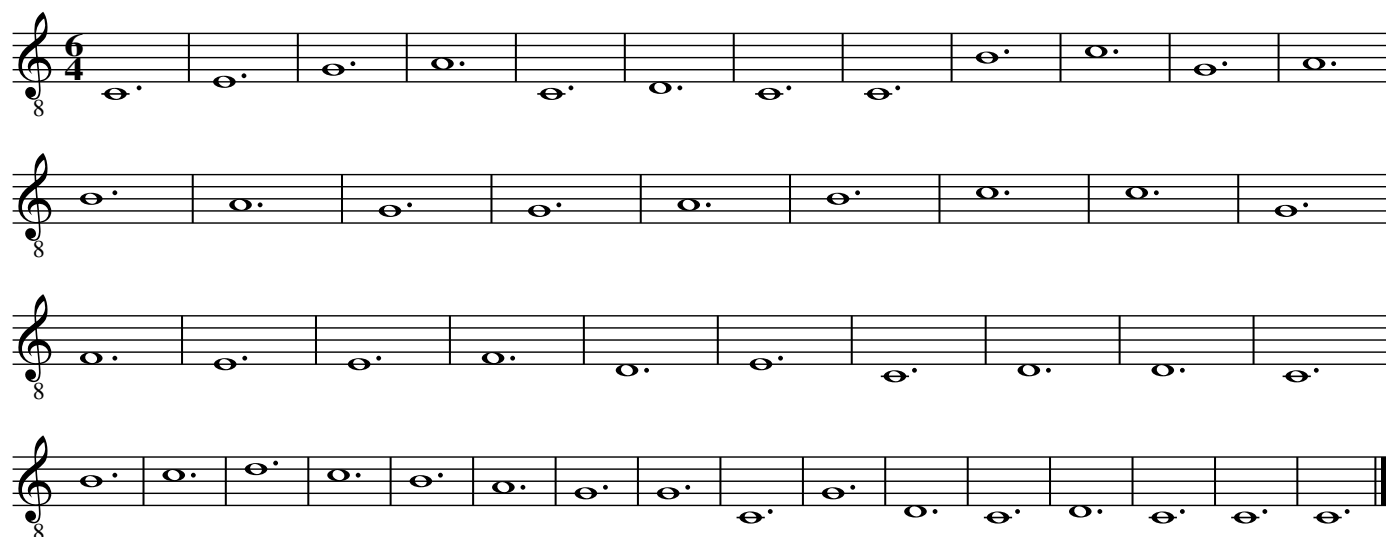
Theme A

The first staff contains eight measures of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4. The second staff contains eight measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4. The third staff contains eight measures: G4, A4, B4, C5, B4, A4, G4, F#4.

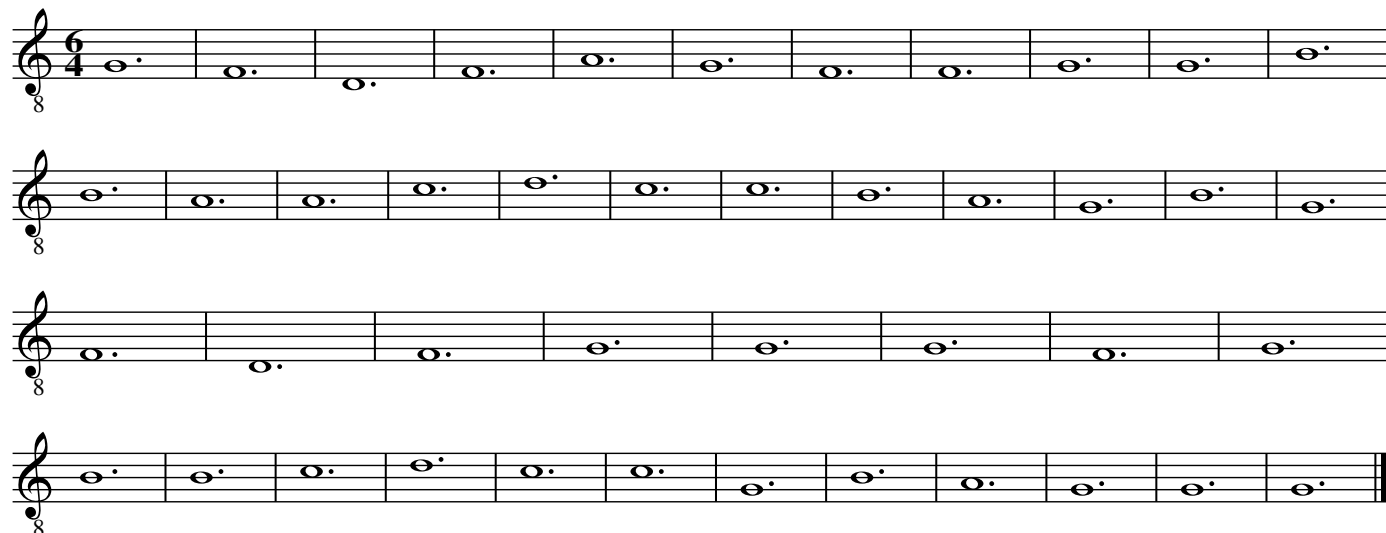
Theme B

Faugues, Missa la basse dance

Torin



Triste plaiser



Ulises

Three staves of musical notation for the piece 'Ulises'. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 4/4 time signature. The melody consists of a series of half notes: G4, A4, Bb4, C5, Bb4, A4, G4, F4, E4. The second staff continues the melody with half notes: D4, C4, Bb3, A3, G3, F3, E3, D3, C3, Bb2. The third staff concludes the piece with half notes: A2, G2, F2, E2, D2, C2, Bb1, A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1, Bb0, A0, ending with a double bar line.

Une fois avant que morir

Four staves of musical notation for the piece 'Une fois avant que morir'. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 4/4 time signature. The melody consists of a series of half notes: G4, A4, Bb4, C5, Bb4, A4, G4, F4, E4, D4, C4, Bb3. The second staff continues with half notes: A3, G3, F3, E3, D3, C3, Bb2, A2, G2, F2, E2, D2. The third staff continues with half notes: C2, Bb1, A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1, Bb0, A0, ending with a double bar line. The fourth staff continues with half notes: G0, F0, E0, D0, C0, Bb-1, A-1, G-1, F-1, E-1, D-1, C-1, Bb-2, A-2, ending with a double bar line.

Venise

The musical notation for 'Venise' consists of five staves, each containing 12 measures of music. The notation is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The notes are half notes, and the melody is simple and repetitive, typical of a dance tune. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The second staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff starts with a treble clef. The fourth staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Verdelete

The musical notation for 'Verdelete' consists of four staves, each containing 12 measures of music. The notation is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The notes are half notes, and the melody is simple and repetitive, typical of a dance tune. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The second staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff starts with a treble clef. The fourth staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Chapter 2

15th Century Italian Dances

The primary sources for 15th Century Italian dance are manuscripts from the mid- to late 15th century containing dances by (among others) the dancing masters Domenico da Piacenza (c. 1400-1470) and his student Guglielmo Ebreo (c. 1420-1848) (also known as Giovanni Ambrosio after his conversion from Judaism to Catholicism).

15th century Italian dance is somewhat unusual in that dances often change between “tempi”, which are marked in each dance. The various tempi are transcribed as:

- Bassadanza: 6/4
- Quadernaria: 4/4
- Saltarello: 6/8 or occasionally 3/4
- Piva: 2/4 or 6/8

As a rough guide for tempo, keeping a constant tempo of approximately quarter note = 120 (or dotted quarter = 120 for 6/8 piva sections) regardless of the various tempi should work for many of the dances.

(See *Joy and Jealousy* by Vivian Stephens and Monica Cellio for additional information; it is available online at <http://sca.uwaterloo.ca/~praetzel/Joy-J-book/>).

Amoroso

Play two times through

Giovanni Ambrosio (Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro), c. 1475 (PnA)

A (3x)
Drone:D/A
Piva

B

C

D

Anello

Play two times through

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:F/C
Quaternaria

B

C

D

E

Belfiore

Play three times through

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)

Drone:G/D
Quadernaria

B (3x)

Measures 1-16 of the Belfiore piece. The notation is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff (measures 1-8) is in common time (C) and includes a drone of G/D. The second staff (measures 9-16) includes measures in 3/2, common time, and 2/4. Rehearsal marks A, B, C, D, E, and F are placed above the staves at measures 1, 9, 10, 12, 14, and 15 respectively. Some measures are marked with a (3) indicating a triplet.

Belreguardo

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (2x or 3x)

Saltarello

Measures 1-20 of the Belreguardo piece. The notation is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (Bb). The first staff (measures 1-8) is in 6/8 time. The second staff (measures 9-12) is in 6/8 time and includes a rehearsal mark B. The third staff (measures 13-16) is in 6/8 time. The fourth staff (measures 17-20) is in 6/8 time and includes a rehearsal mark C. The fifth staff (measures 21-24) is in 6/8 time and includes a rehearsal mark D. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Chirintana

AABB; repeat CCDD until done

Al Cofrin

A
Drone:E/B
Quadernaria



B



Rhythm Interlude - Pivas



C
Pivas ad nauseum



D



D.S.



Chirintana

T' Andernaken / Laet Ons Mit Hartzen

AABB; repeat C until done

Emma Badowski, based on anonymous 15th C. Dutch melodies

A
Drone:D/A
Quaternaria



B

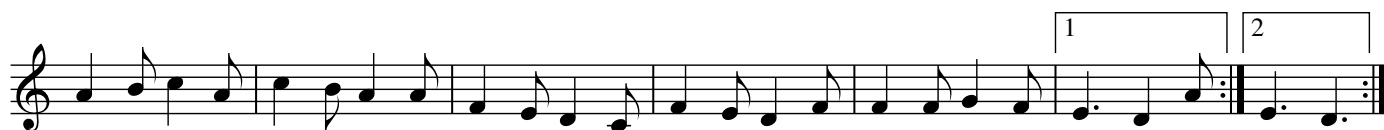


1

2

C

Piva



Colonesse

Play two times through

Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro, 1463 (PnG)

A
Drone:F/C
Saltarello

B (3x)
Bassadanza

(3)

C
Piva

D
Quadernaria

Figlia di Guielmina

Intro:A; AABCDE x 2

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A
Drone:D/A
Quadernaria

B Bassadanza

C

D Quadernaria

E Piva

Gelosia

Play three times through

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone: G/D
Quadernaria

B
(3)

C

D

E

F (3x)

G
(3)

Gratiosa

Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro, 1463 (PnG)

A
Drone: G/D
Quadernaria

B

C
Bassadanza

D
Piva

Ingrata

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A
Drone:F/C
Saltarello

B
Quaternaria

C
Saltarello

D
Bassadanza

E

F

G (3x)
Piva

H

Jupiter (Giove)

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A
Drone:C/G
Quadernaria

Bassadanza

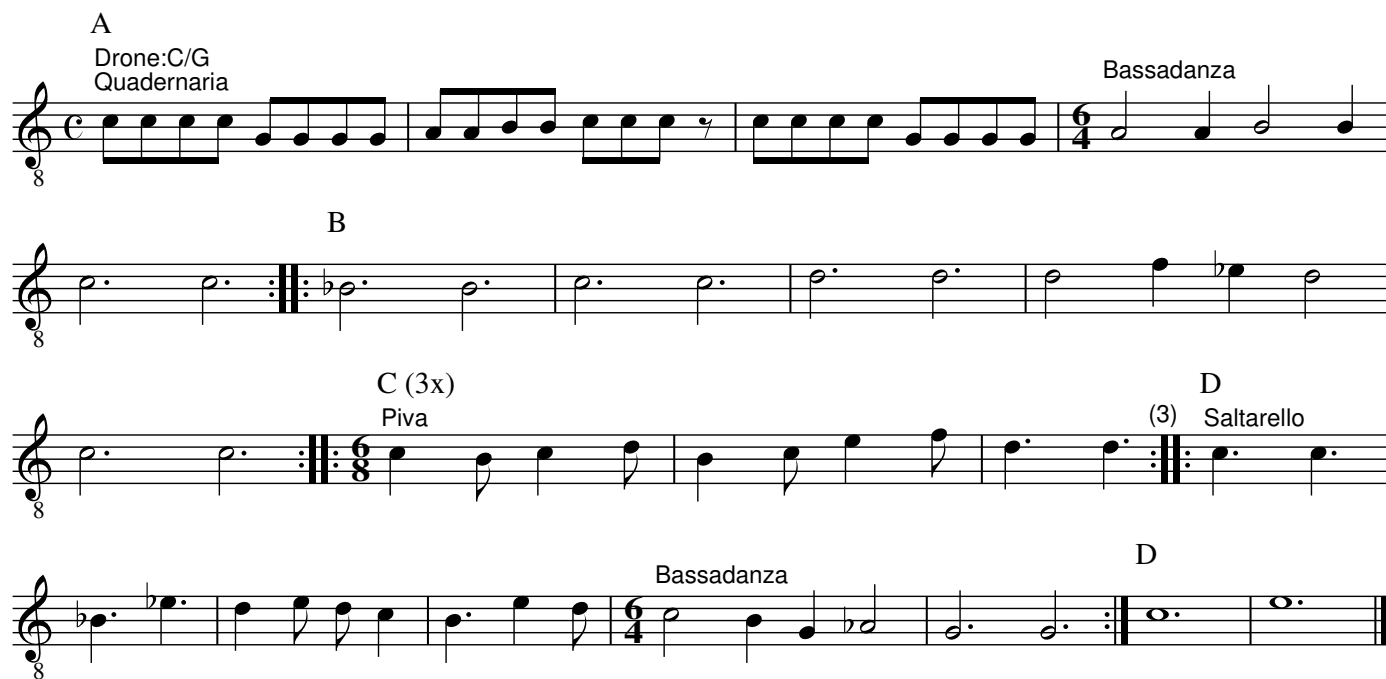
B

C (3x)
Piva

D
(3) Saltarello

Bassadanza

D



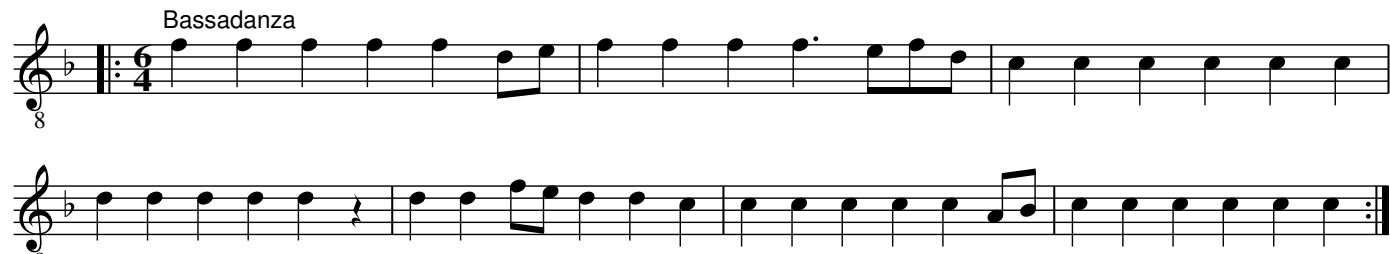
Legiadra

Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro, 1463 (PnG)

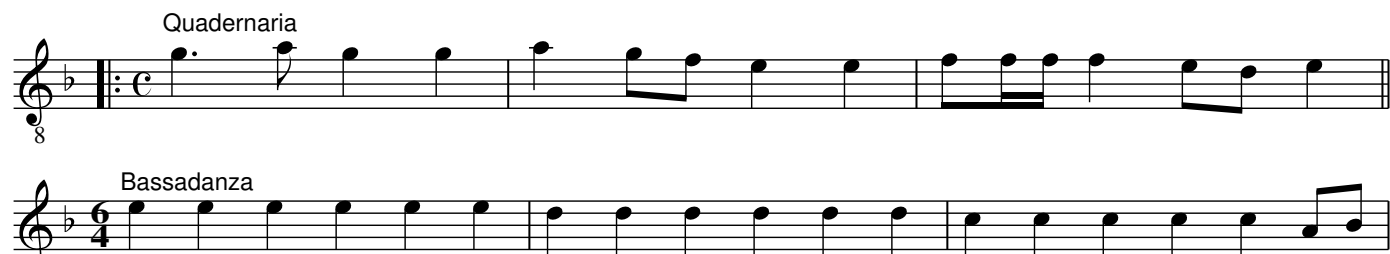
A
Drone:F/C
Saltarello



B
Bassadanza



C
Quadernaria



D
Piva

E
Quadernaria



Leoncello

Ax5 BB CC D E F

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (5x)
Drone:F/C
Quadernaria

B
(5)

C

D Bassadanza

E

F
Quadernaria

Marchesana

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:F/C
Quadernaria

(3)

B

C
Bassadanza

D
Quadernaria

Mercantia

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:F/C
Saltarello

B
(3) Quadernaria

C
Bassadanza

D E F

G
Quadernaria

H I
Bassadanza

Petit Riens

Play three times through

*Giovanni Ambrosio (Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro), c. 1475 (PnA)*A
Drone:G/D
Piva

The musical score for 'Petit Riens' is written in 6/8 time. It consists of a single melodic line on a treble clef staff, accompanied by a drone of G/D. The melody is divided into two main sections, A and B, indicated by repeat signs. Section A is the first 12 measures, and Section B is the next 12 measures. The score is written on six staves, with the first staff starting with the key signature of one sharp (F#) and the time signature of 6/8. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing beamed sixteenth notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Petite Rose

Spingardo

Joan Ambrosio Dalza, adapted by Monique Rio

The musical score for "Petite Rose Spingardo" is written in 6/8 time and the key of D major (indicated by two sharps: F# and C#). The score consists of five staves of music.

- Staff 1:** Starts with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The first measure is marked with a chord of A (Piva G5). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes. The final measure is marked with a chord of F5.
- Staff 2:** Continues the melody. The first measure is marked with G5, followed by F5, G5, and B (G5). There is a repeat sign after the fourth measure.
- Staff 3:** Features a first ending (marked '1') and a second ending (marked '2'). The first ending leads to a measure marked C (G5). The second ending leads to a measure marked D (G5). The staff continues with D5, G5, and D (G5).
- Staff 4:** Continues with D5, G5, E (D5), and C5.
- Staff 5:** The final staff, starting with D5 and F, followed by C5, D5, E5, C5, D5, and G5. It ends with a double bar line.

Pizocara

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Piva

B (4x)

C
Bassadanza

D (3x)

E
Saltarello

F (3x)
Piva

Prexonera

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A
Drone:F/C
Bassadanza



B



C
Quadernaria



D
Saltarello



E
Bassadanza



Rostiboli Gioioso

Play two times through

Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro, 1463 (PnG)

A
Bassadanza
F

C

Gm F

C F

Dm B $\flat$ F C $\text{sus}4$ F B C

B $\flat$ F C C

F C $\text{sus}4$ F C Saltarello
F

Gm F C F

Gm F C $\text{sus}4$ F D Piva C

F C C F C $\text{sus}4$ F

Sobria

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:G/D
Bassadanza

B
(3) Piva

C

D (3x)
Bassadanza

E
Quadernaria

Bassadanza

F
Quadernaria

Saltarello

G (3x)
Piva

(3)

Spero

Play two times through

Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro, 1463 (PnG)

A
Drone:F/C
Piva

B

C
Quadernaria

D
Saltarello

E
Bassadanza

F
Piva

Tesara

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:G/D
Saltarello

B
(3) Piva

C
(4)

D
Saltarello

E (4x)
Piva

F
(4)

G (4x)
Saltarello

H

Verçepe

Domenico da Piacenza, c. 1425 (PnD)

A (3x)
Drone:D/A
Saltarello

B
Bassadanza

C
Quadernaria

D
Saltarello

E
Bassadanza

F
Saltarello
Quadernaria

The image displays a musical score for a piece titled 'Dance of the Lovers'. It consists of six staves of music, each with a specific time signature and a label indicating the dance style or section. The first staff is in 6/8 time, labeled 'A (3x)' and 'Drone:D/A Saltarello'. The second staff is in 3/4 time, labeled 'B' and 'Bassadanza'. The third staff is in 2/4 time, labeled 'C' and 'Quadernaria'. The fourth staff is in 6/8 time, labeled 'D' and 'Saltarello'. The fifth staff is in 6/4 time, labeled 'E' and 'Bassadanza'. The sixth staff is in 6/8 time, labeled 'F' and 'Saltarello Quadernaria'. The music is written in a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The time signatures change throughout the piece, reflecting the different dance styles. The labels are placed above the staves, and the music is written in a clear, legible font.

Vita di Cholino

One dance:5 times through. Play:two dances.

modified by V. Stephens from "La Vida de Culin"

C F F C C
 F C Dm C C G
 C C G C 1-4 C Dm G 5 C G C

Voltate in a Rosina

Play two times through

Giovanni Ambrosio (Guglielmo Ebreo da Pesaro), c. 1475 (PnA)

A (3x)

Drone:A/E
Quadernaria



(3)

B (2x or 4x)

Piva



Chapter 3

Dances from the Gresley Manuscript

The Gresley manuscript dates to the late 15th or early 16th century and was re-discovered in Derbyshire, England. It contains choreography for 26 dances and music for 13, with 8 of those having both music and the dance steps. We have re-used other music from the manuscript for some of the dances missing music and have included newly-composed music by Master Martin Bildner for the remainder, provided under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike license (see <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/>). Reconstructions vary, so always check the music with the dance master!

The dances are primarily transcribed in a lively 6/8 time; a tempo of dotted quarter = 115-120 should work well.

Aras for two

ABBCCDEF

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone: G/D

B

C D

E

F

Armyn for three

AA BBB CCC DDD E FFF G

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone: D/A

B (3x) (3)

C (3x) D (3)

E

F (3x) (3) G

Bugill

for three

AAA BBB CDEE

Richard Schweitzer

A (3x)
Drone G/D

B (3x)

C

D

E

Damesyn

for three

AAA B CC D

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500
Music for This enderis day

A
Drone: D/A

B

C

D

Eglamour

for three

AAA BBB CCC DDD

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)
Drone: D/A

B (3x)

C (3x)

D (3x)

Egle

for three

AAA B C DD E

Richard Schweitzer

A (3x)

Drone: G/D

Esperans

for three

AAA BBB CDEFG

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)

Drone: D/A

Greene Gynger

for two

One dance: AABCCDDE

Richard Schweitzer

A Drone: G/D

B

C

D

E

Ly Bens Distonys

for two

ABBC or ABC

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A

B

C

Repeat B for 'long' version

Mowbray

for three

AA BCDE

Richard Schweitzer

A Drone: G/D

B

C

New Yer for three

One dance: AA BBB CCC DDD E

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone G/D

B (3x)

C (3x)
(3)

D (3x)
(3)

E
(3)

Newcastell for two

AA B C DD EE F

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A
Drone: G/D

B

C

D

E

F

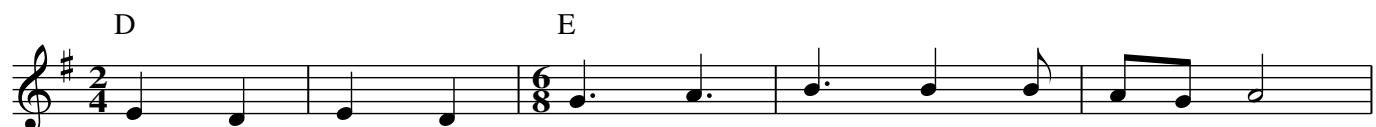
Northumberland

AAA B CCC D E FF G

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)

Drone: G/D



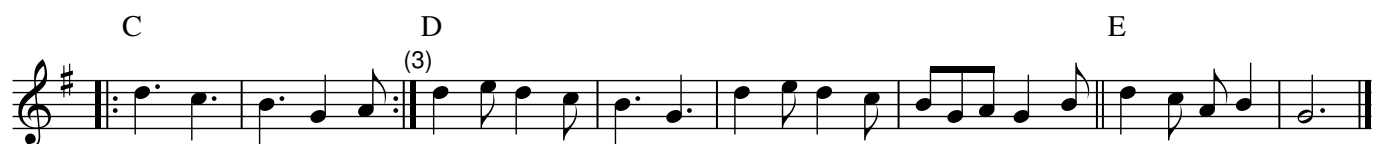
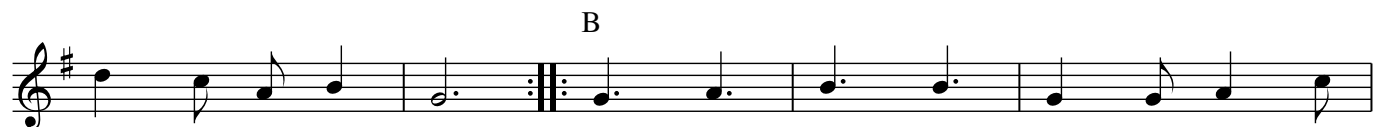
Oringe for three

AA BBB CCC D E

Richard Schweitzer

A

Drone: G/D



Petagay for three

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500
Music for La Duches

A BBB C D

A
Drone: A/E

B (3x) C

D

Prenes a Gard for three

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)
Drone: G/D

B (3x)

C (3x) D

E F

Prenes in Gre

for two

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x) B
Drone: D/A (3)

C

D E

Princitore

for two

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500
Music for Bayons

AAA BBB CCC B (3x)
A (3x) (3)
Drone: G/D

C (3x)

Rawty

for two

AABC

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone G/D

B

C

Roye

for three

AA BBB CCCC DDD

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone: G/D

B (3x)

C (4x)

D (3x)

Sofferance

for two

AAA BB CC DD EE

Richard Schweitzer

A (3x)
Drone: G/D

B (3)

C

D

E

Talbot

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)
Drone: G/D

B

C

Tamrett
for two*Richard Schweitzer*

A
Drone: G/D

B

C

D

Temperans for three

AAA BCDE

Gresley Manuscript, c. 1500

A (3x)
Drone: D/A

(3) B C

D E

Whatsoever Ye Wyll for two

Richard Schweitzer

A
Drone: G/D

B

C D

Chapter 4

Dances from the Inns of Court

The dances in this section are from the Inns of Court: professional associations for English barristers dating to the 15th century. There are several known manuscripts dating from the mid-16th to mid-17th century informally describing these dances, eight of which are believed to have been performed in a fixed order at the beginning of revels at the Inns of Court. We have preserved that order (for Quadran Pavane through Black Alman) to facilitate dancing the entire suite, also known as “The Old Measures”.

Tempos vary wildly, so check with the dancing master for their preference. Reconstructions vary as well, so check for the desired roadmaps especially for the more unusual ones such as Turkelone and Tinternell. We have included suggested numbers of repeats when playing all 8 Old Measures as a suite, but you may want to play more times through the dance if playing just one of the dances.

Quadran Pavane

Melody from R.C.M. Ms. 1119

G C G Em D C Gsus4 G C
 Gsus4 G C G D Am D G
 G Em Am D Am
 Em G D A D Am D G G C G
 Em D C Gsus4 G C Gsus4 G
 C G D Am D G D C G D C
 D G Dsus4 D G C D G G

The musical score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of six staves of music. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and quarter notes, with some half notes. Chords are indicated above the staff at various points. A repeat sign (double bar line with two dots) appears after the fourth staff. The piece concludes with a final double bar line.

Turkelone

AA BB CC D x 4

Willoughby Lute Book, c.1585

A

D Gm D Gm D B $\flat$ F B $\flat$ F

Gm D G B Gm D

C Gm Dm B $\flat$ F Gm D

G D C

C F C D

The Earl of Essex Measure

AAB x 2

R.C.M. Ms. 1119

A G C D G G

C G D G B C D

G C D G

C D G D G

Tinternell

A BB C AAA BB C

Dallis Lute Book, c.1583

A (3x second time only)

Dm A Dm C Dm A Asus4 D

B F C Dm A Dm C Dm Gm A Dm Em A7 D

Old Alman

AAB x2

Anthony Holborne, the Cittharn Schoole, 1597

A Gm F Dm C D Gm B Gm

Bb F Gm Bb C F Bb Gm Dm F C D Gm

Queen's Alman

AABB x2

William Byrd, Fitzwilliam Virginal Book, c.1600

Gm D Cm D Gm Bb Bb

Gm D Gm C F Bb C Dsus4 G5

Madam Sosilia's Alman

AABB x2

Joseph Casazza

A

G Am G D G Am D G D C G D G

B

G D Am G D C G C D Asus4 D G D

Am G D C G C D Asus4 D G D Am C G D C G D G G

Black Alman

R.C.M Ms. 1119

A

Dm Gm F Gm Bb

B

1 D 2 D F Gm Dm

F Gm 1 D 2 D C Dm Am Dm

Dm D A D Dm F

Bb 1 C G 2 C G

E

Bb C Gm Bb C G

Lorayne Alman

Pierre Phalese (1571)

A G Dm F G C Dm G C B G

New Alman

ABB

Bernard Schmid (c. 1577)

A C G C G Am C G D G C Dm Am

G Am D D G Dm B C G

G Dm C G Am

Am G C Dm C G 1 C Dm 2 C

Chapter 5

16th Century Italian Dances

The major sources for 16th century Italian dances are the published books of Fabritio Caroso (c. 1526-1605) and Cesare Negri (c. 1535-1605).

Many of the dances included in this collection are *cascarda*, a bouncy, triple time kind of dance unique to Caroso. We have used a 3/4 time signature for these but the dances should really be felt in 1, with a tempo of approximately dotted half = 110-120.

The other dances (mostly *balletti*) in common time such as Bizzarria and Lo Spagnoletto should work well with a tempo of half note = 100-110. Some of these dances shift to 3/4 time partway through; let dotted half note in the 3/4 section = half note in the common time section.

A few exceptions: Passo e Mezzo is written with doubled note values in cut time, so use a tempo of whole note = 100-110. There are also a few dances we have transcribed in 3/4 that are not *cascarda* such as Contrapasso and Villanella. For Contrapasso, use a tempo of dotted half = 50-55. For Villanella, always check with the dance master: it is sometimes danced (at the same speed) to the music played slowly for 3 repeats and sometimes to the music played twice as fast for 6 repeats.

Allegrezza d'Amore

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Measure 1: A
- Measure 2: C
- Measure 3: B $\flat$
- Measure 4: C
- Measure 5: Am
- Measure 6: G
- Measure 7: 1 G
- Measure 8: 2 G Am
- Measure 9: B
- Measure 10: G
- Measure 11: Am
- Measure 12: G
- Measure 13: G
- Measure 14: Am
- Measure 15: G
- Measure 16: C
- Measure 17: G
- Measure 18: D
- Measure 19: G
- Measure 20: C
- Measure 21: G
- Measure 22: C
- Measure 23: B $\flat$
- Measure 24: F
- Measure 25: B $\flat$
- Measure 26: C
- Measure 27: G
- Measure 28: C

Alta Regina

For Alta Regina: AB x 6 For Squilina: A x 21

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Measure 1: A
- Measure 2: C
- Measure 3: F
- Measure 4: E $\flat$
- Measure 5: F
- Measure 6: C
- Measure 7: F
- Measure 8: B $\flat$
- Measure 9: F
- Measure 10: C
- Measure 11: F
- Measure 12: F
- Measure 13: B
- Measure 14: B $\flat$
- Measure 15: F
- Measure 16: C
- Measure 17: Dm
- Measure 18: B $\flat$
- Measure 19: C
- Measure 20: F

Bassa Toscana

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

A (5x)

Chords: Gm, D, Gm, F, B $\flat$, F, F, F, E $\flat$, D, Gm, C, F, B $\flat$, B $\flat$, F, Gm, D, G, B, Gm, D, B $\flat$, F, B $\flat$, F, F, Gm, D, Gm, C, F, B $\flat$, B $\flat$, F, Gm, D, D, G.

Bella Gioiosa

AA BBB x 7 (or sometimes AA BBB AA x 6)

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: A, G, C, G, D, G, C, G, D, G, G, D, G.

Il Bianco Fiore

Cesare Negri, le Grazie d'Amore, 1602

Chords for 'Il Bianco Fiore':

- Staff 1: A, F, B $\flat$, F, Gm, F
- Staff 2: Dm, F, Dm, Csus4, C, F, B, Dm
- Staff 3: C, F, C, F, B $\flat$
- Staff 4: Dm, Csus4, C, F, C, C, F, Dm
- Staff 5: Gm, F, C, F

Bizzarria d'Amore

AA BB CC x 6

Cesare Negri, le Grazie d'Amore, 1602

Chords for 'Bizzarria d'Amore':

- Staff 1: A, F, B $\flat$, F, C
- Staff 2: C, F, C, F, Csus4, C, F, B, Gm, F
- Staff 3: C, B $\flat$, F, G, Dsus4, D, G
- Staff 4: C, C, Am, B $\flat$, C, F

La Caccia d'Amore

Giovanni Giacomo Gastoldi, Balletti a cinque voci, 1591

Chords for La Caccia d'Amore:

Staff 1: F, Gm, F, B $\flat$, C, F, Gm, F, B $\flat$, C, F

Staff 2: C, Dm, A, F, C, Dm, Asus4, A, D, Dm, C, G, Am, D

Staff 3: G, F, B $\flat$, F, Gm, C, F, C, Dm, A, F, C, D, Gm, A, D

Candida Luna

AA BB CC x 3

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords for Candida Luna:

Staff 1: A, C, G, Em, F, C, G, F, G

Staff 2: B, C, G, C, F, Dm, C

Staff 3: Dm, B $\flat$, C, G, Am

Staff 4: G, F, G, C, C, B $\flat$

Staff 5: Am, G, F, G, C

La Castellana

AABBCC x 3

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chord progression for La Castellana (measures 1-12):

- Measure 1: A
- Measure 2: Dm
- Measure 3: C
- Measure 4: F
- Measure 5: Dm
- Measure 6: Gm
- Measure 7: F
- Measure 8: C
- Measure 9: F
- Measure 10: 1 F
- Measure 11: 2 F
- Measure 12: B

Chord progression for La Castellana (measures 13-24):

- Measure 13: C
- Measure 14: Dm
- Measure 15: C
- Measure 16: Dm
- Measure 17: G
- Measure 18: A
- Measure 19: C
- Measure 20: Dm
- Measure 21: Em
- Measure 22: A
- Measure 23: Dm
- Measure 24: G

Chord progression for La Castellana (measures 25-36):

- Measure 25: A
- Measure 26: Dm
- Measure 27: G
- Measure 28: A
- Measure 29: D
- Measure 30: 1 D
- Measure 31: 2 D

Chiara Stella

ABB x 4

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chord progression for Chiara Stella (measures 1-24):

- Measure 1: A
- Measure 2: A
- Measure 3: Dm
- Measure 4: F
- Measure 5: C
- Measure 6: F
- Measure 7: Dm
- Measure 8: A
- Measure 9: Dm
- Measure 10: F
- Measure 11: C
- Measure 12: F
- Measure 13: Dm
- Measure 14: A
- Measure 15: Dm
- Measure 16: A
- Measure 17: G
- Measure 18: A
- Measure 19: G
- Measure 20: A
- Measure 21: Dm
- Measure 22: A
- Measure 23: B
- Measure 24: F

Chord progression for Chiara Stella (measures 25-36):

- Measure 25: C
- Measure 26: Dm
- Measure 27: A
- Measure 28: Dm

Chiaranzana

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

The musical score for "Chiaranzana" is written in 4/4 time on a single treble clef staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating D major or B minor. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with some measures containing beamed eighth notes. Chords are indicated by letters (F, C, Dm, A, G) placed above the staff. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Measure 1: F
- Measure 2: C
- Measure 3: Dm
- Measure 4: A
- Measure 5: F
- Measure 6: C
- Measure 7: G
- Measure 8: A
- Measure 9: D
- Measure 10: G
- Measure 11: A
- Measure 12: D
- Measure 13: F
- Measure 14: C
- Measure 15: Dm
- Measure 16: A
- Measure 17: F
- Measure 18: G
- Measure 19: C
- Measure 20: G
- Measure 21: A
- Measure 22: D
- Measure 23: G
- Measure 24: A
- Measure 25: D

Contentezza d'Amore

Ax5 B Cx3

Cesare Negri, le Grazie d'Amore, 1602

A

Chords for Section A: F, Gm, F, Bb, F, Gm, F, Gm, F, G, D, G, F, C, F, Gm, F, G, F, G, C, Dm, C, F, C, Bb, C, F, Bb, C, F, C, 1-4 F, 5 F.

B

Chords for Section B: F, Gm, F, Gm, D, Gm, D, G, F, Gm, F, Gm, D, Gm, C, Gsus4, C, C, Dm, C, G, G, C, F, Gm, F, C, 1-2 F, 3 F.

Il Conto Dell'Orco

(AABB)x2 Cx2 or 3

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Three staves of music in treble clef, 4/4 time. The first staff contains notes with chord labels A, C, F, C, C, F, C, C, F. The second staff contains notes with chord labels G, C, B, C, F, C, C, F, C, C, F. The third staff contains notes with chord labels G, C, C, F, C, C, F, C, C, F, G, C. A repeat sign is placed over the first two measures of the third staff, with the text "Repeat AAB!" written above it.

for Contrapasso in Due & in Ruota:AAA BBB AA BBB

for Contra Passo (Chigi):AA BBB AA BBB

for Contrapasso Nuovo:AAA BBB AAA BBB

Contrapasso

Fabritio Caroso, Nobiltà di Dame, 1600

Five staves of music in treble clef, 3/4 time. The first staff contains notes with chord labels A, F, Csus4, F, Bb, C, F, C. The second staff contains notes with chord labels F, Bb, Dm, C, F, B, F. The third staff contains notes with chord labels Bb, F, Bb. The fourth staff contains notes with chord labels F, Bb, F, Eb, Dm. The fifth staff contains notes with chord labels C, F, Bb, C, Dm, Bb, Csus4, C, F. A repeat sign is placed at the end of the fifth staff.

Lo Dimostra

AAA BB C

Nathan Kronenfeld

Chords: A, G, C, D, D, Em, Am, G, C, C, Dm, G, C, F, F, D, G, G, F, C, G, C, C, B, F, G, G, C, 1 G, C, 2 Am, C, G, F, G, C.

Structure: AAA BB C. The score includes a repeat sign after the first measure of the B section and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) for the final C section.

Fedelta

AAB x 3

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: A, D, G, D, A, A, D, D, G, D, A, D, B, A, D, G, D, Asus4, A, D.

Structure: AAB x 3. The score includes a repeat sign after the first measure of the B section and a key signature change to one sharp (F#) for the final A section.

Fiamma d'Amore

AA B x 4

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Musical notation for Fiamma d'Amore, a 3/4 time piece. The melody is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The notation includes a repeat sign at the beginning of the first line. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Dm, C, F, C, Bb, A, D, B, Dm, C, F, Gm, C, F, Dm, C, F, Bb, A, D, Bb, F, Bb, F, F, C, Bb, A, D. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Ballo del Fiore

Bransle de la Torche

Intro:A; one dance = (AB)x4

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Musical notation for Ballo del Fiore, a 3/4 time piece. The melody is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The notation includes a repeat sign at the end of the third line. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Dm, C, Dm, A, Dm, C, Am, Dm, A, D, B, F, Em, Dm, A, F, C, Dm, A, D. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Florido Giglio

AABBCDD AABBCDDx2 AABBCDD

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: A, G, F, G, D, G, B, F, G, D, G, C, D, G, D, C, D, G, D, G.

C (No repeat for 1st & 4th verses)

Fulgente Stella

AABB x4

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: A, G5, Gm, D, A, G5, Gm, D, B, Bb, F, Bb, F, Gm, F, C, F, Bb, F, Gm, C, F, C, Dsus4, D, G.

Furioso all'Italiana

Ax10 Bx3 C Bx2 C B

Fabritio Caroso, Nobiltà di Dame, 1600

The musical score for "Furioso all'Italiana" is written in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It consists of 10 staves of music. The chords and their positions are as follows:

- Staff 1: Chords A and G are indicated above the first measure. Chord D is indicated above the eighth measure.
- Staff 2: Chord C is indicated above the first measure. Chord Dsus4 is indicated above the fifth measure. A bracket labeled "1-9" spans measures 6 through 9, with chord G indicated above measure 9.
- Staff 3: A bracket labeled "10" spans measures 1 and 2, with chord G indicated above measure 2. Chord B is indicated above the fourth measure. Chord Am is indicated above the fifth measure. Chord G is indicated above the sixth measure.
- Staff 4: Chord Am is indicated above the first measure. Chord D is indicated above the second measure. Chord Em is indicated above the eighth measure. Chord C is indicated above the ninth measure.
- Staff 5: Chord D is indicated above the first measure. Chord C is indicated above the second measure. Chord D is indicated above the third measure. Chord G is indicated above the fourth measure. A bracket labeled "1-2" spans measures 5 and 6, with chord G indicated above measure 6. A bracket labeled "3" spans measure 7, with chord G indicated above measure 7. Chord C is indicated above the eighth measure.
- Staff 6: Chord C is indicated above the first measure. Chord G is indicated above the fourth measure. Chord Em is indicated above the seventh measure. Chord F is indicated above the eighth measure. Chord G is indicated above the ninth measure.
- Staff 7: Chord C is indicated above the first measure. Chord Dsus4 is indicated above the fifth measure. Chord G is indicated above the sixth measure. The text "To Bx2 C B" is written above the final measure.

Giunto m'ha Amore

AABBx5

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chord symbols: A (Dm), C, F, Dm, B (Dm), C, F, Gm, F, Dm, Am, Dm, 1 Dm, 2 Dm.

Gloria d'Amore

Cascarda

Play five times

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chord symbols: Gm, D, Bb, F, Bb, F, Bb, Gm, D, G, Gm, Gm, D, F, Bb, Gm, D, G.

Gracca Amorosa

Play five times

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: F, Gm, F, C, C

Lucretia

AA B CC x5

Nathan Kronenfeld

Chords: A, G, D, G, G

Chords: G, D, B, G, D, G, G

Chords: C, G, D

Chords: C, G, D, G, G, D, G

Maraviglia d'Amore

ABBCC x 4

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

A

G D Em D G C C G F Em C

D G D C F G C G D Em C D

B

G G Am G

Am G D G 1 G 2 G

C

D C D G C G D G 1 G 2 G

Ombrosa Valle

AB x 7

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

A

C Dm C G Am G F

B $\flat$ C Dm G C C Dm C

B

C G Am G F B $\flat$ G C B $\flat$ Dm C G

C F F G C B $\flat$ Dm C G 1-6 C 7 C

for Passo e Mezzo:11 times through

for Dolce Amorofo Fuoco:5 times through

for Ardente Sola:7 times through

Passo e Mezzo

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

The musical score for "Passo e Mezzo" is written in G minor (one flat) and 3/4 time. It consists of 11 measures. The notes are as follows: Measure 1: G4 (half note), Bb4 (half note). Measure 2: A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter). Measure 3: D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), A4 (quarter). Measure 4: G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter). Measure 5: C4 (half note), Bb4 (half note). Measure 6: A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter). Measure 7: D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), A4 (quarter). Measure 8: G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter), D4 (quarter). Measure 9: C4 (half note), Bb4 (half note). Measure 10: A4 (quarter), G4 (quarter), F4 (quarter), E4 (quarter). Measure 11: D4 (quarter), C4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), A4 (quarter). The chord progression is: Gm (measures 1-2), F (measures 5-6), Gm (measures 7-8), F (measures 9-10), and a sequence of F, Gm, F, Dm, Gm, D in measures 10-11.

Rose e Viole

AABB

attrib. Antonio Casteliono, 1536

The musical score for "Rose e Viole" is written in 3/4 time and consists of nine staves. The melody is written in treble clef, and the chords are indicated by letters above the staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into two main sections: A and B. Section A consists of the first eight staves, and Section B consists of the final staff. The chords are as follows:

- Staff 1: A, F, Dm, C, G, Am, Em
- Staff 2: F, Dm, C, G, Am
- Staff 3: C, F, Dm, C, G, Am
- Staff 4: Em, F, Dm, C, G
- Staff 5: Am, C, B, F, Dm, C
- Staff 6: G, Am, Em, F, Dm, C
- Staff 7: G, Am, C, F, Dm, G
- Staff 8: Em, Am, G, Am, C
- Staff 9: F, Dm, G, Em, Am, Dm, C, C

Se pensando al partire

Balletto

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords indicated above the staff:

Staff 1: A B $\flat$ C F C B $\flat$ Gm Asus4 Dm Am B $\flat$ C

Staff 2: F C Dm Asus4 D B F C Gm F

Staff 3: Gm F C F C Gm F Gm F C F Dm C

Staff 4: Dm B $\flat$ B $\flat$ Gm Dm Asus4 Dm C

Staff 5: Dm B $\flat$ Gm Dm Asus4 D B $\flat$ C F C

Staff 6: B $\flat$ Gm Asus4 Dm Am B $\flat$ C F C Dm Asus4 D (3)

Spagnoletta

5 times through (6 for Spagnoletta Nuova)

Fabritio Caroso, il Ballarino, 1581

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Line 1: Gm, F, Bb, F, Bb
- Line 2: D, Gm, F, Bb
- Line 3: F, Bb, Gm, F
- Line 4: Gm, D, Gm, C, Bb, Gm, F
- Line 5: Gm, D, Gm
- Line 6: D, C, D, Gm, D, C, D
- Line 7: Gm, D, C, D, Gm, D, C, D, G

Lo Spagnoletto

AABBCC x 7

Cesare Negri, le Grazie d'Amore, 1602

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Line 1: A, Gm, F, Bb, F, Bb, B, F, C
- Line 2: D, Gm, D, G, C, F, Gm, D, G

Villanella

AABB x 6 (fast) or AABB x 3 (slow)

Fabritio Caroso, Il Ballarino, 1581

Chords: A, G, Am, G, D, C, D, B, G, F, C, F, G, D, G

La Vita

5x

Nathan Kronenfeld

Chords: A, Am, Dm, C, Am, Dm, B, E, Am2., Am, G, Am, Am

Chapter 6

Dances from Arbeau's *Orchésographie*

Published in 1589 in Langres, France, *Orchésographie* includes music and instructions for many different kinds of dances. Numerically speaking, the bulk of the dances in Arbeau are *bransles*. Most of the bransles are in duple time and should be played at about half note = 115. The triple time bransles are Bransle Gay and Bransle de Poictou; for these, a tempo of dotted half = 60-65 should work.

Arbeau also includes instructions for the pavane and galliard, music for which also appears in the Improvised Dances section.

Belle qui tiens ma vie

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Chord progression for 'Belle qui tiens ma vie':

Gm D Gm F B $\flat$ B $\flat$ C B $\flat$ E $\flat$ F B $\flat$ Gm D

Gm F B $\flat$ B $\flat$ C B $\flat$ E $\flat$ F B $\flat$ B $\flat$ F Dm Gm Cm D

B $\flat$ C Gm Dsus4 G B $\flat$ F Dm Gm Cm D B $\flat$ C Gm Dsus4 G

Jouyssance vous donneray

AA BB CC; retour: BB C A

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Chord progression for 'Jouyssance vous donneray':

A
Dm Am Dm C F F B $\flat$ C F

F B $\flat$ C F Gm A D

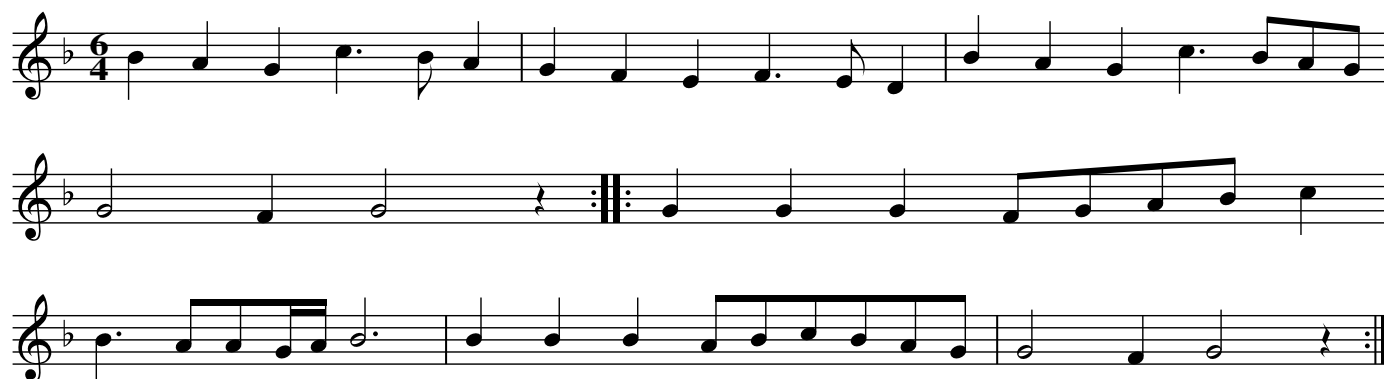
B
Dm Am Dm E A Am D

C
E A Dm Am Dm F

F B $\flat$ C F F B $\flat$

C F Gm A D

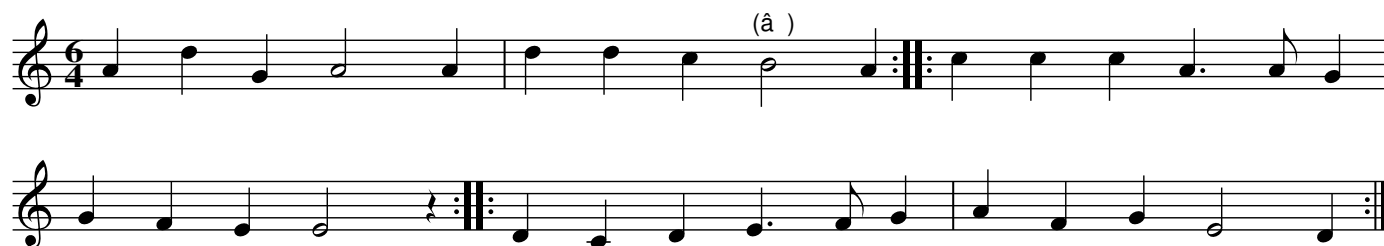
Tourdion

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Galliard: La traditore my fa morire

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

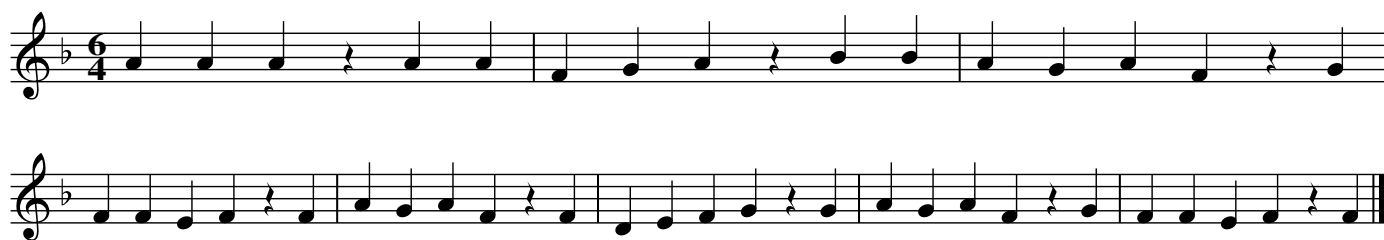
Galliard: Anthoinette

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

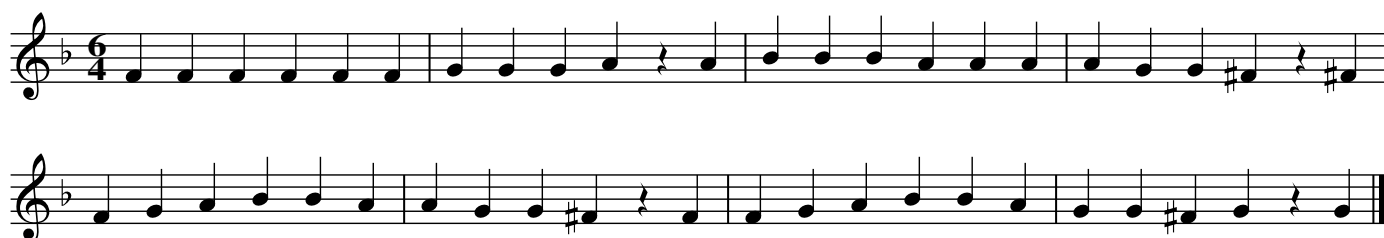
Galliard: Baisons nous belle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Galliard: Si j'ayme ou non

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Galliard: J'aymerois mieulx dormir seulette

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Galliard: L'ennuy qui me tourmente

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Volte

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Coranto

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Alman

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bransle Double

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bransle Simple

Single Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bransle Gay

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bransle de Burgoigne

Burgundian Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bransle Hault Barrois

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



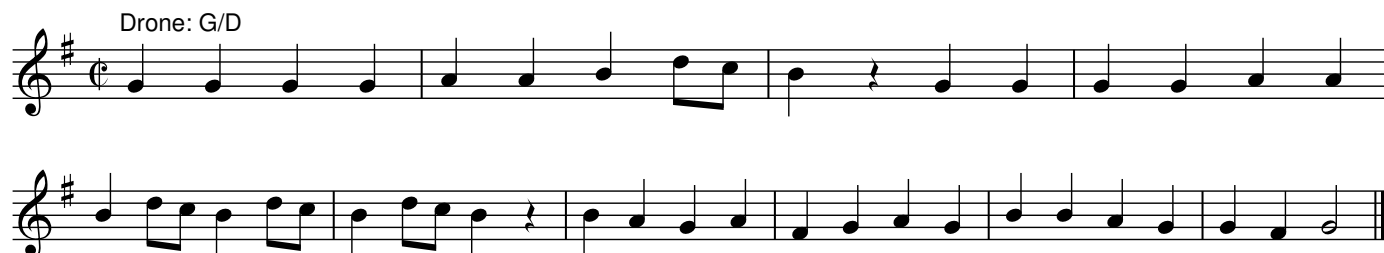
Bransle Cassandre

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransle Pinagay

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransle Charlotte

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransle de la Guerre War Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransle Aridan

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransle de Poictou

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589



Bransles d'Ecosse

Scottish Bransles

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Drone: G/D

1

2

1

2

Trihory de Bretagne

Triory of Brittany

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Drone: G/D

Bransle de Malte

Maltese Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Drone: C/G

Bransle des Lavandieres

Washerwomens' Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Drone: G/D

Bransle des Lavandieres

Washerwomen's Bransle

Jean d'Estrées, Premier livre de danseries, 1559

Bransle des Pois

Pease Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Drone: G/D

Bransle des Chevaux Horses' Bransle

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Chord symbols: G, C, G, C, D, G, C, G, D, G, G, F, C, G, F, D, D, G, F, C, G, F, C, D, G, Gm, B $\flat$, Dm, Dm, B $\flat$, Dm, Dm, Dsus4, D, G.

Bransle de la Montarde

AA Bx(number of dancers per set)

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Chord symbols: A, D5, G5.

B
Repeat once per dancer in each set

Bransle de la Montarde

Pierre Phalese, 1571
Arr. Emma Badowski

A

Gm C F Gm C Dm Gm Gm B $\flat$ F Gm D

B - repeat for each dancer in set

Gm C F Gm C Dm Gm Gm B $\flat$ F Gm B $\flat$ E $\flat$ B $\flat$ F Gm

Bransle de la Haye

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Gm C Gm Gm D Gm Dm C Gm

Gm D Gm C C C G

C F C Gm C Gm

D Cm D Gm D Cm D Gm

Bransle Official

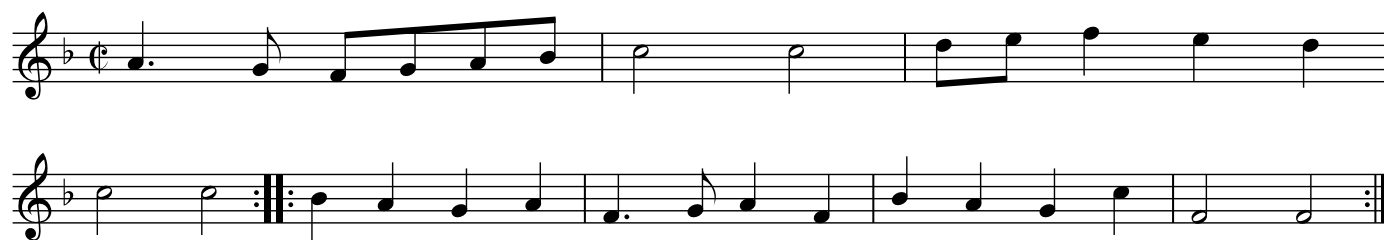
Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

C G C F Gsus4 C C

B $\flat$ Am G

F G C Gsus4 C

Gavotte

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Morisques

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Canaries

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Canaries

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Chords: G, C, G, D, G, G, C, G, D, G, G, Em, G, C, G, D, G, D, G, Am, G, D, G, D, Em, Bm, C, G, D, G, C, G, C, G, C, G, D, D, G, C, G, D.

Spanish Pavan

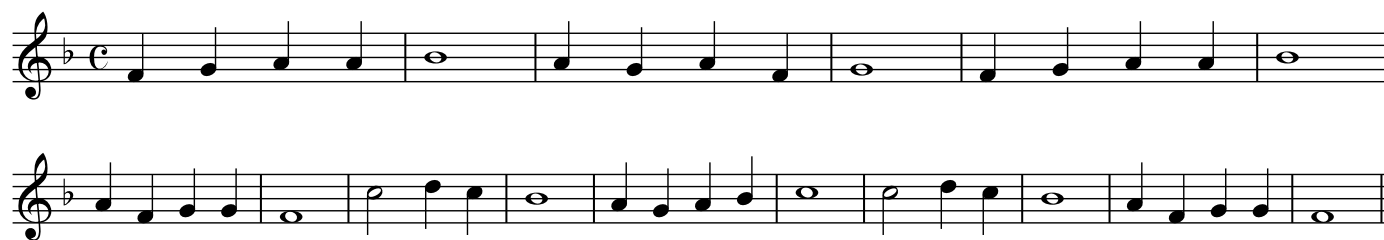
Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Pavane de Spaigne (XXX)

For Pavaniglia (Caroso) and Spanish Pavane (Arbeau)

Chords: Dm, A, Dm, C, Am, F, Dm, G, A, D, A, Dm, A, D.

Bouffons

Thoinot Arbeau, Orchesographie, 1589

Bouffons

Jean d'Estrées, Tiers Livre de Danseries, 1559

Three staves of musical notation in G major (one sharp) and common time (C). The first staff contains 10 measures of music, and the second and third staves each contain 10 measures. The melody is composed of eighth and quarter notes, with some measures containing rests. Chord symbols are written above the notes: A G, F, G, F, G, D, G, F, G on the first staff; F, Em, D, G, B, G, C, F, C on the second staff; G, F, G, D, G, C, F, Dm, G, C, D, G on the third staff.

Chapter 7

Improvised Dances

Improvised dances such as the pavane and galliard were very popular in the 16th century all over Europe. Music and instructions for these dances appear in numerous sources. Reductions are provided from such sources as Tylman Susato's *Danserye* of 1551 and Praetorius' *Terpsichore* of 1612. We have also included the tunes used in the SCA for some early Italian improvised dances, the Piva and the Saltarello.

The Canarie is transcribed in 6/4. For the Canarie, use a tempo of approximately dotted half = 70.

Galliards can be transcribed in either 3/2 or 6/4. We have chosen to use 3/2 for clarity for some of the more rhythmically complex settings while halving the original note values and using 6/4 for the more straightforward ones. The tempo for galliards (for the 6/4 settings) can be anywhere from dotted half = 45 - 60, depending on the whims of the dancing master. For transcriptions in 3/2 use dotted whole = 45 - 60 instead (two measures of a 3/2 galliard equating to one measure of 6/4 galliard). The Volta is really just a variation on the galliard and can be played as such.

The pavaues are transcribed in cut time, and again, the tempo can range from half note = 45 to 60.

Preferences vary, so always check with the dancing master for desired tempo. Additionally, modern choreographies have been created for some of these tunes, so be sure to confirm the roadmap with the dancing master if these are being danced.

Galliard: A Lieta Vita

Giovanni Giacomo Gastoldi (c. 1554 - 1609)

Chords for Galliard: A Lieta Vita:

Staff 1: G C G G C G G Am G D G G F C

Staff 2: C F G C G C G C Dm G C C F G D G C D G

Galliard: Can She Excuse

John Dowland, setting from Morley's Consort Lessons, 1599 & 1611

Chords for Galliard: Can She Excuse:

Staff 1: Gm Bb Bb F Gm D Dm Gm Cm F Bb Eb

Staff 2: C Gm D G Dm Bb Gm D Gm C

Staff 3: F Bb Eb D Dm Gm Cm F Bb Cm D Eb

Staff 4: D Bb Bb C C D D G C D G

La Canarie

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Chords for La Canarie:

Staff 1: G C G D G G C G D G

Staff 2: G C G Am G D G G Em G

Staff 3: C G D G D G Am G D G D Em Bm

Staff 4: C G D G C G C G C G D D G C G D

Cantiga 119

Alfonso X (13th Century Spanish)

Courante (CLXXXIII)

Entree Courante

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Chords indicated above the staff:

- Staff 1: C, C, F, G, G
- Staff 2: F, G, G, Dm, G
- Staff 3: F, G, C, G, G
- Staff 4: C, D, G, C, F, Dm, F
- Staff 5: C, F, Dm, G, Em, Am
- Staff 6: F, B $\flat$, G, C, C, G, C

Courante (CXLII)

So ben mi ch'ha bon tempo

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Chords for Courante (CXLII):

Staff 1: Gm C Gm Cm Dm G C Gm Gm F Bb Gm C F Gm F Am

Staff 2: Dm C F Dm A Dm Gm A

Staff 3: D Gm Gm D Gm F Am F C

Staff 4: F Gm Eb Gm F Bb Gm Am F Gm Cm D G

Pavane: La Dona

Tylman Susato, Danserye, 1551

Chords for Pavane: La Dona:

Staff 1: G G Dm Gm Am Dm Am Dm C F C Dm C Dm

Staff 2: Gm F C Dm Bb A Dm C F

Staff 3: F Dm F Gm Csus4 F F C Bb F C

Staff 4: Dm Am Gm F Am Dm C F Em Am G C Gm C D Asus4 1 D 2 D

Galliard: La Dona

Tylman Susato, Danserye, 1551

Chords for Galliard: La Dona:

Staff 1: Dm, Dm, Gm, Am, C, F, C, Gm, Dm

Staff 2: Em, Dm, A, Dm, C, F, C, F, C

Staff 3: Dm, C, F, Dm, C, Dm, G, Dm, Am, F, Gm, A, D

The Frog Galliard

John Dowland, setting from Morley's Consort Lessons, 1599 & 1611

Chords for The Frog Galliard:

Staff 1: G, D, Em, Bm, C, G, D, G, Am, G, C, D, G, D, Em, Bm

Staff 2: C, G, D, C, G, C, C Dsus4, G

Staff 3: C, G, Am, E, Am Esus4

Staff 4: A, G, D, Em, Bm, C, G, D, G, G, Am, G, Dsus4, G

Pavane: Mille Ducas

Tylman Susato, Danserye, 1551

Chords: Dm C Am Dm B $\flat$ Em Am Am C Dm Am Dm Gm Am Dm Am

Chords: Dm B $\flat$ Em Am Am C Dm Em A D C Dm F

Chords: B $\flat$ A C F C Dm A

Chords: Am B $\flat$ G Am F G Am B $\flat$ Dm F C Dm Asus4 D

Galliard: Mille Ducas

Tylman Susato, Danserye, 1551

Chords: Dm C Am Dm B $\flat$ Em Am Am Em Dm F C

Chords: Dm A D C Em Dm Dm C Dm A Dm

Chords: C F C Dm A Am F B $\flat$ G Am F G F G F C Dm Asus4 D

Monsieur's Almain

William Byrd, setting from Morley's Consort Lessons, 1599 & 1611

Chords: G C D Am G Am G G Am G

Chords: D G C G G G D G

Chords: Am E A G C D G C DD5 G

Galliard: The New-Yeere's Gift

Anthony Holborne, 1599

The musical score is written in 4/4 time and consists of five staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The chords indicated above the notes are as follows:

Staff 1: G, Dsus4, D, G, Em, Dsus4, D, G, C, G, C, F

Staff 2: Dm, Asus4, A, D, D, A, D, Em, D, G, Dsus4, D, G

Staff 3: C, Dm, C, Am, Bm, Am, E, A, Am, D, G, Em, D, Asus4, A, D

Staff 4: G, Em, F, Dm, C, G, C, Am

Staff 5: D, G, C, Am, G, Dsus4, D, G, Am, C, Dsus4, D, G

The Quadro Pavin

Richard Allison (fl. 1592 - 1606), Morley's Consort Lessons, 1599 & 1611

Chords and notes for each staff:

- Staff 1: G, G, D, G, Em, Dm, Am, Gsus4, C, G
- Staff 2: C, Am, G, D, G, Em
- Staff 3: D, D, G, Am, Dsus4, G, Dsus4, G, Em, Dm, Am, Gsus4
- Staff 4: C, C, Am, G, C, D, Em, D, G, C, Dsus4
- Staff 5: G, C, D, G, D, D, D, G, A
- Staff 6: D, A, D, G
- Staff 7: C, Em, D, G, Am, Dsus4, G, Am, D, G

Galliard to the Quadro Pavin

Richard Allison (fl. 1592 - 1606), Morley's Consort Lessons, 1599 & 1611

Chords: G, G, Em, Dm, G, C, G, D, Em, A, D, G, Em, Dm, G, C, G, Am, Em, Dsus4, G, G, D, D Asus4, D, A, D, G, C, Am, Em, Dsus4, G.

Saltarello II

A1A2B A1A2C A1A2B A1A2B A2 D

Anon 14th C, British Library MS Add. 29987

A

1 2

B

C

D

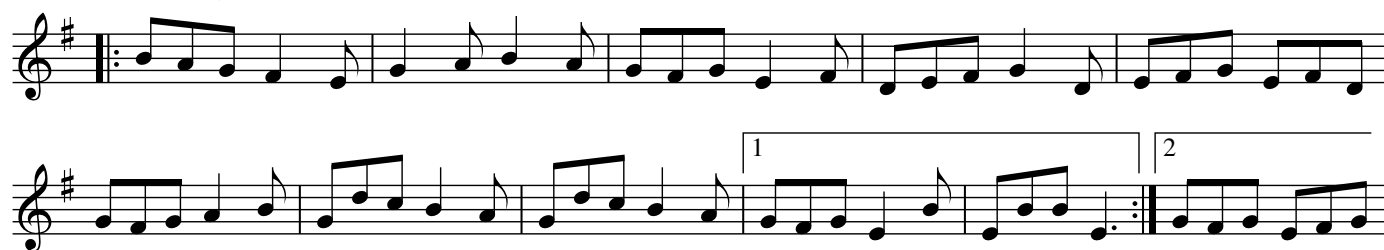
Saltarello la Regina

Anon 14th C, British Library MS Add. 29987

Verse 1,2



Verse 3,4



Verse 5,6



Verse 7,8



La Volta

William Byrd (c. 1540 - 1623)

Chord progression for "La Volta":

Line 1: G | G D Em D | G D Em D | C D G G

Line 2: G D Em D | G D Em D | C D G G | G C

Line 3: C D G G | C D G G | G C

Line 4: C D G G | C D G G

Line 5: G D Em D | G Em D Em | C D G G

Line 6: G Em D | G Em D Em Am D G

Line 7: G G C A D G | G G C

Line 8: C D G G | Am D G | G D G C Am D G G

Volte (CCX)

Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612

Sheet music for the dance "Volte (CCX)" by Michael Praetorius, Terpsichore, 1612. The music is written in 4/4 time, key of D major (one sharp), and consists of four staves of music.

Staff 1: Labeled with a large **A** above the first measure. Chords: G, G, C, D, G, G.

Staff 2: Labeled with a large **B** above the first measure. Chords: D, G, G, D, G, G, G, D, G, G, G, D, G, G.

Staff 3: Labeled with a large **C** above the first measure. Chords: D, G, G, C, D, C, Am, D, G.

Staff 4: Labeled with a large **D** above the first measure. Chords: D, G, D, G, G.

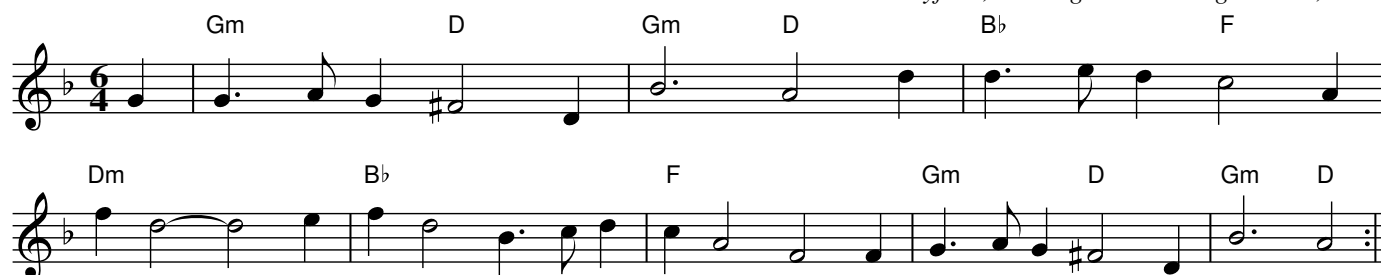
Chapter 8

The English Dancing Master, 1651

This section includes all 105 dances in the first edition of John Playford's *The English Dancing Master* of 1651. The dances are generally transcribed in either cut time or in 6/4. For cut time use a tempo of approximately half note = 115 or for 6/4, dotted half = 115. Some dances such as Chestnut are often danced slower, so be sure to check with the dancing master just in case.

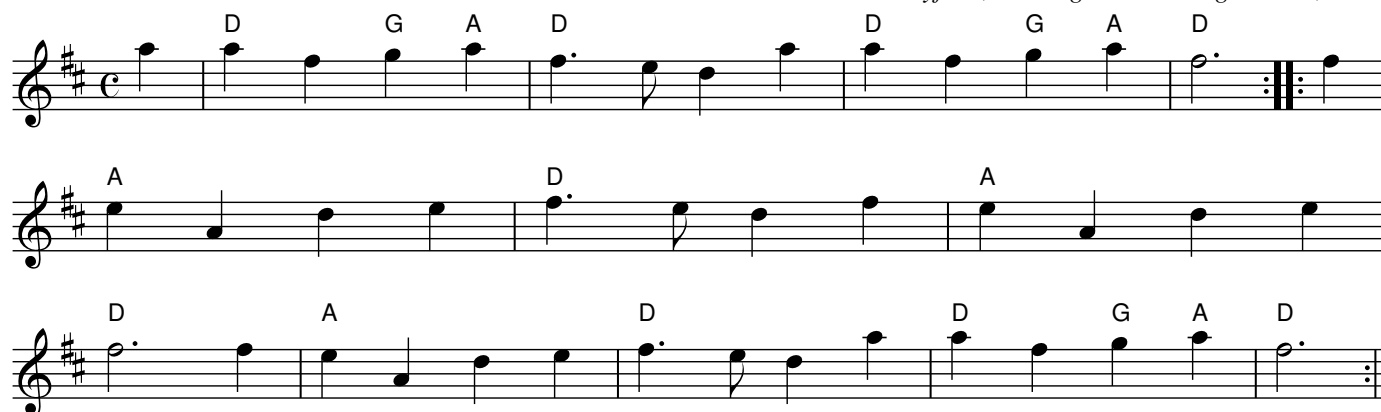
A Health To Betty

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



A La Mode De France

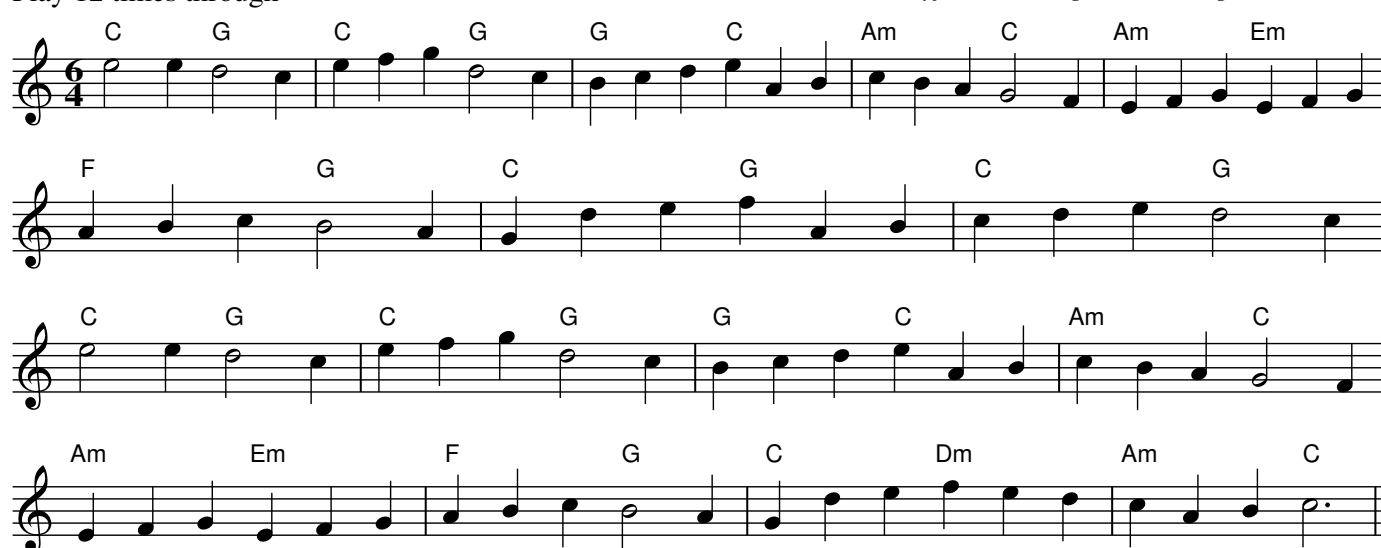
John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



Adson's Saraband

Play 12 times through

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



All in a Garden Green

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'All in a Garden Green' in G major, 3/4 time. The piece consists of two parts, A and B, each repeated three times. Part A is an 8-measure phrase, and Part B is a 12-measure phrase. The notation is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Part A (8 measures): G, C, D, C, G, C, D, C.

Part B (12 measures): G, C, D, G, B, G, C, Em, Am, C, G, D, G.

An Old Man Is A Bed Full Of Bones

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'An Old Man Is A Bed Full Of Bones' in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of two parts, A and B, each repeated three times. Part A is an 8-measure phrase, and Part B is a 12-measure phrase. The notation is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Part A (8 measures): Am, Am, G, Dm, G, Dm, G, Dm.

Part B (12 measures): Am, Am, Dm, Am, G, Dm, G, Dm, G, Dm, G, Dm.

Argeers

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'Argeers' in G major, 3/4 time. The piece consists of two parts, A and B, each repeated three times. Part A is an 8-measure phrase, and Part B is a 12-measure phrase. The notation is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Part A (8 measures): G, C, G, C, G, C, G, C.

Part B (12 measures): G, F, G, C, B, G, G, F, G, C, G, D.

Aye Me, or The Symphony

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Four staves of musical notation in C major, 4/4 time. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: C, G, C, G, C, C, F, Am, Dm, G, G, C, Am, G, Am, Dm, G, Am, F, G, G, F, G, C. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

The Bath

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Two staves of musical notation in C major, 4/4 time. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: G, G, F, D, Am, G, F, G, C, D, G. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

The Beggar Boy

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of musical notation in D minor, 4/4 time. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Dm, Am, Dm, F, C, F, Gm, Am, B, Dm, Am, Dm, Am, F, C, F, C, F, C, Dm, Am, F, Dm, F, C, F, Gm, Am. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Blue Cap

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: B $\flat$, Cm, B $\flat$, C, F, B $\flat$, Cm, B $\flat$, Cm, B $\flat$, Cm, B $\flat$, B $\flat$, Cm, B $\flat$, F

Boatman

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, C, G, C, B, F, G, C, C, F, G, C, F, G, C

Bobbing Joe

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Am, G, Am, G, Am

Broome: The bonny bonny Broome

Play 6 times

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'The bonny bonny Broome' in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of four staves of music. The first staff contains measures 1-4 with chords A, D, D, G, A. The second staff contains measures 5-8 with chords D, D, Em, A, A. The third staff contains measures 9-12 with chords D, D, G, A. The fourth staff contains measures 13-16 with chords D, D, Em, A. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Cast A Bell

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'Cast A Bell' in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of a single staff of music. The first staff contains measures 1-8 with chords D, D, A, D, D. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Cheerily and Merrily

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for 'Cheerily and Merrily' in F major, 3/4 time. The piece consists of three staves of music. The first staff contains measures 1-6 with chords F, Gm, F, C, Bb. The second staff contains measures 7-10 with chords C, F, Dm. The third staff contains measures 11-14 with chords Gm, Gm, F, Gm, F. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Chestnut, or Dove's Figary

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chord progression for Chestnut, or Dove's Figary:

Line 1: A (Am), E, Am, Dm, E, B (Am)

Line 2: G, Am, C, G, Am

Line 3: Am, G, Am, Em, Am

Chirping Of The Lark

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chord progression for Chirping Of The Lark:

Line 1: F, C, F, B $\flat$, F, B $\flat$, F, C, F

Line 2: F, C, B $\flat$, A, Gm, A, Dm

Chirping of the Nightingale

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chord progression for Chirping of the Nightingale:

Line 1: C, F, G, C, G, C, F

Line 2: C, F, C, C, F, C, C, C, F, C

Line 3: C, C, F, G, C, F, C, F, C, G, C, C

Confess (his tune)

ABB

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A
 Dm A Dm Gm Dm Gm Dm Gm A B Am Dm
 Am Gm F C F F Csus4 F
 F C F Gm Dm Gm F Dm A Dm A D

Country Coll

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

G G C C D
 G D C G C G G D G

Cuckolds all a Row

ABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A
 D Em D G Am D 1 G
 2 G B C G D G Am D
 G C G D G Am D G

Daphne

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651
arr. Jay Ter Louw. Matches Pile 2018

Chords: Dm, A, Dm, F, C, Dm, Dm, C, B $\flat$, A, F, C, F, F, F, C, Dm, C, B $\flat$, Dm, F, Gm, C, Dm.

Dargason, or Sedany

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: G, Am, G, Am.

Dissembling Love

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Dm, Dm, Dm, Dm, F, Gm, Dm, Dm, Dm Gm, F, F, Gm, A, Dm, Dm.

Drive The Cold Winter Away

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of music in 3/4 time, key of D minor. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: Dm, Dm, F, F, Gm, Gm, Dm, Dm, F, F, Gm, Gm, Dm, A, Dm, Dm. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Dull Sir John

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of music in 6/8 time, key of D minor. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Gm, F, Bb, Bb, Dm, F, Dm, F, Bb, B, Bb, Dm, C, F, Gm, Am, Bb, F, Dm, Gm. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Faine I Would

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of music in 4/4 time, key of D minor. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Gm, D, Gm, F, C, F, F, C, Dm, F, Gm, F, Bb, B, F, Dm, Bb, F, C, Dm, C, Dm, Gm, Dm, Gm, D, G. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

The Fine Companion

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, Dm, Am, Dm, F, Dm, Am, C, Am, Dm, Am, Dm, Am, Dm

Friar and the Nun

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: D, D, A, A, D, D, A, A, G, G, A, D

Goddesses

AA BB x 11

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

First system of musical notation for 'Goddesses'. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a common time signature (C), and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The melody is written on a single line. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Am, G, Am. The second staff continues the melody with chords: E, B, C, G, Am, Em, Am. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Gray's Inn Mask

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

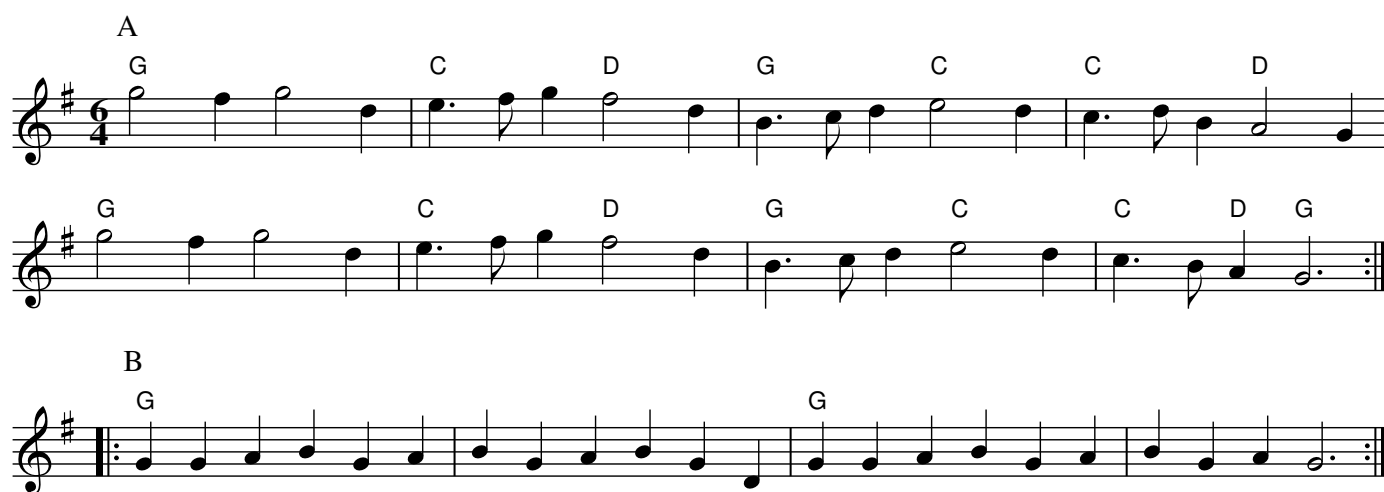
Second system of musical notation for 'Gray's Inn Mask'. It consists of six staves. The first staff has a treble clef, a common time signature (C), and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The melody is written on a single line. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, Dm, A, A, Dm, F, C. The second staff continues the melody with chords: F, G, Dm, A, Dm, B, Dm, C. The third staff continues the melody with chords: Dm, A, C, A, Dm, C, F, D, Dm. The fourth staff continues the melody with chords: A, Dm, A, E, D, G. The fifth staff continues the melody with chords: F, D, A, A. The sixth staff continues the melody with chords: G, G, D, D. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Greenwood

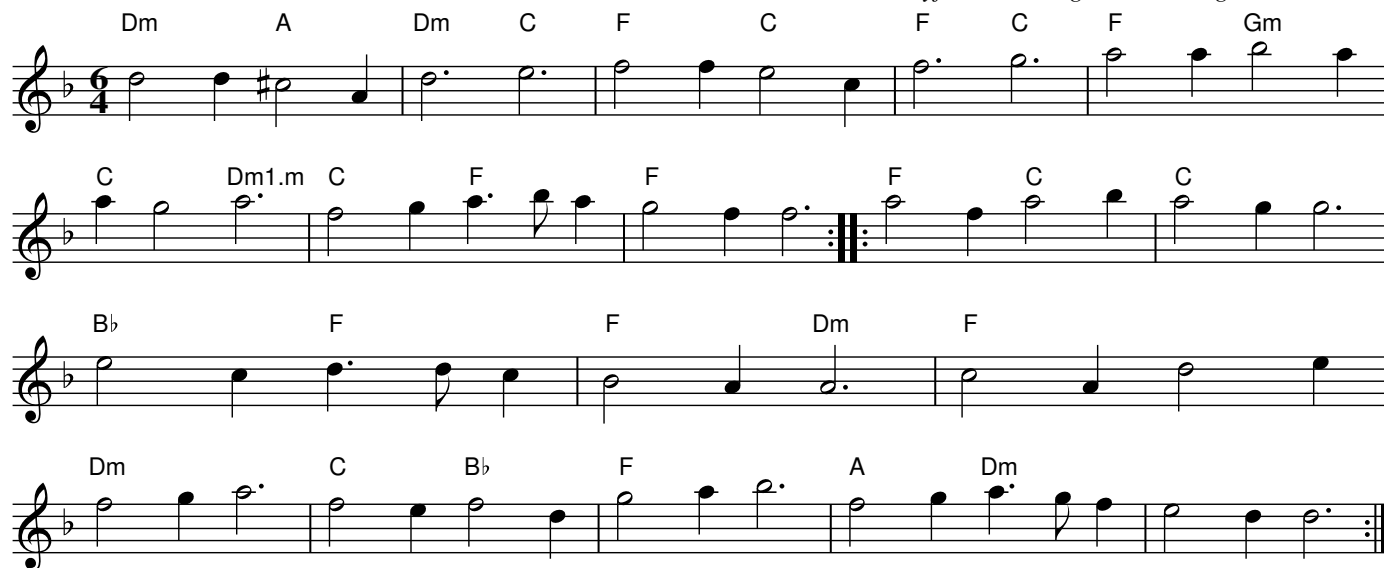
John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Grimstock

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

The Gun

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Half Hannikin

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Half Hannikin is a 4/4 time dance. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff with treble clef. Chords are indicated by letters G, C, D, and G above the notes. The piece consists of 12 measures, with a repeat sign at the end.

Have at Thy Coat Old Woman

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Have at Thy Coat Old Woman is a 4/4 time dance. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff with treble clef. Chords are indicated by letters G, Am, D, and G above the notes. The piece consists of 12 measures, with a repeat sign at the end.

The Health

(AA BB)x3, or AA BB AA BB AA BA, or Ax12

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

The Health is a 4/4 time dance. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff with treble clef. Chords are indicated by letters A, G, C, G, Am, D, G, B, G, C, G, C, G, Am, D, and G above the notes. The piece consists of 16 measures, with a repeat sign at the end.

Hearts Ease

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Hearts Ease" in 6/8 time. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff. The accompaniment is written on a second staff. The notation includes various chords and melodic lines. The chords are: A, Am, E, Am, E, B, G, Am, E, G, Am, E, Am.

Hemp Dresser, or The London Gentlewoman

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Hemp Dresser, or The London Gentlewoman" in 4/4 time. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff. The accompaniment is written on a second staff. The notation includes various chords and melodic lines. The chords are: G, G, D, G, G, C, G, D, G, G, C.

Hit or Miss

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Hit or Miss" in 4/4 time. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a single staff. The accompaniment is written on a second staff. The notation includes various chords and melodic lines. The chords are: C, Am, G, C, G, C, C, C, Dm, C.

Hockley in the Hole

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Sheet music for "Hockley in the Hole" in 4/4 time. The melody is written on a single staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The music consists of 16 measures. Chords are indicated above the notes: G, C, G, G (first ending), G (second ending), Am, G, D (first ending), G, D (second ending), G. The first ending is marked with a '1' and the second ending with a '2'. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

Hyde Park

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Sheet music for "Hyde Park" in 4/4 time. The melody is written on a single staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The music consists of 16 measures, organized into four measures per line. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, D, D, A, D, G, A, D, B, A, A, D, A, D, G, D. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

If all the World were Paper

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Four staves of music in 4/4 time. The first staff contains measures 1-4 with chords A, F, C, and Am. The second staff contains measures 5-8 with chords F, Dm, G, C, B, and G. The third staff contains measures 9-12 with chords C and G. The fourth staff contains measures 13-16 with chords F, Gsus2, G, G, and C. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Irish Lady, or Anniseed Water Robin

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of music in 3/4 time. The first staff contains measures 1-8 with chords Dm, C, F, F, C, C, and Am. The second staff contains measures 9-12 with first and second endings for Am, followed by Dm and F. The third staff contains measures 13-16 with first and second endings for Dm. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Irish Trot

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Two staves of music in 2/4 time. The first staff contains measures 1-4 with chords Em, D, Em, and G. The second staff contains measures 5-8 with chords G, G, D, Em, D, and Em. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Jack a Lent

AABB x 6

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A
 G D Am Em G Em Bsus4 E

B
 G D Am Em G Em Bsus4 E

The musical notation for 'Jack a Lent' consists of two staves. The first staff, labeled 'A', is in G major (one sharp) and common time (C). It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: G, D, Am, Em, G, Em, Bsus4, and E. The second staff, labeled 'B', is also in G major and common time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: G, D, Am, Em, G, Em, Bsus4, and E. Both staves end with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Jack Pudding

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A Am Em Am G C Em 1 Am

B 2 Am C Dm C G Am Em

C G Em E C Am G 1 Am 2 Am

The musical notation for 'Jack Pudding' consists of three staves. The first staff, labeled 'A', is in C major and 4/4 time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: A, Am, Em, Am, G, C, Em, and 1 Am. The second staff, labeled 'B', is also in C major and 4/4 time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: 2 Am, C, Dm, C, G, Am, and Em. The third staff, labeled 'C', is also in C major and 4/4 time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: C, G, Em, E, C, Am, G, 1 Am, and 2 Am. The first and second staves end with a double bar line and repeat dots, while the third staff ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Jenny Pluck Pears

AAB x 6

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

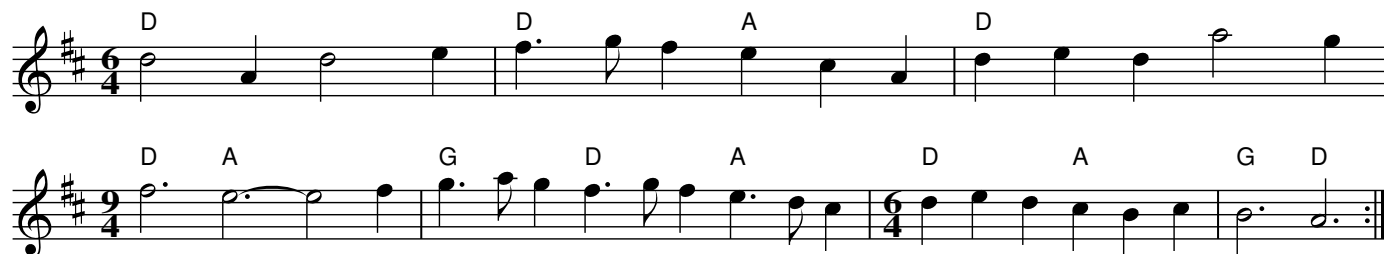
A
 Am G Am Em Am G Am Em

G Am Em D Em Am 1 Am

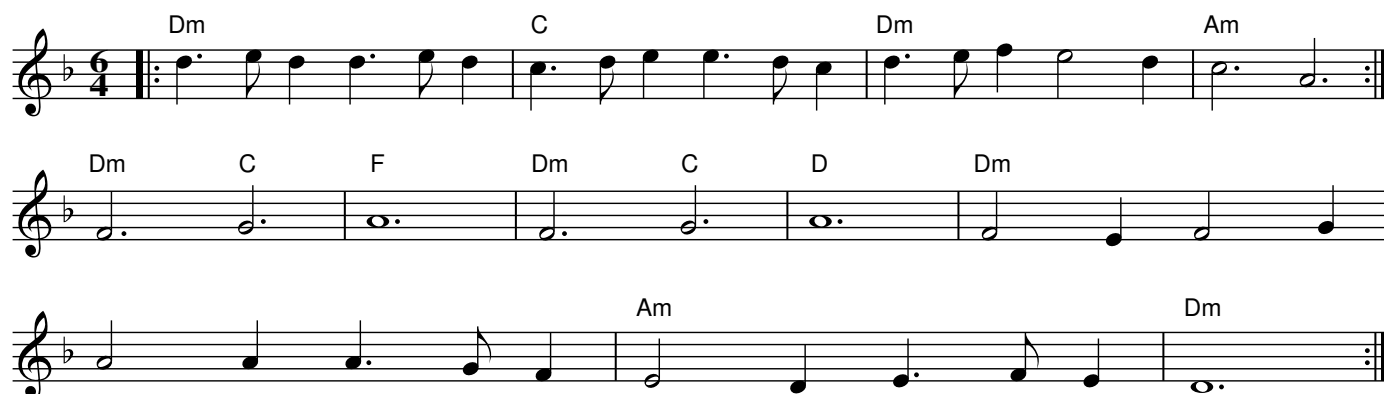
2 Am B Intro Em Am

The musical notation for 'Jenny Pluck Pears' consists of three staves. The first staff, labeled 'A', is in G major (one sharp) and 6/8 time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: Am, G, Am, Em, Am, G, Am, and Em. The second staff, labeled 'B', is also in G major and 6/8 time. It contains eight measures of music with the following chords: G, Am, Em, D, Em, Am, 1 Am, and Am. The third staff, labeled 'Intro', is in G major and 3/4 time. It contains four measures of music with the following chords: 2 Am, B, Intro, and Em, and Am. The first and second staves end with a double bar line and repeat dots, while the third staff ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

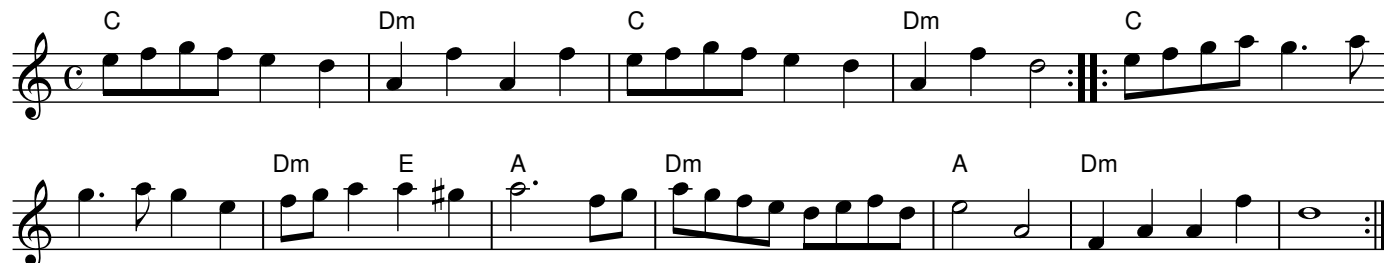
Jog On

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

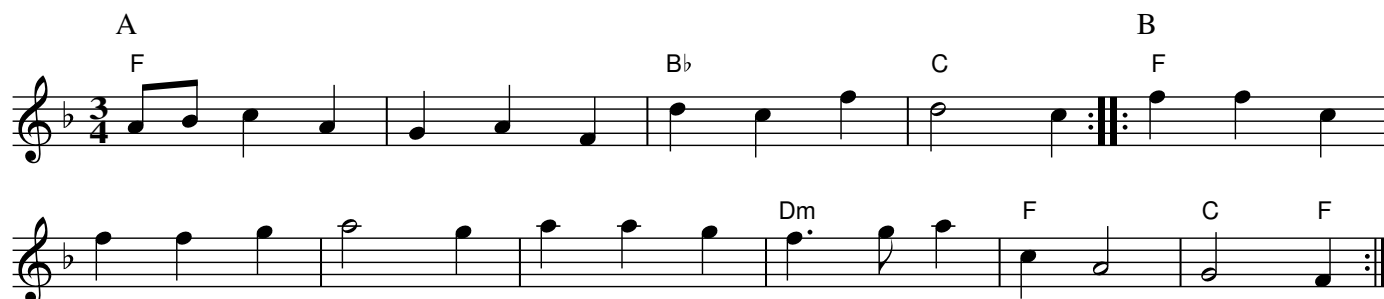
Kemp's Jig

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Kettledrum

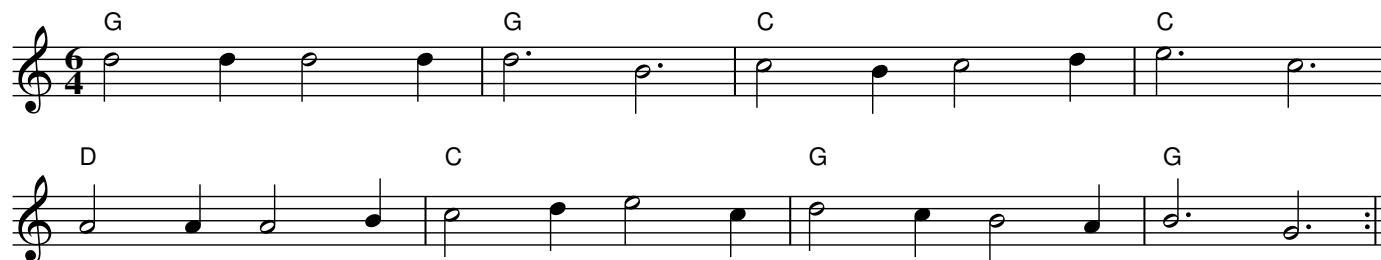
John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Lady Lie Near Me

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Lady Spellor

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

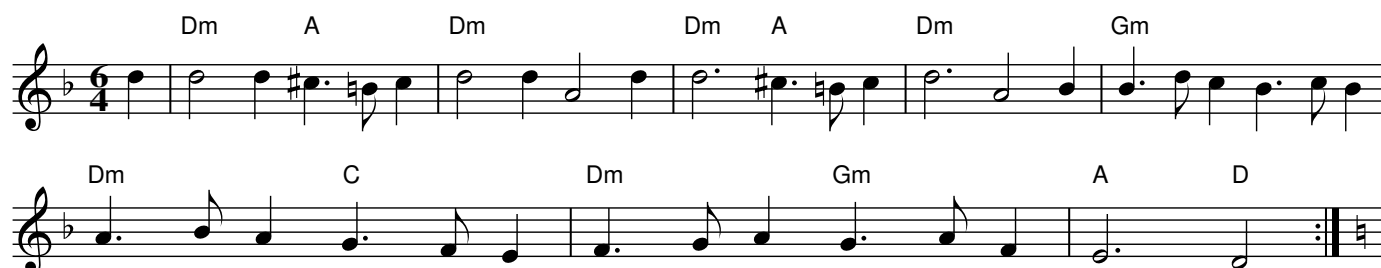


Lavena/Picking of Sticks

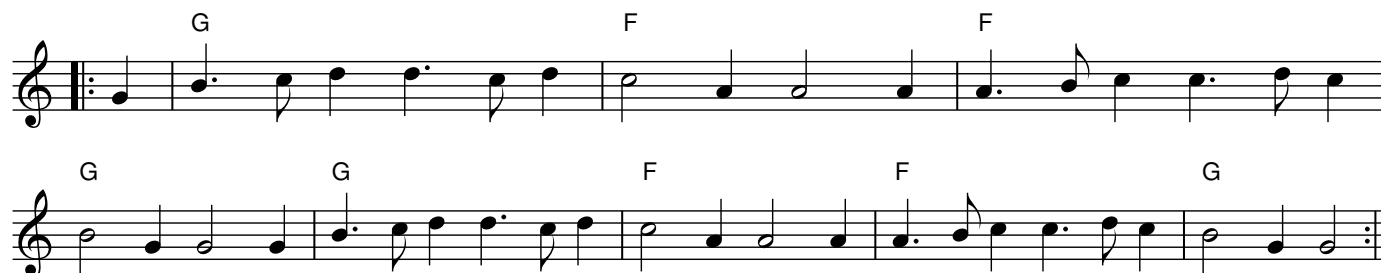
for Picking of Sticks: Ax7 Bx3 Ax7 for Lavena: repeat A

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A - Lavena



B - Picking of Sticks



Lord of Carnarvan's Jegg

Play 8 times

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



Lull Me Beyond Thee

A BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Lull Me Beyond Thee'. The first staff is in 4/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes. Chords are indicated above the staff: A, Am, Dm, E, Am. The second staff continues the melody, with a repeat sign after the first measure. Chords are: E, A, Am, Am, Dm, C, G, C, G. The third staff concludes the piece with a repeat sign. Chords are: C, G, C, G, Am, E, Am, E, A.

Mage on a Cree

14 or 12 times through

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Two staves of musical notation for the dance 'Mage on a Cree'. The first staff is in 4/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes. Chords are indicated above the staff: Gm, Gm, F, F, Gm, Bb. The second staff continues the melody, with a repeat sign after the first measure. Chords are: Gm, D, Gm, Gm, F, F, Gm, C, D, G.

Maid Peeped Out at the Window, or The Friar in the Well

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Three staves of musical notation for the dance 'Maid Peeped Out at the Window, or The Friar in the Well'. The first staff is in 3/4 time, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes. Chords are indicated above the staff: G, G, Am, Am, G, C. The second staff continues the melody, with a repeat sign after the first measure. Chords are: G, G, G, G, F, F, F. The third staff concludes the piece with a repeat sign. Chords are: F, F, Am, G, F, Am, G, F, G, G.

Maiden Lane

AABBCC x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

The Rose Tree

A G G D G G D G G D G B Am

Am E Am Am Dm E

C G G G D G D G

Merry Merry Milkmaids

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A G G G G C
 C D G D G B
 G C
 G Em G C D G
 Am D C Am D G D G G

Mundesse

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords for Mundesse:

- Staff 1: G, Am, G, D
- Staff 2: C, Am, D, G, Em, D
- Staff 3: C, A, 1 D, 2 D, Em, Bm, Em
- Staff 4: Bm, G, D
- Staff 5: G, G, C, D, G

My Lady Cullen

AABB x 4 = one progression

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords for My Lady Cullen:

- Staff 1: A, Dm, Gm, A, Dm
- Staff 2: Asus4, D, B, F, C, F, Gm, A, D

The New Bo Peep

AABB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, G, Am, G, Am, D, G

Chords: B, C, G, C

Chords: G, G, D, G

Chords: D, Em, C, G, C, D, G

The New Exchange

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Gm, D, Gm, F, Gm

Chords: D, F, Gm, Dm, Gm, D, Gm

New New Nothing

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Bb, Cm, Gm, D, Gm, Bb, Gm, F, Bb

Chords: F, F, Cm, Bb, Cm, F, Cm, Bb

Newcastle

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, G, C, G, C, G, D, G, C, G, C, G, Am, C, Am, D, G

Night Peace

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, D, Em, D, G, A, B, G, D, A, D, A, D

Nonesuch

AABB x 9 (or sometimes 11 or 15)

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, Am, B, Em, Am, Em, Am

Old Mole

11 times through

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords for 'Old Mole': C, Am, Dm, G, C, Am, G, C, Am, G, Am, G, C, Am, C, Am, G, C, F, G, Em, Am, G, C, F, G, C.

Once I Loved a Maiden Fair

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords for 'Once I Loved a Maiden Fair': D, A, D, A, A, D, G, A, D, A, A, D.

Parson's Farewell

AABB x3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords for 'Parson's Farewell': A, Am, G, F, Em, Em, B, C, G, Am, E, Am, Am.

Paul's Steeple

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Paul's Steeple is a 3/4 time piece in B-flat major. The melody is on a treble clef staff, and the bass line is on a bass clef staff. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The melody consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. The bass line consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. Chords are indicated above the notes: Gm, F, Gm, D, Bb, F, Gm, D, G.

Paul's Wharf

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Paul's Wharf is a 4/4 time piece in D major. The melody is on a treble clef staff, and the bass line is on a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. The bass line consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. Chords are indicated above the notes: D, Em, D, A, D, Em, D, A, D, Em, D, A.

Pepper's Black

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Pepper's Black is a 4/4 time piece in D major. The melody is on a treble clef staff, and the bass line is on a bass clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The melody consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. The bass line consists of 12 measures, ending with a repeat sign. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, A, D, A, D, A, G, A, G, D, A, D.

Petticoat Wag

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Gm, D, Gm, F, B $\flat$, B $\flat$, F, B $\flat$, B $\flat$, F

Chords: Gm, D, Gm, F, Gm, F, B $\flat$, F

Chords: B $\flat$, F, B $\flat$

Chords: C, Dm, Gm, D, Gm

Prince Rupert's March

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Dm, C, F, A, Dm, Gm, A, Dm, C

Chords: F, C, F, C, A, Dm, Gm, A, Dm

Punk's Delight

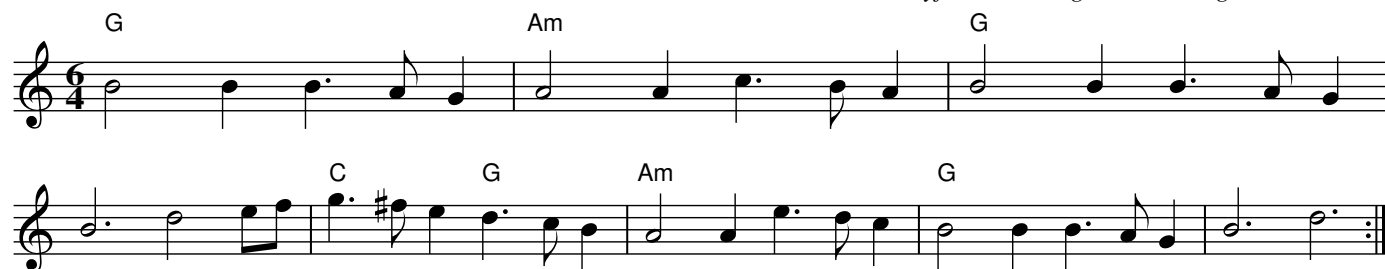
John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, D, G, D

Chords: G, B, D

Chords: G, D, G

Rose is White and Rose is Red

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Row Well Ye Mariners

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for the song "Row Well Ye Mariners". The piece is in 4/4 time and D major. It consists of five staves. The first two staves are the A section (AA), each with four measures and chords D, C, G, D, G. The next three staves are the B section (BB), each with four measures and chords G, D, G, D, G, D, G, D. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Rufty Tufty

AA BB CC x 3 or AA B CC x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

A

B

C

Saint Martins

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Am G C G C D E Em G

F Am E 1 A Am 2 A Em Am

Em C G C

G F Em Dm Am E 1 A 2 A

Saraband

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: D, Em, D, A, A, D, G, D, G, D, D, Em, D, A, A, D, G, D, G, D, A, D, A, D, A, D, A, A, D, G, A, D.

Saturday Night and Sunday Morn

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: D, A, D, Em, D, A, Em, D.

Scotch Cap

AABB x 3 or AABB x 5 or AA(BB x 3)(AABB x 2)

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, Dm, Am, G, B, Dm, G, Dm, C, Dm, Em, Dm, Em, Dm.

Shepherd's Holiday, or Labour in Vain

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Shepherd's Holiday, or Labour in Vain" in G minor, 4/4 time. The piece consists of two staves. The first staff contains measures 1 through 6, and the second staff contains measures 7 through 12. The key signature has two flats (Bb and Eb). The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and bar lines. Chord symbols are placed above the notes: Gm, Eb, F, Gm, Cm, F, Bb, Bb, F, Bb, F, and Gm.

Skellamefago

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Skellamefago" in G major, 4/4 time. The piece consists of two staves. The first staff contains measures 1 through 6, and the second staff contains measures 7 through 12. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and bar lines. Chord symbols are placed above the notes: G, C, G, D, C, G, D, Em, and G.

Slip

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for "Slip" in D major, C time. The piece consists of two staves. The first staff contains measures 1 through 6, and the second staff contains measures 7 through 12. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and bar lines. Chord symbols are placed above the notes: D, G, A, D, A, Em, B, Em, D, G, D, A, and D.

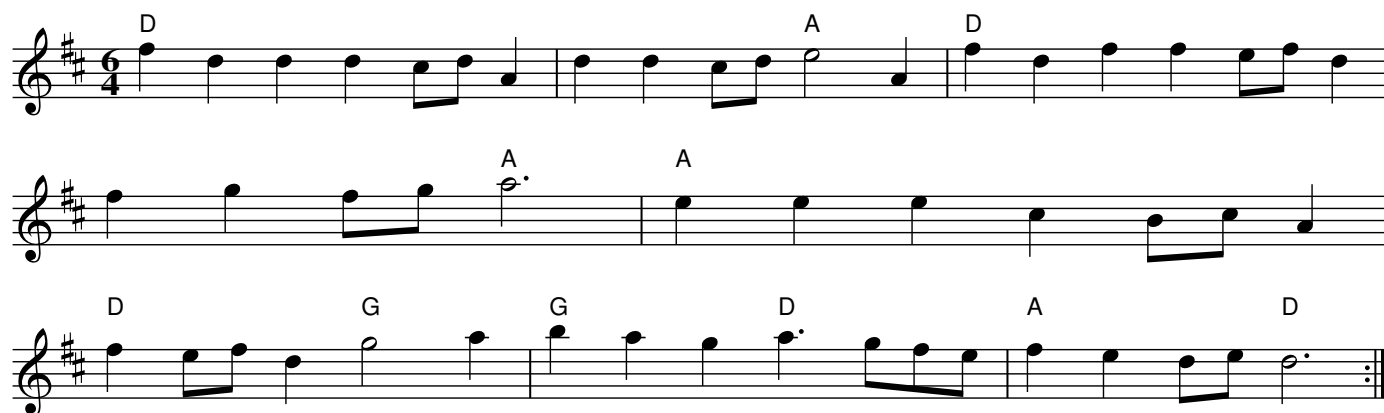
Soldier's Life

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



Spaniard

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



Spanish Gipsy

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651



Staines Morris

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: Gm, C, D, Gm, Bb, Gm, D, Gm, Gm, D, Gm, Bb, F, Gm, Bb, F, Gm, D, Gm.

Step Stately

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: F, C, Gm, F, Gm, C, C, F, F, C, F, C, Bb, Bb, F, C, Bb, F, F.

Stingo

AA BB x 3

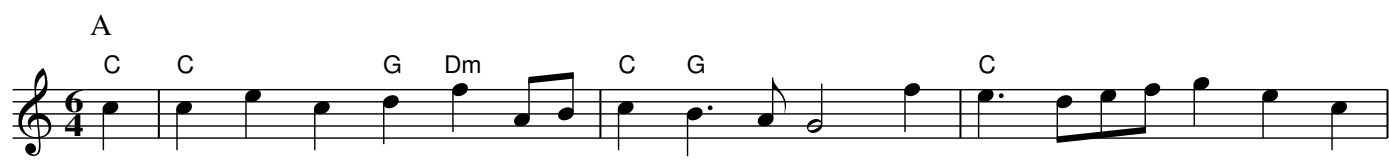
John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Chords: A, Am, G, Am, B, C, G, Am, G, C, G, Am, G, Am.

Tom Tinker

AABB x many

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651


 A
 C C G Dm C G C


 B
 G C C G C G C G C G C

Up Tails All

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651


 G Am G D G Am D G

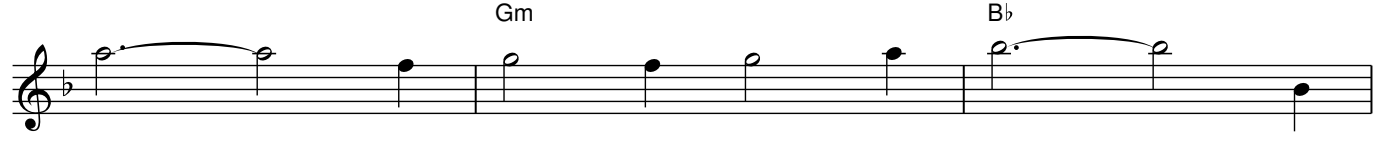
Upon a Summer's Day

AABBB x 3

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651


 A Gm Dm Gm Dsus4 Bb


 Dm Bb Gm Dm Gm B Dm


 Gm Bb


 Dm Bb Dsus4 Dm Gm (3)

for Whirlygig: Woodycock (ABB)x3 A; Whirlygig (ABBx3) A; Woodycock (ABBx3) A

Whirlygig

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for Whirlygig, 4/4 time, treble clef. The piece consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The second staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The third staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

Chord progression for Whirlygig:

- Staff 1: A (C), C, C, G, C, G
- Staff 2: C, G, B (Dm), G, C
- Staff 3: C, G, G, F, G, C, F, G, C

Wish

John Playford, the English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for Wish, 4/4 time, treble clef. The piece consists of two staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The second staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

Chord progression for Wish:

- Staff 1: G, D, G, F, G
- Staff 2: C, G, Am, G, D, G

Woodycock

John Playford, The English Dancing Master, 1651

Musical notation for Woodycock, 4/4 time, treble clef. The piece consists of three staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The second staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The third staff begins with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

Chord progression for Woodycock:

- Staff 1: A (Dm), Am, Dm, 1 Am
- Staff 2: 2 Am, B (F), Gm, Dm, Am
- Staff 3: Dm, F, Gm, Dm, Dm

Chapter 9

Other English Country Dances

This section includes a variety of other English Country dances including reconstructed music for dances from pre-Playford manuscripts as well as selected dances from later editions of Playford or later English Country dance authors that have been danced in the SCA.

The Beginning of the World or, St. Ledgers

AA B CC x 3

adapted from Sellinger's Round by William Byrd and John Playford by Henry of Maldon

A

B

C

Black Nag

AA BB x 3

John Playford, the Dancing Master, 1670

A

Am Em Am G Am G

B

Am Em Am

Em

Am E 1 Am 2 Am

Epping Forest

John Playford, the Dancing Master, 1670

Chords for Epping Forest:

- Staff 1: A, Gm, F, Gm, D, B $\flat$, F
- Staff 2: Dm, B $\flat$, F, Gm, D, C, D
- Staff 3: 1 Gm, 2 Gm, B, B $\flat$, F, B $\flat$, Dm, A
- Staff 4: Dm, C, Gm, F
- Staff 5: Gm, D, C, D, 1 Gm, 2 Gm

Female Sailor

Marche pour les Matelots

Marain Marais, Alcyone, 1706

Chords for Female Sailor:

- Staff 1: Em, B, Em, D, Em, B, Em, D
- Staff 2: Em, Em, B, Em
- Staff 3: E, Am, Em, Em, A, Em
- Staff 4: Em, B, Em, E, Am, Em, Em, B, Em

Hole in the Wall

John Playford, the Dancing Master, 1695

Chords for 'Hole in the Wall':

- Staff 1: G, D, Em, Bm, C, G
- Staff 2: Dsus4, G, G, D, Em, Bm, C, G
- Staff 3: C Dsus4, G, Em, D, B, Em, D
- Staff 4: Am, B, Em, C, D
- Staff 5: G, Am, G, D, G D, G

Jamaica

John Playford, the Dancing Master, 1670

Chords for 'Jamaica':

- Staff 1: F, Bb, F, Bb, F, Csus4, F, F
- Staff 2: Bb, F, Bb, F, Csus4, F, F, C, Bb, F
- Staff 3: Bb, Bb, F, F, C, Bb, F, Bb, F, Csus4, F

The Jumbling of Harry

AA BB x 3

*Jumbled by Henry of Maldon
for the Lovelace Ms. dance "The Jumbling of Joan"*

A

The musical notation for 'The Jumbling of Harry' consists of three staves in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff has a first ending bracket over the first two measures and a second ending bracket over the next two measures. The third staff also has a first ending bracket over the first two measures and a second ending bracket over the next two measures. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Kelsterne Gardens

John Playford, the Dancing Master, the Third Volume 1726

The musical notation for 'Kelsterne Gardens' consists of three staves in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The second staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The third staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Lightly Love

Light of Love, or Earl of Bedford

One round: AA BBB BBB; end with AA BB

16th. C English

The musical notation for 'Lightly Love' consists of three staves in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature (C). The first staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The second staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The third staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Oranges and Lemons

John Playford, the Dancing Master, 1670

Chords: D, G, (A), D, A, D, G, (A), D, A, D, G, (A), D, A, D

Prince William

Walsh c. 1731

Chords: G, D, C, G, D, G, D, G, D, Em, D, A, D, G, Am, C, D, Am, D, G, D, G, G, D, G, C, G, D, G

Sellinger's Round

AA BB x 4

William Byrd, My Ladye Nevells Booke, 1591

Chord symbols: A, G, C, C, Dm, G, C, B, C, G, G, D, G, C, D, G, G.

Trenchmore

Tomorrow the fox will come to towne

Thomas Ravenscroft, Deuteromelia, 1609

Chord symbols: G, D, G, D, G, D, G, D, G, G, C, G, D, G, D, G, F, G, D, G, D, Em, Am, D, G, D, G, D, G, D, Em, Am, D, G, F, G, D, G, D, Em, Am, D, G.

Chapter 10

Modern Folk Dances and SCA Choreography

This section includes folk dances from later traditions that are popular within the SCA as well as music for SCA choreographies in a variety of styles.

Alta Battistina

(AABBC)x4 DDD

James Blackcloak

B

C

D

Traditional

The Committee of Love headed by James Blackcloak

The musical score for "The Sound of Silence" is presented in four staves, each with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a 3/4 time signature. The chords are indicated above the notes.

Staff 1: The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature is 3/4. The notes are G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), D5 (quarter), E5 (quarter), F5 (quarter), and G5 (quarter). The chords are Gm, F, Bb, F, and Bb.

Staff 2: The second staff continues the melody. The notes are G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), D5 (quarter), E5 (quarter), F5 (quarter), and G5 (quarter). The chords are Gm, F, Bb, F, and D.

Staff 3: The third staff continues the melody. The notes are G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), D5 (quarter), E5 (quarter), F5 (quarter), and G5 (quarter). The chords are Gm, B, C, and D.

Staff 4: The fourth staff continues the melody. The notes are G4 (quarter), A4 (quarter), Bb4 (quarter), C5 (quarter), D5 (quarter), E5 (quarter), F5 (quarter), and G5 (quarter). The chords are Gm, C, D, and Gm.

Corwyn's Folly

Around the House and Mind the Dresser

Traditional

Three staves of musical notation for Corwyn's Folly. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 12/8. The notation includes various chords (D, G, A, A7, Em) and a repeat sign at the end of the second staff.

Crossed Purposes

for six couples

Johann Sebastian Bach
for dance by Sean Andreas O Wynedd

Six staves of musical notation for Crossed Purposes. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 6/8. The notation includes various chords and a repeat sign at the end of the second staff. There are first and second endings marked with '1' and '2' at the end of the sixth staff.

Ginevra Weasley

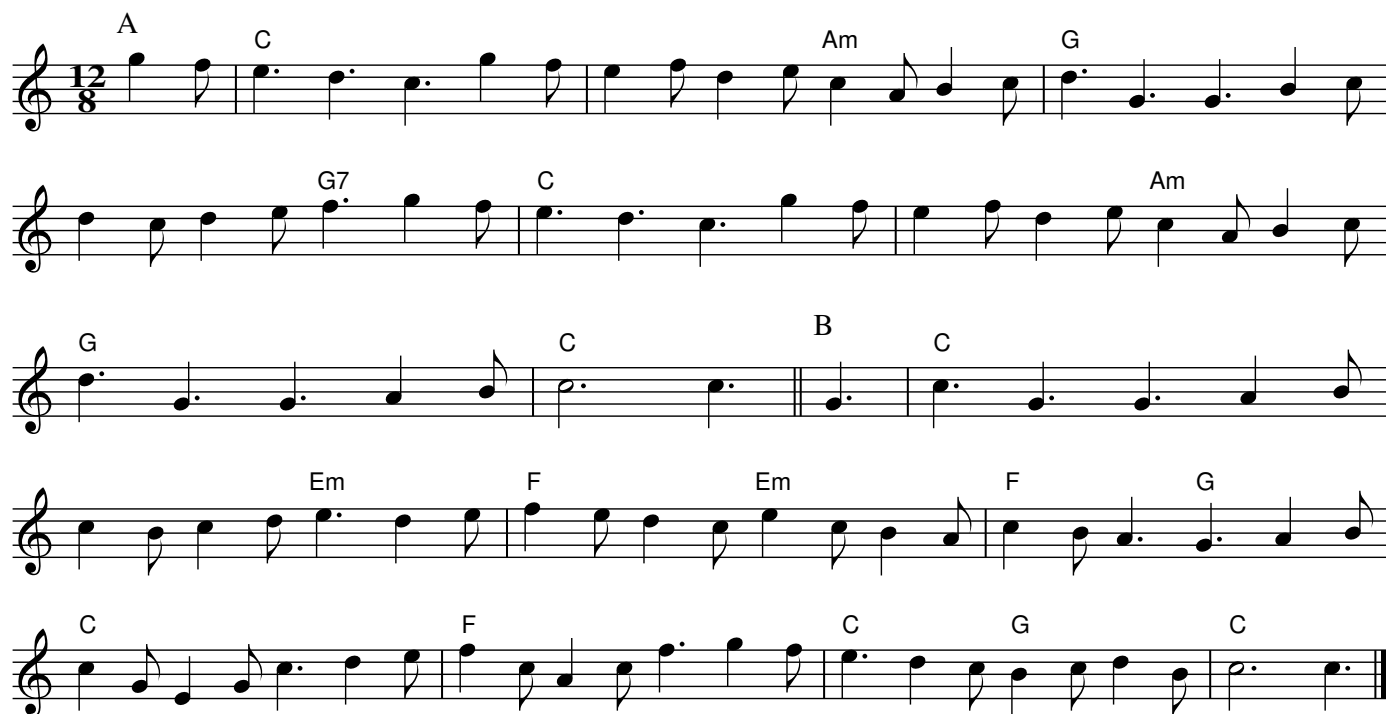
Sylvi



Heralds in Love

AB x 3

Heather Rose Jones, 1990
arr. Paul Butler



Karobushka

Ukranian Traditional

The musical score is written for guitar in E major. It consists of six staves of music. The notation includes chords (E, A5, Dm, Dm5) and various melodic lines with eighth and quarter notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Luna Amorosa

AA BB CC x3

Henry of Maldon

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It is written in 6/8 time and the key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into three systems, labeled A, B, and C. System A consists of two staves of music, with a first ending (1) and a second ending (2) indicated by brackets. System B is a single staff of music. System C consists of two staves of music, with a first ending (1) and a second ending (2) indicated by brackets. The music is written in a simple, folk-like style, using eighth and sixteenth notes.

Mairi's Wedding

Lewis Bridal Song

John Roderick Bannerman, 1934

The musical score is written on three staves in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The melody is as follows:

Staff 1: G (chord) | C (chord) | D7 (chord) |

Staff 2: G (chord) | C (chord) | D7 (chord) | G (chord) |

Staff 3: C (chord) | D7 (chord) | G (chord) | C (chord) | D7 (chord) |

The score includes repeat signs at the beginning and end of the first staff, and a double bar line with repeat dots at the end of the second staff.

Maanschaft Pavane

from the movie Henry VIII

ABC DEF DEF

D. Munrow, based upon Turkelone

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef, 8/8 time. It consists of seven staves of music. The key signature has one sharp (F#), indicating D major or B minor. The score includes various chords and melodic lines, with some sections marked with repeat signs. The chords are labeled as follows:

- Staff 1: A, A, A, Dm, F, C, F, C
- Staff 2: Gm, A, D, Dm, A, Dm, A, F, C
- Staff 3: Dm, A, Dm, C, F, C, A
- Staff 4: D, C, G, G, Em, Am, Dm, E, A
- Staff 5: D, Dm, Dm, C, F, Gm, A, Dm, E, Dm, F
- Staff 6: C, Dm, Dm, Dm, A, D
- Staff 7: F, F, C, Dm, A, A, C, Gm, A, D

Mi Amore Cadenza

AABBCC x 3 or AABBCC x 4

Gwommy Anpurpaidh & Felice Debbage, A.S. 48

Musical score for Mi Amore Cadenza in 3/4 time. The score consists of four staves of music. Chords are indicated above the notes: A (C), C, Fm, Fm, C, C, G, G, B, G, Cm, Cm, G, G, C, C, C, Cm, G, C. The piece includes first and second endings marked with '1' and '2'.

Mordred's Lullaby

AA BCBC ACBC AA

Heather Dale

Musical score for Mordred's Lullaby in 6/4 time. The score consists of five staves of music. Chords are indicated above the notes: A, B, C. The piece includes first and second endings marked with '1' and '2'.

On the Banks of the Helicon

Henry IV Plantagenet

Three staves of musical notation in G major (one sharp) and common time (C). The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: G, D7, G, C, D7, G, G7, C, /B, Am, D, A7, D, D7, G, C, G, C, D7, G. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Pennsic Dance

Emil Allzuwissender

Four staves of musical notation in G major (one sharp) and 6/8 time. The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: Am, G, Am, Am, G, Am, G, Am, G, C, Am, C, Em, G, Dm, Am, G, Dm, C, G, Am, Em, Am, G, Am, G, Am, G, Am, G, C. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Pontyplas

Un jour Dieu se resolut

10 times

Michael Corrette, Nouveau Livre de noels, 1741

Three staves of musical notation in G major (one sharp) and common time (C). The melody is written on a treble clef. Chords are indicated above the notes: G, G, D, G, G, G, D, G, Am, G, D, G, Am, G, D, G, G, D7, G, G, C, G, C, D7, G, D, G, Am, D, G. The piece ends with a double bar line.

Posten's Jig

Traditional

Old Maid at the Spinning Wheel

Old Maid at the Spinning Wheel

Ballykeale

Ballykeale

Quen Quer Que

(AB) x 8 AA

13th Century Spanish for choreography by Sion Andreas o Wynedd

A (Chorus)



B (Verse)



Road to the Isles

Scotland the Brave

Traditional

Chords: D, E7, A7, G, D

Ronde IX

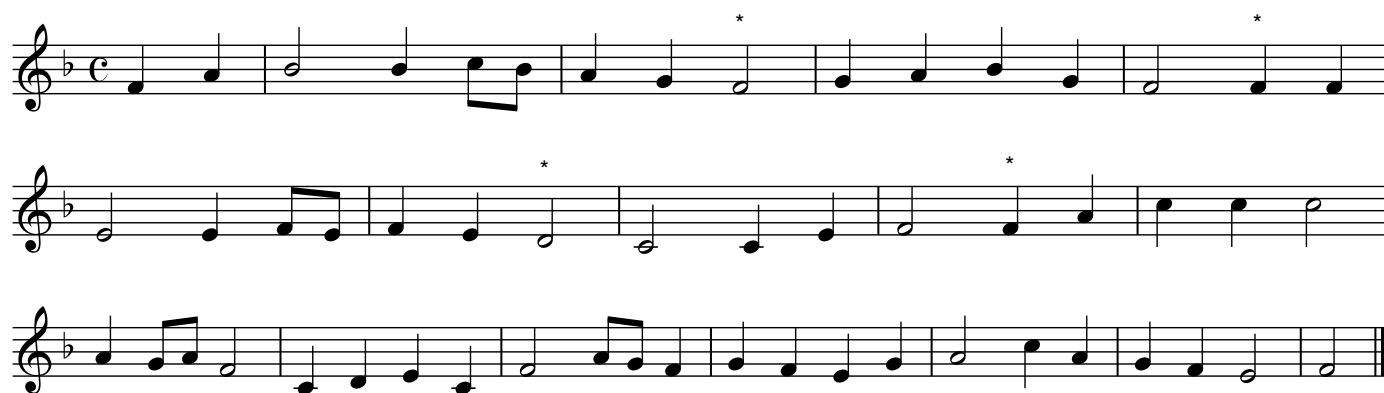
Tylman Susato

Chords: D, Am, D, G, C, F, C, G, Em, Am, D, G, Am, D, G

First Ending: 1 G E

Second Ending: 2 G E

St. Barbara's

James BlackcloakSt. Joan
Hunsdon House

St. Paul's Cathedral

Master James Blackcloak

The musical score for "St. Paul's Cathedral" is written in 3/4 time and consists of eight staves of music. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes various chords and repeat signs with first and second endings.

Staff 1: Chords: C, Dm, F, Dm, Gm, F. First ending: C.

Staff 2: Chords: Dm, C, Gm, F, Am, Gm, F, Am. Second ending: C, Gm.

Staff 3: Chords: Gm, C, F, C, Dm. First ending: C, Gm. Second ending: Gm, C.

Staff 4: Chords: Dm, F, B $\flat$, Gm, Am.

Staff 5: Chords: Dm, Gm, Am, F, C, Dm, Am. First ending: B $\flat$.

Staff 6: Chords: C, Dm, B $\flat$, C, Dm, F.

Staff 7: Chords: Gm, A, Dm, A.

Staff 8: Chords: Dm, Gm, F, C. First ending: Dm (1-4). Second ending: Dm (5).

St. Paul's Cathedral (Verse 4)

Margaret of Raynsford and Jadwiga Krzyzanowska

Dm A Dm C F
 C Dm C Dm Gm Dm Am
 Dm B $\flat$ C Gm C Dm A
 Dm C Dm C Dm F
 C B $\flat$ C Dm F C Am
 Gm Dm Am C Dm C Dm C Dm
 Dm A Dm C
 B $\flat$ C Dm Dm C Dm

Turkish Bransle

Schiarazula Marazula

Giorgio Mainerio, il Primo Libro di Balli, 1578

Gm Gm Gm Gm
 Gm Gm Gm Gm F
 F Gm Dsus4 Gm F F Gm Dsus4 G

Two Fat Ladies

Barbarini's Tambourine

Chords: G, D, G, C, D, G, D, G, C, D, D, Em, D, G, C, D, G, C, G, D, G.

Violet's Fancie

16 times through

James Blackcloak

Chords: Am, Dm, E, C, Dm, G, Am, C, B(dim), Am, G, F, Dm, C, Dm, C, Dm.

Repetition: 1-15, 16.

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